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NAVY

SPOKESMAN OF THE SERVICES
SINCE 1863

SEP 5 1940

The Defense Program

CHIEF OF STAFF

GENERAL George C. Marshall today completes his first full year as Chief of Staff of the Army—a year during which the Army under his leadership has entered into the largest peace time reorganization in its history.

It was a year ago tomorrow, the first of September, that General Marshall attained a three fold promotion, becoming a permanent major general (he was a brigadier general when he was appointed), a temporary general, and Chief of Staff of the Army, all on one day. Prior to his becoming Chief of Staff in his right, General Marshall had served two months as acting chief of staff in place of General Malin Craig who left for a leave of absence on 1 July.

Gen. G. C. Marshall

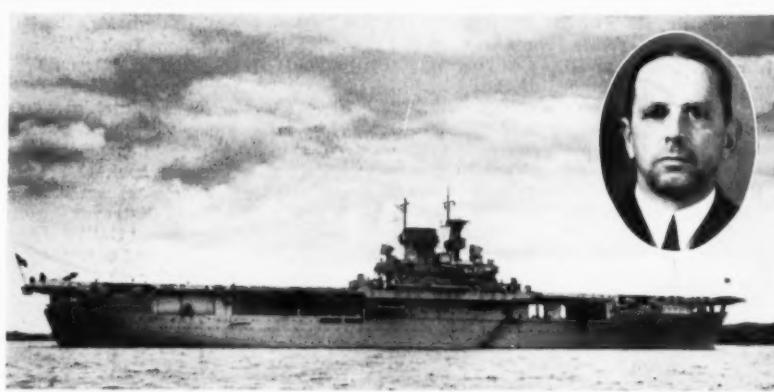
Staff in his right, General Marshall had served two months as acting chief of staff in place of General Malin Craig who left for a leave of absence on 1 July.

Before he had taken over his post the Army had been voted large sums of money for equipment and personnel expansion and it was thought that General Marshall's task would be to carry out what was then considered a large program. But a few days after he assumed office, the German Army moved into Poland, England and France declared war, President Roosevelt issued his proclamation of a National Emergency, and our Army embarked upon an era of expansion unprecedented in peace time history.

Following the President's declaration of emergency and his authorization to the Army to attain immediately the enlisted strength which it had been authorized to reach by 1 July 1940, General Marshall began putting into execution the plans for expansion. Orders were issued for the creation of GHQ reserve units, for the organization of corps troops for one troop, for five streamlined divisions. To make these efficient as soon as possible they were sent to southern training areas and thence to Louisiana and Texas for extended field exercises for corps and Army units. From these the Chief of Staff learned where the Army, its organization, its training, and its equipment were weak. The General Staff and the Chiefs of Arms and Services were put to work to correct deficiencies.

Later four more Divisions were organized, making a total of nine, and field exercises were held this summer in the four armies to strengthen the weak points discovered in the earlier maneuvers.

For the National Guard, two drills per week were directed last Fall, with week (Please turn to Page 1316)



U. S. Navy Photo.

Newest aircraft carrier goes into active commission—the USS Wasp, built at the Quincy, Mass., yards of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., at a cost of \$20,737,000 has just been placed in active commission at the Navy Yard, Boston, Mass. Capt. John W. Reeves, jr., USN, shown in inset, is commander of the vessel.

370 Reserve Aviators To go in Regular Navy

Immediately upon approval by the President of the authorization Act, Secretary of the Navy Knox announced on 27 Aug. that approximately 370 naval reserve aviators will be appointed into the line of the Navy during this fiscal year.

Under the provisions of the Naval Aviation Personnel Act of 1940, just signed by the President, the Chief executive is authorized to appoint in the line of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps, as many naval aviators of the Naval Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve as he may deem necessary.

All officers of Class A-V (N) on active duty are eligible for consideration, provided they will have completed not less than eighteen months of commissioned service on 30 June 1941. During the period of six months from the date of approval of the Act all naval aviators of the Naval Reserve, formerly of Class A-V (N), who have been released from active duty after completion of their four-year periods of required service, will be eligible without restriction as to age or continuous active service. Thereafter, and in succeeding fiscal years, only those A-V (N) officers will be eligible who will have completed not less than eighteen months continuous commissioned active service and who will be less than twenty-six years of age on 30 June of the calendar year in which appointed.

During the period of six months from the date of approval of the Act, those naval aviators of the Naval Reserve who have not undergone training as aviation cadets, but who have completed not less than one year of active duty in the Naval Reserve (or Marine Corps Reserve), will also be eligible for consideration, regardless of their ages. Officers appointed from among this group will be additional numbers in the grade to which appointed, and in any grade to which they may thereafter be promoted.

Pay and Promotion
In computing the pay of officers ap-
(Please turn to Page 1302)

Army and Navy Journal Enters 78th Year

As the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, with this issue, completes seventy-seven years of publication, it wishes to acknowledge the many kind messages of congratulations it has received.

General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff of the Army, addressed to the JOURNAL the following birthday message:

"My congratulations to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL on the seventy-seventh anniversary of its publication. Organized in the midst of a great American crisis, its long record has been one of service to the military forces; we may be certain that it will continue to be of great assistance during this present critical period."

Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, sent the following message:

"In its seventy-seven years of publication, the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL has seen the Navy progress from wooden ships and sails to the modern, high-powered battleships. During all this time the JOURNAL has been of real service to the Army and Navy and to the public in general. On this anniversary of its founding, the Navy extends its best wishes and its hopes for many more years of continuous success."

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, with this issue, completes its seventy-seventh year of service to the services, having uninterrupted since 29 Aug. 1863 presented to the officers and men of the armed forces of the United States the factual information concerning their chosen profession.

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, conceived in the midst of a national strife that resulted in the welding together into one nation the greatest democracy extant, has, through the years, provided the essential editorial medium of a democratic armed force.

Founded by Col. William C. Church, the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL has constantly adhered to an editorial policy that has won for it the esteem and confidence of generation after generation of (Please turn to Page 1303)

ONE YEAR, SERVICE INDIVIDUALS \$4.00
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Problems of Guard's Active Status Studied

Legal authority for the induction of the National Guard into Federal Service having been completed when the President affixed his signature to the measure on 27 Aug., the War Department was busy this week ironing out the details necessary to assure smooth operation of the largest peace-time mobilization in the history of the United States.

Next step is the procurement of the funds necessary to transport, feed, pay, and clothe the entire National Guard in the Federal Service. This probably will be done by means of an appropriation to be initiated with Budget estimates which the President will send to Congress. Should these funds not be forthcoming in time for the induction of the first priority group it is probable that money may be transferred from other War Department appropriations, such as the balance remaining to the credit of the National Guard Bureau. There is also a possibility that the President may allot some of the money appropriated in the National Defense bill for use at his discretion. Already he has turned over to the War Department \$29,000,000 of this fund for the purpose of initiating construction at the tent camps and cantonments necessary for the reception of the National Guard.

In order that enlisted men and junior officers of the National Guard who have dependents to support may not be brought into the service if they have no other means of income, the bill contains a provision that any member below the rank of captain who is ordered into the service and who has any person or persons dependent solely upon him for support, and who has no other means of support except the wages or other compensation for personal services that he earns, may resign or shall be discharged upon his own request made within 20 days of his entry in the active military service.

While this provision permitting resignations and discharges in cases of dependency is written into the law, it is known that the War Department has been working to this end for some time, because letters have gone out to the State officials suggesting, and even urging, that enlisted men with dependents be relieved prior to induction so that they may be replaced by the States.

General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, stated that it is the intention to be very liberal about permitting the discharge of men who have dependents. Likewise, he said, efforts will be made to relieve men who hold key posts in industries. "It is very important to us," he said, "that when men occupy positions in industry they be not carried out by this measure because he would later on have to send them back, which would mean that we would train the man and then lose his service. So we want to avoid all those readjustments so far as it is possible to do so."

This concern over withdrawing men from essential industries has been communicated to the State officials who are now engaged in replacing such men prior to induction.

The Act also attempts to protect the (Please turn to Page 1303)

Editors Discuss Ambassador Bullitt's Speech of Warning to America

Perhaps no utterance of an administration official has aroused as much discussion within recent weeks as did the speech at Independence Hall in Philadelphia, when William C. Bullitt, American Ambassador to the late French Republic, declared that the United States is in definite danger of invasion by the axis powers if England should lose the Battle of Britain.

As isolationist Senators took the floor to denounce Bullitt for "treason" in his statements, the Charlotte, N. C., *News* (Dem.), leaped to his defense, citing the speech of General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, and the statements of Admiral Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, and Secretary of State Hull, and declaring that if Bullitt "is mistaken, so are all of these and many millions who believe in their knowledge and judgment. And if he is a traitor, so are these also." However, the *Globe-Democrat*, of St. Louis, Mo., while believing that "the general purpose of his talk merits unanimous approval," opposed the sale of destroyers to Britain, saying, "It would place the United States in the position of becoming a belligerent ally of Britain, when we are manifestly in no position to undertake our own defense."

Describing Bullitt as "not one of the more impressive officials of the New Deal," the Wheeling, W. Va., *Intelligencer*, (Rep.) declared that the proposal to sell destroyers "is, we repeat, equivalent to demand for an act of war. For that is exactly what Mr. Bullitt's proposal is." The southern papers appear to be the most belligerent, the Atlanta, Ga., *Constitution*, (Dem.), writing, "The first line of American defense is England and the British empire. This is so self-evident that it should need no further definition. For it is plain fact that, if Britain falls, America is next in line for Nazi aggression." The *Constitution* goes on to point out the need of the British navy for light surface craft to insure supplies and lines of communication, and cites the Gallup poll (61-39) to indicate the approval of the American people for the destroyer transfer. Citing Mr. Bullitt's warning that the people should write their Congressmen wanting to know "what are our duties, not what are our privileges," under the democratic system, the *New York Times*, (ID), warns, "Our own history in the next few years will be happier if our people act, and act now, in the spirit of Mr. Bullitt's warning." The Philadelphia, Pa., *Inquirer* (Ind.), devotes fourteen paragraphs to approving generally of Mr. Bullitt's sentiments, meanwhile observing that "we should have been pleased if Mr. Bullitt had modified some of his more heated phrases and been less emotional in his delivery," and commenting "Inevitably the thought arises that it would be well for those holding important posts under the

Second Corps Area

Ft. Dix, N. J.

Bids for the construction of buildings and utilities for the Recruit and Reception Center and the Divisional Cantonnement area was opened on Wednesday, 28 Aug. When this award has been made all work will be completed in ninety days.

Maj. W. A. Sexton, FA-Res., 166-244th Avenue, Flushing, N. Y., and Maj. Harry C. Chuck, FA-Res., 351 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., arrived on Saturday, 24th Aug. for a year's active duty with the 1229th Service Command at Ft. Dix.

Mrs. H. C. Brenizer, the wife of Major Brenizer, of Ft. Slocum, N. Y., is spending several days at the Officers' Club, Ft. Dix. Major Brenizer is the Executive Officer of the Recruit and Reception Center.

Ft. Du Pont, Del.

The 1st Engineer Battalion and the 70th Engineer Company are expected to return to their home station on the 27th and 28th respectively. Both organizations have been participating in First Army Maneuvers in Northern New York State.

Company B, 1st Engineer Battalion left Ft. Du Pont on 8 July for Ft. Devens, Mass., where it participated in the training of Organized Reserves leaving there on 29 July for the maneuver area where it was joined by the rest of the battalion and will return to Ft. Du Pont with the 1st Engineer Battalion.

The Mine Planter Joseph Henry docked at Ft. Du Pont on 21 August and unloaded supplies for Battery A, 21st Coast Artillery, which was activated the 1st of the months and is now receiving recruits.

Recruits are also being received for the 1st Engineer Battalion and the 70th Engineer Company both having depleted in strength by transfer of Cadres to newly organized Engineer Units.

Ft. Hancock, N. J.

The 245th Coast Artillery (NYNG), now in training at Ft. Hancock, has been severely handicapped throughout the entire past week by adverse weather conditions. Rain, fog and general low visibility have combined to defeat every effort made to meet the extensive firing program which had been drawn up. The time has not been wasted however, as the rank and file of this fine old regiment have utilized every available minute in developing fire control technique, drill proficiency and general artillery skill. It is the universal opinion of every qualified observer that these units will give a fine account of

themselves whenever conditions make it possible for them to fire.

Mitchel Field, N. Y.

Twenty enlisted students graduated from the Roosevelt Aviation School, 22 Aug., completing a six months course in airplane mechanics.

Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Col. Vernon G. Olsmith visited this post 20 Aug., en route to Canton, N. Y., in connection with impending move of the 28th Infantry, from Ft. Niagara and Ft. Ontario to Camp Jackson, S. C.

The 3rd Battalion, 28th Infantry, stationed here, expects to make this move about 10 Sept.

The 243rd Coast Artillery, Pennsylvania National Guard and the 244th Coast Artillery, New York National Guard, arrived 22 Aug. for a week's firing at Johnson's Farm near Ft. Ontario.

Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

Building Number 74, this station, CMTC Mess Hall, was partially destroyed by fire during the evening of Friday, 16 Aug., with resultant damage to building and contents of approximately \$15,000. Prompt action by the Post Fire Department, ably assisted by the local, Plattsburg, N. Y., fire department, confined the blaze to the building in which it was originally discovered.

Lt.-Col. William F. Lee, Inf., on duty in the office of the Chief of Infantry, visited the Post on 18 Aug. Lt.-Col. Lee is an observer with the First Army.

Col. Robert McCormack, Res., publisher of the *Chicago Herald-Tribune*, arrived in Plattsburg on 18 Aug. as a visitor to the First Army Maneuvers. Col. McCormack arrived in his privately owned amphibian.

Retired Officers Assoc.

The Retired Officers' Association of the U. S. Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey and Public Health Service, with Headquarters in Los Angeles, Calif., advise that recently it has increased its Roster by the following new members or contributors:

U. S. Army—Maj. J. B. Lowry, Lt. Col. Hugh J. Knerr, Lt. Col. W. A. McCathran, Col. H. C. Williams and Col. John W. Hyatt.

U. S. Navy—Lt. Thomas H. Murphy, Lt. Comdr. Thomas M. Leavy, Lt. Comdr. John G. Davis, Lt. William F. Jones (SC) and Comdr. Hayden H. Smith.

U. S. Marine Corps—1st Lt. James Rockwell and Maj. J. D. O'Leary.

U. S. Coast Guard—Comdr. Fred A. Hunnewell.

Federal government to refrain from issuing unnecessarily pointed statements of imminent potentialities of trouble with other nations, at least until such time as we have put our own house in order and prepared ourselves to meet any challenge." The *Inquirer* closes with a reiteration of the Theodore Roosevelt "big stick" philosophy. The New York *Daily Mirror*, (1), devoted little or no part of its editorial to the speech itself, but spent itself on a personal attack on Mr. Bullitt, charging that he "wrote the blackest page in American diplomacy" in connection with his activities in Russia following the recognition of the USSR. The Washington, D. C., *Star*, (1) saw in the speech a reply to the demand of Presidential candidate Willkie that the administration take the people into its confidence concerning the true state of the emergency confronting the Western Hemisphere. The *Star* declares that Mr. Bullitt may be mistaken, he may be in error, many people may disagree with him, but regardless he must be accepted as a man who has seen the events of the last few months transpire, and comments, "It was his patriotic duty to speak frankly, and it is disturbing in the extreme that he should be accused of 'conduct little short of treason' for so doing." * * * If it be treason for Mr. Bullitt to urge this nation to prepare to meet a danger that he considers to be real * * * the time has come when it is useless to talk about defending America." Declares the New York *Herald Tribune*, (1R), "The evidence is overwhelming that he is right." * * * He spoke from the horse's mouth. That may be why the isolationists, in reply, seek to discredit his words by discrediting the man himself. In such a crisis as the present these men are discrediting themselves rather than Mr. Bullitt." The St. Louis, Mo., *Post-Dispatch*, ranges itself alongside the New York *Mirror* in attacking Mr. Bullitt personally. The *Post Dispatch* describes him as "Orson Welles Bullitt," declares that America is fully aware of the danger, opposes the transfer of destroyers to Britain, and states, "This great and powerful and intelligent nation does not need the outpourings of the Administration's Boy Scouts, of which Mr. Bullitt is the most notable and juvenile example, to remind it in frenzied terms that the world is in flames." Writes the Akron, Ohio, *Beacon-Journal*, (1R), "State Department sanction for an analysis is frenzied as Bullitt's is disconcerting to say the least. The Department's indirect approval of the proposed destroyer deal is incredible." In contrast, the opinion of the Asheville, N. C., *Citizen*, "Unlike some of his more tactless and impulsive fellow-diplomats who have blurted out indiscretions in recent weeks, Bullitt was not talking out of turn. His speech was obviously written with great care." * * * Ambassador Bullitt is right, tragically right." The editorial goes on to sanction conscription and sale of destroyers to Britain.

Aviation Medicine

The following medical officers who have been pursuing a basic course of instruction at the School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Texas, were graduated as Aviation Medical Examiners 24 Aug. They are assigned to the station appearing after each name:

Maj. Ellis M. Altfather, Ft. Logan, Colo.
Capt. Richard L. Bohannon, Langley Field, Va.

Capt. William F. Cook, MacDill Field, Fla.
Capt. Charles F. Haughey, Mitchel Field, N. Y.

Capt. John R. McGraw, McChord Field, Wash.

Capt. John Brumato, Maxwell Field, Ala.
1st Lt. Charles E. Melcher, Langley Field, Va.

1st Lt. Hanes M. Fowler, Langley Field, Va.
1st Lt. Joseph Nagle, Langley Field, Va.

1st Lt. Frank A. Warner, (Res.), Langley Field, Va.

1st Lt. John R. McBride, Mitchel Field, N. Y.

1st Lt. John T. Martin, Mitchel Field, N. Y.

1st Lt. Norman C. Veale, Maxwell Field, Ala.

1st Lt. Elwood E. Baird, Randolph Field, Tex.

1st Lt. Julius J. Snyder, March Field, Calif.

1st Lt. Dan B. Searey, Kelly Field, Tex.

1st Lt. Carl B. Stilson, Kelly Field, Tex.

1st Lt. Mamah R. Hathaway, Kelly Field, Tex.

1st Lt. Marion F. Green, Lowry Field, Colo.

1st Lt. George A. Puck, Lowry Field, Colo.

1st Lt. Charles C. Seaman, Patterson Field, Ohio.

1st Lt. Robert Loughmiller, Ft. Sill, Okla.

1st Lt. Joseph A. Rosch, Patterson Field, Ohio.

1st Lt. Hallman E. Sanders, Chanute Field, Ill.

1st Lt. EH B. Harter, Chanute Field, Ill.

1st Lt. James W. Brown, Hamilton Field, Calif.

1st Lt. George S. Boyer, Ft. Riley, Kan.

1st Lt. Carl W. Hall, Barksdale Field, La.

1st Lt. Raymond C. Stiles, Puerto Rico Dept.

1st Lt. Roger L. O'Toole, Scott Field, Ill.

1st Lt. Hayden W. Withers, Scott Field, Ill.

1st Lt. Vicente C. Javier, Philippine Army.

The introductory remarks were made by Lt. Col. Fabian L. Pratt, M. C., Com-

mandant of the School of Aviation Medi-

cine, presided at the exercises, and Capt.

Norman W. White delivered the principal address. Capt. Walter A. Carlson, M. C., presented the certificates of graduation.

Chaplain E. J. Griffin delivered the invocation and Chaplain H. A. Rinard de-

livered the benediction.

H. A. Rinard. A number of distinguished guests, relatives and friends of the student officers were present.

The following enlisted men who have been pursuing a routine course of instruction at the School of Aviation Medicine were graduated as Flight Surgeons' Technicians on 24 Aug. and are assigned to the station appearing after each name:

S. Sgt. John D. Wollaston, Barksdale Field, La.

Sgt. Ruel Young, Randolph Field, Tex.

Cpl. Donald H. Motzko, McChord Field, Wash.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Alvin M. Beckius, McChord Field, Wash.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Edward Cholewinski, Langley Field, Va.

Pvt. 1st Cl. John Churney, Jr., Langley Field, Va.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Robert R. Miller, Jr., Patterson Field, O.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Robbello, Patterson Field, Calif.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Allen T. Thompson, Barksdale Field, La.

Pvt. Lloyd O. Brentlinger, Hamilton Field, Calif.

Pvt. Coy W. Bryan, March Field, Calif.

Pvt. 1st Cl. Carl R. Kopp, Selfridge Field, Mich.

Pvt. Harold D. Charland, Selfridge Field, Mich.

Pvt. Carl E. Clausen, MacDill Field, Fla.

Pvt. Horace C. Eldridge, March Field, Calif.

Pvt. Raymond Holbrook, Langley Field, Va.

Pvt. Loren E. Moore, Scott Field, Ill.

Pvt. Martin Nick, Moffett Field, Calif.

Pvt. John R. Podraza, Mitchel Field, N. Y.

Pvt. Jessie C. Snell, Maxwell Field, Ala.

Lt. Colonel Fabian L. Pratt, M. C., Com-

mandant of the School of Aviation Medi-

cine, presided at the exercises, and Capt.

Norman W. White delivered the principal address.

The board of trustees announced that General Singleton will assume the post left vacant last month by the death of Col. Guido F. Verbeck.

General Singleton, who will retire from the army 31 Aug. stated at Ft. Benning that "Although this acceptance will take me away from my home and friends, I felt the appointment was an offer for service and contribution to a large group of young men which I could not well decline."

Gen. Singleton Heads School

Brig. Gen. Asa L. Singleton, Infantry School commandant, will become superintendant of Manlius, widely known military school, on 1 Oct. 1940.

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Enlisted Men as Reserve Officers

The War Department this week approved a policy which will provide for placing on active duty as Reserve Officers a number of enlisted men of the Regular Army who hold commissions in the Reserve Corps.

While thousands of reserve officers have been placed on extended active duty, the War Department has thus far declined to approve applications of Regular Army enlisted men for such duty.

Under the new determination, however, it is definitely stated that such men will be given active duty as part of the National Guard and Selective Service training program. They will be selected in proportion to the numbers required for each of the commissioned grades. It is stated definitely that at the expiration of their tour of active duty as reserve officers they will be permitted to return to their enlisted status in the same grade or rating they held at the time they went on active duty as reservists.

It is said that orders to this class of reserves will be issued as soon as the funds for the activation of the National Guard and Selective Service training are appropriated.

The War Department has sent the following letter to Corps Area Commanders and Branch Chiefs:

"1. For the purpose of planning only, you are advised that it is contemplated that the provision of paragraph 55b, Army Regulation 10-5, which prohibits the call to active duty of warrant officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, under their reserve commissions, will be suspended if and when Senate Joint Resolution 286, 76th Congress, which authorizes the President to order members and units of Reserve components and retired personnel of the Regular Army into active military service, is enacted into law.

"2. The provisions of paragraph 2, letter 16 210-31, ORC, (6-24-40) M-M, dated 24 June 1940, will govern the selection of reserve officers of this category for extended active duty.

"3. No additional funds are now available for this purpose and all reserve officers of this category called to active duty must be within the allotment previously made.

"4. a. Warrant Officers (1) Recommendations for the discharge of warrant officers for the purpose of accepting extended active duty under their Reserve commission will be referred to the War Department for action. Attention is invited to paragraph 55c (1), AR 10-5 as published in Circular No. 80, War Dept. 1939. (2) Vacancies caused by the discharge of Warrant officers will be filled by the War Department.

"b. (1) Enlisted men. The discharge of enlisted men on the active list for the purpose of accepting extended active duty as reserve officers is governed by paragraph 55c (3) AR 10-5 as published in Circular No. 80, War Dept. 1939. (2) The final endorsement of the service record will show that the enlisted man is discharged for the convenience of the government to report for active duty as a reserve officer. (3) Vacancies caused by the discharge of enlisted men for this purpose will be filled by promotion under existing regulations.

"4. (4) Applications of retired enlisted men for active duty under their reserve commission will be forwarded to the War Department for action.

"5. Except for cogent reasons, warrant officers and enlisted men will be assigned to extended active duty at stations other than those at which serving at time of discharge.

"6. The above will become effective only upon further advice from this office."

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Complete list of the location, proposed strength, and contemplated construction at tent camps and cantonments under Army training program?

Promotions in Quartermaster Corps, Ordnance Department, and Signal Corps under new increases in grades and ratings?

Forecast of Army promotion list advancements under new bill?

New classification for Naval Communication Reserve?

Full text of Admiral Richardson's letter on Naval Aviation?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You can not get this information from any other source.

Temporary Army Promotions

In passing the supplementary Defense appropriation bill on 29 Aug., the Senate included a provision giving immediate authority for the temporary promotion of officers of the Regular Army for the duration of the emergency. Authority for temporary promotion of officers of the National Guard and Reserves already is on the statute books.

The provision on the appropriation bill as it passed the Senate reads: "In time of war or national emergency determined by the President any officer of the Regular Army may be appointed to higher temporary grade without vacating his permanent appointment." The bill now goes to conference, where it is considered quite likely that the House conferees will accept the amendment.

The amendment accomplishes the same purpose as S. 4207, sponsored by the War Department, which bill has been reported out by the Senate Military Affairs Committee but has not been taken up in the Senate. The House Military Committee has taken no action on it. It is understood that upon the granting of authority the War Department will promote about 57 officers to general officers grades and will make all first lieutenants captains.

Temporary promotions under the bill would be by selection and not necessarily by seniority.

Decorations Awarded

The War Department announces the following award of Distinguished Flying Cross:

"George E. Price, captain, AC, USA. For extraordinary achievement while participating in an aerial flight on 6 Jan. 1940 at Buffalo, N. Y. When a structural failure in the new type airplane in which he was making a high speed power calibration test resulted in the malfunctioning of the landing gear, causing the wheels to become locked in a partially retracted position, Captain Price, with complete disregard of his personal safety, and despite the failure of his radio transmitter, decided to make a wheelup landing rather than abandon the airplane. After signifying his intention to land to officials in the control tower of the airport, and being advised by one-way radio to land off the runway in snow about a foot deep, he made a power approach at a high angle, shut off all battery and ignition switches, and made a successful crash landing at the point indicated without material damage to the airplane. The courage, sound judgment and skill displayed by Captain Price on this occasion were instrumental in saving to the Government the benefit of the two years of intensive research and development which the airplane represented."

The following were awarded Silver Stars:

"Charles F. Williams, colonel, CWR, then first lieutenant, Chemical Warfare Service, USA. "For gallantry in action at Beaumont, France, 9 Nov. 1918."

"Nathan L. Aldrich, formerly corporal, Headquarters Company, 309th FA, 78th Division, AEF. "For gallantry in action in the Bois des Loges, France, 1 Nov. 1918."

Selective Service Bill

The bill authorizing employment of the Selective Service compulsory military training system has been passed by the Senate, by a vote of 58-31 and reported favorably by the House Military Affairs Committee. House approval by Friday 6 Sept. has been forecast by administration leaders.

The House bill, while similar to the Senate version, differs in that the Senate bill calls for the registration and subjection to service of men between the ages of 21 and 31, while the House bill spreads this span to include men between the ages of 21 and 45. Again, the Senate bill provides authority for the President to take over private manufacturing establishments in the event that the owners will not come to terms with the Government concerning defense contracts, while the House version contains no such power.

It is estimated that some 24,000,000 men would be eligible under the House language, while about half this number, or 12,000,000 would be eligible under the Senate approved clause. With regard to the provision concerning the commandeering of private plants, the House committee has agreed to permit amendment from the floor in this respect. The House committee approved the bill by a 20 to 4

vote. There are 25 members on the House committee.

The House rules committee has voted to limit debate on the bill to two days. It will probably be taken up on Tuesday and voted on by Friday.

Following is the Senate vote on the universal service measure:

Yays—58; Andrews, Autin, Bailey, Bankhead, Barbour, Barkley, Bone, Bridges, Burke, Byrd, Byrnes, Caraway, Chandler, Chavez, Connally, Ellender, George, Gerry, Glass, Green, Guffey, Gurney, Hale, Harrison, Hatch, Hayden, Herring, Hill, Hughes, King, Lee, Lodge, Lucas, McKeith, Malone, Mead, Miller, Minton, Neely, O'Mahoney, Overton, Pepper, Pittman, Radcliffe, Reynolds, Russell, Schwartz, Sheppard, Slattery, Smathers, Stewart, Thomas, Okla., Thomas, Utah, Townsend, Vandenberg, Van Nuys, Walsh, Wiley.

Nays—31; Adams, Ashurst, Brown, Bulow, Capper, Clark, Idaho, Clark, Mo., Danaher, Davis, Donahay, Downey, Holt, Johnson, Calif., Johnson, Colo., LaFollette, Lundeen, McCarran, Murray, Norris, Nye, Schewelbach, Shipstead, Smith, Taft, Thomas, Idaho, Townsend, Vandenberg, Van Nuys, Walsh, Wheeler, Wiley.

Not voting—7: Billings, Frazier, Gibson, Gillette, Holman, McNary, Reed.

Pass Appropriation Bill

The Senate on Thursday, 29 August, passed the \$5,133,628,277 Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation bill.

Engineers and Quartermaster Corps

The Senate added an amendment as follows: "The Secretary of War may allocate to the Corps of Engineers any of the construction works in their usual line required to carry out the national defense program and may transfer to that agency the funds necessary for the execution of the works so allocated."

Senator McKellar, sponsor of the amendment told the Senate that the amendment permits the Secretary of War to transfer funds appropriated to the Quartermaster Corps for construction to the Engineer Corps when it is determined that the Engineer Corps could do the work more effectively. He said "The Secretary of War should certainly have the power to allot funds either to the Quartermaster Corps or to the Corps of Engineers, if the work can be done better by one or the other organization." Senator Vandenberg observed that "there has always been a rather severe controversy relating around this subject, and that this is the first time the Quartermaster Corps has lost and the first time the Corps of Engineers has won."

Senator McKellar replied, "This is one of many controversies that arise in the various departments."

Naval Commands

In another amendment, the Senate eliminated the proviso of appropriation law contained in every Navy appropriation act since 1922 which provides that any officer commanding a naval district must also command a navy yard, naval training station or naval operating base in that district. Separate legislation to accomplish this is enroute through Congress, but if the House conferees accept the Senate amendment, the separate legislation will become unnecessary.

The Senate also agreed to an appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the construction of a gigantic graving dock in New York Harbor to be completely owned by the Government.

Fort Story Expands

One of the final steps toward the reactivation of Fort Story, Va., as a Coast Artillery post was taken this week as Lt. Col. Dale D. Hinman, CAC, took command to direct the work of preparing the post to receive additional Regular Army and National Guard increments to strengthen the Chesapeake Bay defenses.

Colonel Hinman took over from Maj. Edward W. Timberlake, CAC, who had been in charge of the post since activity was renewed in the latter part of July. At present, six batteries of the 71st Coast Artillery Regiment are stationed at the fort. Enlisted personnel totals almost seven hundred.

Colonel Hinman's most recent assignment was in the Office of the Chief of Coast Artillery, in Washington. Work is being rushed to clear additional space at

the fort to house National Guard units that will be ordered there for training when the President invokes the power granted him by Congress to call out units of the Guard for a year's intensive training. Guardsmen will be quartered in tents until barracks can be provided for them. Construction of a bachelor officers quarters is underway. Maj. A. Spaulding, CAC, is post adjutant, and was on hand to greet the new Commanding Officer.

Air Reserve Active Duty

In a new policy laid down by the War Department it is stated that all graduates of the Air Corps Training Center will be required to accept extended active duty. The new policy was announced as follows:

"All graduates of the Air Corps Training Center will be required to accept extended active duty under Section 5 of the Act approved 3 April 1939, upon being appointed second lieutenants in the Air Corps Reserve.

"Applications of Air Corps Reserve officers called to extended active duty under Section 5 of the Act approved 3 April 1939, for relief from extended active duty prior to having completed their current one year tour of duty will not be favorably considered.

"Air Corps Reserve officers accepting detail to foreign service will be required, prior to departing from the continental United States, to sign an agreement to serve not less than two years on such foreign service. Applications of Air Corps Reserve officers on foreign service for relief from extended active duty, prior to having completed their foreign service tour, will not be favorably considered."

Nat. Guard and Reserve Studies

No decision has been reached as to whether or not the Special Course for Reserve and National Guard Officers will be held at the Command and General Staff School during the Fiscal Year 1941. However, should this course be held, the Department announces the following policies:

"a. No officer will be eligible unless he has creditably completed the 40-series extension course of his own arm or service and, within five years preceding the opening date of the Special Course, the entire Part I (six sub-courses) of the Command and General Staff School Extension Course. In lieu of the entire Part I and within two years of the opening date of the course, there shall have been completed one of the following:

"(1) Subcourses 1, 2, and 3 of Part I, Command and General Staff School Extension Course (Section XVIII, announcement of Army Extension Courses, 1939-40), OR

"(2) Common Subcourses Nos. 4, 18, 21, and 23, Combat Orders and the Solution of Problems, Organization of the Infantry Division, Staff and Logistics for the Division, and Tactics and Technique of the Separate Arms, respectively, as listed in the announcement of Army Extension Courses, 1939-40, OR

"(3) The New Command and General Staff School Preparatory Course, which will be available by 1 Oct. 1940.

"b. Prospective students not now enrolled in any of the existing Command and General Staff School Courses listed above shall have no option, but will be required to complete the new preparatory course in a, (3) above."

Clothing Allowance

The Comptroller General ruled this week that transferred members of the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve who are recalled to active duty in connection with the existing national emergency may be paid the undrawn clothing allowance accrued while on such active duty upon their relief therefrom.

The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Lt. Gen. Stanley D. Embick, USA, senior officer on the Joint United States-Canada defense board.

Capt. Lucius W. Johnson, (MC), USN, who has been assigned to command the Navy's new portable hospital.

Maj. Gen. Walter C. Short, USA, who becomes commanding general of the Fourth Corps Area.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Chief of Staff to Maneuvers

General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff of the Army, left Washington, D. C., at 10:00 A. M., Saturday, 24 Aug., in an Army airplane for Camp McCoy, Wis., headquarters in the field of the Second Army, commanded by Lieutenant General Stanley H. Ford. Camp McCoy is near Sparta, Wis.

General Marshall inspected the approximately 65,000 Regular Army and National Guard troops comprising the Second Army engaged in maneuvers in that area. The troops are from Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia.

When the Chief of Staff completed the inspection of the Second Army, he had visited all armies in the field except the First whose maneuvers have ended. His plans for visiting the First Army in New York State had to be cancelled because his presence was required in Washington at conferences regarding the Permanent Board of Defense, United States and Canada.

General Marshall returned to Washington Monday, 26 Aug.

Transfer of 83rd FA

Due to the fact that facilities for the 83rd Field Artillery are not available at present at Camp Jackson, S. C., the movement of that regiment from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Camp Jackson, has been suspended until about 1 Dec. 1940.

Camp Perry Matches

Rifle and pistol shooters from all over the country are gathering at Camp Perry, Ohio, in preparing for the opening tomorrow of the National Rifle and Pistol Matches.

The period from 1 to 6 Sept. is to be devoted to the small arms firing school, practice, Junior matches, and police and pistol school. The first of the big matches will begin 7 Sept. when the Members Trophy, Navy Cub, Crowell Trophy, Mc-

Ginley Trophy, and Colt Trophy matches will be shot. The matches will run through 21 Sept.

Philippine Department Notes

The U. S. Army in the Philippines has been commanded by Maj. Gen. A. E. Grasett, commanding the British troops in China, for the excellent arrangements it supervised in the reception of British evacuees from Hongkong.

In a letter to Maj. Gen. George Grunert, commanding general of the Philippine Department, the British head of the China command said:

"I have the honour to express my warmest thanks to you and to those serving under you for the admirable arrangements which were made by the United States Army to receive the wives and families of the British Army evacuated from Hongkong to Manila.

"The journey was undoubtedly a trying one but I am told that the excellence of the arrangements made on arrival and the warm welcome extended on all sides did much to restore the spirits of the travellers.

"I fully realize the amount of additional work occasioned to the United States Army and am most grateful for what was done and is being done for the British families."

—o—

The officers' and Ladies' bowling teams finished their Duck Pin tournaments recently. In the officers' tournament the standing of the teams was Staff B first, 91st, 60th, Staff A, 59th, and the 92nd.

In the women's tournament the Staff B team finished first followed by the 59th, 60th, 91st and 92nd, and the Staff A team. The officers' high single in duck pins for the season was 141 which was made by Lt. Robert A. Smith. Mrs. Curtis W. Betzold made the women's high single of 123 in duck pins and the high triple of 329.

AMP Personnel Increase

In reporting the bill, S. 4275, authorizing an increase in the personnel of the Army Mine Planter service, the Senate Military Affairs Committee outlined the necessity of the bill as follows:

"The number of warrant officers authorized in the Mine Planter Service at the present time is 40. The number of mine planters in service is 8. Six new mine planters have been authorized and are now being constructed. Additional warrant officers are required for the 6 new mine planters.

"At present the allotment of warrant officers for each mine planter, as authorized by law, is five. These five are assigned—three to the deck department (master, first mate, second mate), and two to the engine department (chief engineer and assistant engineer). There is need for an additional man in the engine department to equalize the watches with those in the deck department."

Maintain Enlisted Standards

President Roosevelt this week vetoed a bill (S. 2686) which would have directed the reenlistment of a soldier who had been convicted of an offense in the civil courts. In his veto message he said:

"I have withheld my approval of S. 2686, an enrolled enactment entitled 'An act authorizing the reenlistment of John Mudry in the United States Army.'

"The purpose of this bill is to remove the bar to reenlistment resulting from conviction on a charge of criminal negligence in the operation of an automobile which resulted in the death of several persons. The applicant was sentenced to prison for a minimum term of 2 years or a maximum term of 4 years.

"In directing the Secretary of War to permit reenlistment as well as authorizing it, the bill not only goes beyond the purpose indicated in the title but constitutes a serious encroachment upon the discretion of the Army authorities in determining the general eligibility of a particular candidate for reenlistment. While doubtless not so intended, the measure could be held to prevent consideration of other circumstances that might hereafter come to the attention of the Army authorities and warrant rejection of the bill.

"It is a practice of long standing, sanctioned by law, not to permit reenlistment in the Army of persons convicted of a felony. This is a good practice, and while individual cases sometimes arise, as the one involved here, in which it causes some hardship, it is believed that the larger interests of the Army should outweigh the interest of the individual who desires reenlistment, and that the public interest will be better served by adhering to this practice. To do otherwise, moreover, would be unjust to a large number of persons who have been denied reenlistment in the past, for the same reason and without regard to individual merit or circumstance."

Proud of the high character of its personnel, alert to prevent any action that might lessen the quality of its soldiers, the War Department, also this week, in response to an inquiry, explained why the Army refuses to enlist men who have been convicted of crime, and why it will not even consider enlistment of persons who may be on parole.

The statement said:

"The War Department consistently directs its efforts toward building the Army into a cohesive organization of right thinking men, who can be depended upon in times of stress to display courage, fortitude and idealism of a high order. One of the strongest inducements held out to prospective recruits is the opportunity of associating with other young men of excellent character and good repute.

"The enlistment of men who have actually been convicted of felonies is expressly prohibited by Section 1118, Revised Statutes, and in furtherance of that statute Army Regulations prescribe that persons who have been imprisoned under sentence of a Civil Court will not be accepted for enlistment. In cases involving minor infractions of law or of municipal regulations, corps area commanders are permitted to waive the rigid application of these regulations, in particularly meritorious cases, and recruiting officers are required to scrutinize carefully the juvenile court record of an applicant, if any such he may have, and submit to higher authority any case in which doubt exists as to the effect of any particular statute involved.

"The enlistment of persons on parole may not be considered, in view of the conflict of authority between the court exercising jurisdiction, and the military authorities charged by law with the control of the Army."

Army Mutual Aid Association

During the week Maj. Chauncey McC. Lyons, Capt. Alvin G. Viney, 1st Lt. Jack Bollerud, 1st Lt. Emmette Y. Burton, Jr., 1st Lt. Robert L. Coombs, 1st Lt. Merle L. Fisher, 1st Lt. William H. Isbell, Jr., 2nd Lt. William K. Gillmore, 2nd Lt. Ariel W. Nielsen and 2nd Lt. Peter C. Manson were elected to membership. Four members increased their insurance to \$6,000. Benefits paid: Maj. Gen. Benjamin A. Poore and Capt. Wayne R. Weaver, M.C.

Transfer of Air Corps Units

Transfer of the following Army Air Corps units will be made about 1 Sept. 1940:

Unit Present Station New Station
7th Bomb. Gr. Hamilton Fld., Ft. Douglas, Calif., Utah, and Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Calif.

Det. 5th Air Hamilton Fld., Ft. Douglas, Calif., Utah, and Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Calif.

20th Pur. Gr. Moffett Fld., Hamilton Fld., Calif., Calif.

35th Pur. Gr. Moffett Fld., Hamilton Fld., Calif., Calif.

82nd Obs. Sq. Moffett Fld., Hamilton Fld., Calif., Calif.

23rd Comp. Maxwell Fld., Orlando, Fla., Ala.

Det. 13th Air Maxwell Fld., Orlando, Fla., Ala.

A detachment of 5 officers and 100 enlisted men of Base Headquarters and of the 5th Air Base Squadron, from Hamilton Field, Calif. will proceed without delay to Ft. Douglas, Utah, for station to relieve the detachment of the 38th Infantry, and also to prepare Ft. Douglas to receive and service the 7th Bombardment Group. The 38th Infantry detachment has been transferred to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to join the rest of the regiment as part of the 2nd triangular division.

The 7th Bombardment Group consists of approximately 112 officers and 600 enlisted men; the 20th Pursuit Group of approximately 33 officers and 635 enlisted men; the 35th Pursuit Group of approximately 31 officers and 475 enlisted men; the 82nd Observation Squadron of approximately 11 officers and 90 enlisted men; the 23rd Composite Group of approximately 77 officers and 600 enlisted men; the detachment of the 13th Air Base Squadron of about 265 enlisted men.

As trained men become available the above organizations will be raised to the following, which are peace strengths:

The 7th Bombardment Group to 122 officers and 1083 enlisted men; the 20th Pursuit Group to 84 officers and 729 enlisted men; the 35th Pursuit Group to 117 officers and 675 enlisted men; the 82nd Observation Squadron to 27 officers and 142 enlisted men; the 23rd Composite Group to 126 officers and 798 enlisted men; the detachment of the 13th Air Base Squadron to 479 enlisted men.



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Army Promotions

A number of nominations were sent to the Senate this week for the advancement of promotion list officers under the provisions of the new promotion law. As forecast in last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, promotions of majors to the grade of lieutenant colonel went down to date from promotion list number 678 to date from 18 Aug., and down to number 771 to date from 9 Aug. Promotions dating from 18 Aug. will go down and include number 200, but nominations of this group have been sent to the Senate and confirmed only down to number 1176, the balance to be sent up as soon as they are cleared by the War Department, particularly as to their physical fitness. Later, on 28 Aug., nominations were sent up including number 1339.

In the following lists those whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are to be promoted subject to the examination required by law.

Confirmations

The following nominations were sent to the Senate on 26 Aug., and were confirmed by the Senate the next day.

To be Lieutenant Colonels from 8 Aug. 1940

J. J. Fortier, FA J. B. Muir, Jr., CAC
J. B. Taylor, Cav. E. H. Stillman, CAC
R. Orlinger, Inf. W. S. Morris, Inf.
H. L. Ballard, AC L. C. Denis, CAC
J. A. Short, Cav. W. F. Lafrenz, CAC
J. D. Forsythe, Inf. J. D. Brown, CAC
J. F. Hepner, FA W. B. Augur, Cav.
J. B. Wyant, Cav. H. M. McClelland, AC
L. T. Lethrop, Inf. W. B. Bradford, Cav.

To be Lieutenant Colonels, from 9 Aug. 1940

E. W. McLaren, FD L. F. Lawrence, Cav.
A. F. Shutter, FA H. W. Forster, Cav.
A. F. Kibler, FA E. H. Randle, Inf.
C. R. Moore, C. of E. R. S. Stirling, OD
F. S. Conaty, QMC S. L. Baldwin, SC
G. S. Kennedy, OD W. C. Duncel, FA
H. C. Mabbott, CAC J. A. Fauleone, Jr., FA
G. A. Greaves, QMC F. M. Crist, FA
L. Schoonmaker, CAC J. H. B. Bogman, SC
W. F. Kernal, FA P. S. Haydon, Cav.
G. M. Wells, OD E. E. Aldridge, Inf.
D. C. Faith, Inf. E. B. Crabb, Inf.
R. Orr, Inf. E. W. Hill, AC
H. F. Safford, OD A. E. McIntosh, Cav.
C. D. Hindle, CAC A. M. Shearer, SC
T. A. Austin, Jr., Inf. H. H. Neilson, Cav.
M. Ross, FA J. O. Tarbox, Inf.
J. A. Steere, FA T. E. Boudinot, Cav.
L. E. Babcock, FA R. F. Edwards, Inf.
F. H. Wilson, Inf. M. E. Barker, CWS
J. C. Longino, QMC *O. A. Mulkey, Inf.
M. H. Flint, FD S. Boon, Jr., Cav.
C. S. Petree, Inf. H. G. Holt, Cav.
J. M. Sanderson, FA R. A. McClure, Inf.
S. H. Negrotto, Inf. *G. Schweikert, Inf.
G. J. Braun, Inf. C. Hutchinson, Cav.
W. H. E. Holmes, FA G. D. Wiltshire, Cav.
J. L. Gammell, FA A. J. Wehr, SC
C. W. Walton, CWS W. L. Bartley, QMC
D. M. Griggs, CAC N. J. McMahon, FA
W. H. Maris, FA P. L. Singer, Inf.
H. Flitz Gerald, Cav. J. L. Ready, Inf.
E. L. Upson, Inf. E. C. Flegel, Inf.
J. P. Jacobs, CAC H. B. Wheeler, Inf.
P. J. Matte, Cav. W. S. Elliot, QMC
D. F. Pratt, Inf. K. B. Lawton, SC
M. H. Ellis, Cav. N. S. Edmond, Inf.
W. P. Hayes, AC H. Haney, Inf.
E. C. Bonar, OD *M. D. McAllister, Inf.
D. P. Yenell, Inf. *W. H. Colburn, FA
C. E. Atkinson, CAC M. A. Gillis, Inf.
G. B. Guenther, Cav. J. W. Carroll, Cav.
E. B. McCarthy, CAC

To be Lieutenant Colonels from 18 Aug. 1940

C. Lewis, FD H. Thorn, Inf.
L. C. Nicholas, Inf. J. McCormick, Inf.
C. Richmond, QMC R. E. Jones, Inf.
A. W. Waldon, CAC C. H. Kells, Inf.
G. F. Hobson, QMC H. R. Priest, FD
W. H. Murphy, SC D. C. Kelly, OD
B. Stafford, Inf. F. Hollingsworth, FA
D. Bell, QMC Russell, Cav.
H. L. Egan, Inf. A. F. Doran, FA
J. Lynch, Inf. B. Putnam, Cav.
H. Baldwin, FD E. M. Sumner, Cav.
A. B. Jones, C. of E. T. H. Green, JAGD

H. B. Bruck, Cav. B. C. Andrus, Cav.
D. A. Young, Cav. A. L. Warren, FA
H. C. Minuth, Cav. L. L. Lummlis, Inf.
C. A. Schwarzwälder, QMC D. L. Ruffner, FA
E. C. Gere, QMC M. M. Serrem, OD
H. P. Detwiler, CAC A. W. Gower, CAC
C. F. Hofstetter, OD R. B. Warren, FA
C. L. Bolte, Inf. W. D. Luplow, CEC
T. F. Wessels, Inf. S. L. McCroskey, CAC
M. F. Lindsey, Inf. *A. P. Croonquist, Inf.
H. O. Cushman, Inf. O. B. Bucher, CAC
H. L. Latson, C. of E. C. A. Martin, Inf.
W. M. Hulson, Inf. F. S. Swett, CAC
D. H. Finley, QMC H. Linden, Inf.
C. A. Eastwood, Cav. H. T. Brotherton, FA
V. L. James, Jr., Inf. J. R. Boatwright, Inf.
W. F. Campbell, QMC S. Cutler, Inf.
R. R. Tourtillott, Inf. G. A. Hadd, Inf.
G. A. Hadd, Inf. J. P. Cromwell, AGD
L. L. Clayton, CAC Catesby ap. C. Jones, Cav.
*A. P. Croonquist, Inf. M. W. Kresge, OD
L. N. Allyn, Inf. R. de P. Terrell, FA
H. L. Barrett, Inf. W. A. Dumas, Inf.
A. D. Fisker, CAC E. E. Keatley, Inf.
F. S. Jacobs, Cav. G. W. Ricker, CAC
R. R. Tourtillott, Inf. C. G. Parkhurst, Inf.
D. M. Scott, Inf. R. E. Wysor, Jr., Inf.
R. E. Wysor, Jr., Inf. J. E. Wharton, Inf.
E. A. O'Hair, FA M. D. Barnsdall, Jr., Inf.
M. D. Barnsdall, Jr., Inf. J. H. Day, Inf.
G. W. Outland, OD G. W. Outland, OD
J. M. Silman, CE L. A. Wetherby, Inf.
B. B. McMahon, Inf. G. E. Fingerston, Inf.
S. R. Mickelsen, CAC E. A. Rudelius, Inf.
E. A. Rudelius, Inf. W. L. Blanton, Inf.
T. Brady, Jr., QMC P. P. Wiggins, Inf.
P. P. Wiggins, Inf. H. L. Campbell, OD
C. H. Owens, Inf. G. X. Cheves, Cav.
J. W. Loof, FA W. E. Corkill, FA
*C. Collins, Inf. J. T. Zellars, Inf.
H. McC. Cochran, 3rd, CAC R. A. McClure, Inf.
G. E. Abrams, Inf. J. A. White, FA
A. D. Foster, Inf. F. A. Williams, Cav.
D. P. Spalding, Inf. G. W. Griner, Jr., Inf.
E. D. Porter, Inf. D. L. Crane, FA
H. J. Adams, SC H. T. Mayberry, Inf.
C. A. White, FA W. C. Gatchell, Cav.
J. F. Farusworth, Inf. F. H. Timmerman, FA
W. B. Van Auken, FA H. S. MacKirdy, CAC
H. S. MacKirdy, CAC J. H. Hart, QMC
J. H. Gibson, Inf. H. L. Hart, QMC
J. H. B. Bogman, SC J. H. Gibson, Inf.
P. S. Haydon, Cav. E. E. Aldridge, Inf.
E. E. Aldridge, Inf. E. B. Crabb, Inf.
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H. H. Neilson, Cav. H. H. Neilson, Cav.
J. O. Tarbox, Inf. T. E. Boudinot, Cav.
T. E. Boudinot, Cav. R. F. Edwards, Inf.
R. F. Edwards, Inf. M. E. Barker, CWS
J. L. Gibbon, Cav. *O. A. Mulkey, Inf.
S. Boon, Jr., Cav. S. Boon, Jr., Cav.
H. G. Holt, Cav. H. G. Holt, Cav.
R. A. McClure, Inf. R. A. McClure, Inf.
*G. Schweikert, Inf. C. Hutchinson, Cav.
C. Hutchinson, Cav. G. D. Wiltshire, Cav.
A. J. Wehr, SC A. J. Wehr, SC
W. L. Bartley, QMC W. L. Bartley, QMC
N. J. McMahon, FA N. J. McMahon, FA
P. L. Singer, Inf. P. L. Singer, Inf.
H. Haney, Inf. H. Haney, Inf.
*M. D. McAllister, Inf. E. C. Flegel, Inf.
*W. H. Colburn, FA H. B. Wheeler, Inf.
M. A. Gillis, Inf. W. S. Elliot, QMC
J. W. Carroll, Cav. E. M. Sumner, Cav.
E. B. McCarthy, CAC T. H. Green, JAGD

H. Case, CAC *G. S. Finley, Cav.
J. H. Gardner, Jr., SC W. V. Ratton, Inf.
SC R. E. Hardy, OD
E. C. Ewert, FA *M. F. Meadow, Cav.
*B. Little, Inf. Z. E. Lawhon, FA
L. K. Truscott, Jr., Cav. L. Zuppann, Inf.
C. G. McKinley, Jr., Inf. J. K. Rice, Inf.
Inf. H. D. Birks, Inf. J. H. Hagan, Inf.
G. P. Savage, Inf. L. S. Ostrander, AGD
H. H. McClune, Inf. C. S. Johnson, Inf.
L. E. MacGregor, Inf. M. B. Gibson, CAC
Inf. C. H. Keatinge, FA E. H. Malone, Inf.
C. F. Sutherland, Inf. R. T. Maddecks, Cav.
Inf. G. A. Miller, Inf. J. F. Butler, Inf.
S. C. Hilton, FA R. N. Atwell, Cav.
W. R. Philip, FA T. M. Martin, Inf.
G. A. Horkan, QMC C. L. Rutledge, Inf.
C. H. Unger, Cav. T. C. Gerber, OD
W. H. Soderholm, OD L. W. Meinzen, CAC
S. C. Thompson, Inf. J. O. Lawrence, Cav.
H. W. Gaygill, Inf. G. LeC. Ramsey, Inf.
J. E. Jeffreys, Inf. C. J. Albright, Inf.
V. Wilson, Cav. C. W. Glover, FA
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G. Marshall, CW8 W. G. Hilliard, Jr., Inf.
P. C. Fleming, FA L. M. Skerry, FA
E. M. Fickett, Cav. W. C. Phillips, Inf.
J. F. Roehm, FA A. J. Touart, Inf.
M. V. Buchanan, Inf. H. J. Collins, Inf.
K. L. Berry, Inf. J. Van V. Shufelt, Cav.
W. E. Chickering, AGD H. P. Hallowell, Inf.
AGD W. R. McReynolds, QMC H. R. Gay, QMC
H. R. Hanson, FA O. D. McNelly, CAC
G. R. Hayman, FA P. G. Tenney, FA
H. E. Camp, FA T. J. Betts, CAC
F. C. Milner, Inf. B. Moore, FA
C. F. Craig, Inf. M. V. Turner, Cav.
H. C. Palmer, Cav. N. E. Waldron, QMC
K. E. Henion, Inf. A. R. Brien, Inf.
L. W. Craig, Inf. B. L. Lucas, Inf.
H. W. Blakely, FA M. C. Handwerk, CAC
L. A. Hudgings, CAC G. S. Wear, Inf.
R. W. Reed, Inf. L. L. Goecker, FD
L. W. Maddox, FD T. W. Scott, Inf.
J. G. Watkins, FA J. W. O'Daniel, Inf.
C. C. Straw, Cav. G. White, FA
W. F. Magill, Jr., Inf. H. F. Thompson, Inf.
R. J. Waggoner, QMC C. M. E. Rehmel, OD
S. A. Anderson, CAC K. J. Fielder, Inf.
C. A. Horger, Cav. W. C. DeWare, Inf.
S. Jackson, Inf. H. D. Adair, Inf.
W. B. Gates, AC J. R. Bibb, FA
O. J. Neundorfer, Jr., Inf. *R. R. Bacon, Inf.
Inf. W. H. Warren, CAC R. C. Snyder, FA
R. B. Smith, Inf. G. E. Cook, FA
T. B. Woodburn, AGD J. T. Watson, Jr., SC
AGD N. L. Adams, CAC H. E. Mitchell, Inf.
C. W. Higgins, CAC J. W. Russey, FA
H. N. Herrick, CAC A. J. Kennedy, Inf.
On 28 Aug. the following additional nominations were sent to the Senate, carrying the promotions to be made as of (Please turn to Page 1303)

R. E. Tailant, Cav. S. F. Griswold, Inf.
P. J. Lloyd, Inf. E. J. Lilly, Jr., Inf.
T. M. Cornell, Inf. C. E. Dissing, Inf.
P. V. Kellogg, Inf. C. E. Ryan, Inf.
H. L. Earliest, Cav. J. E. Hull, Inf.
L. Zuppann, Inf. T. F. Bresnahan, Inf.
J. K. Rice, Inf. K. M. Still, Inf.
H. D. Birks, Inf. S. White, FA
J. H. Hagan, Inf. G. K. Crockett, Inf.
L. E. Ostrander, AGD W. W. Wertz, CAC
AGD F. M. Brady, AC T. E. Roderick, Inf.
P. W. Rutledge, CAC W. A. Mead, Inf.
E. H. Malone, Inf. R. W. Harris, Inf.
R. T. Maddecks, Cav. E. R. Crowell, CAC
C. H. Keatinge, FA R. E. Duff, Inf.
F. C. Sutherland, Inf. R. G. Lehman, Inf.
Inf. G. A. Miller, Inf. I. C. Seudder, Inf.
S. C. Hilton, FA J. C. Bates, CAC
W. R. Philip, FA H. E. Pendleton, CAC
G. A. Horkan, QMC
C. H. Unger, Cav.
W. H. Soderholm, OD J. O. Lawrence, Cav.
S. C. Thompson, Inf. G. LeC. Ramsey, Inf.
H. W. Gaygill, Inf. C. J. Albright, Inf.
J. E. Jeffreys, Inf. C. W. Glover, FA
V. Wilson, Cav. A. Adair, Inf.
L. A. Page, Inf. G. A. Schleifer, Inf.
O. A. Gordon, Inf. W. G. Hilliard, Jr., Inf.
G. Marshall, CW8 L. M. Skerry, FA
P. C. Fleming, FA W. C. Phillips, Inf.
E. M. Fickett, Cav. A. J. Touart, Inf.
J. F. Roehm, FA H. J. Collins, Inf.
M. V. Buchanan, Inf. J. Van V. Shufelt, Cav.
K. L. Berry, Inf. H. P. Hallowell, Inf.
W. E. Chickering, AGD H. R. Gay, QMC
AGD W. R. McReynolds, QMC O. D. McNelly, CAC
H. R. Hanson, FA P. G. Tenney, FA
G. R. Hayman, FA T. J. Betts, CAC
H. E. Camp, FA B. Moore, FA
F. C. Milner, Inf. M. V. Turner, Cav.
C. F. Craig, Inf. N. E. Waldron, QMC
H. C. Palmer, Cav. A. R. Brien, Inf.
K. E. Henion, Inf. B. L. Lucas, Inf.
L. W. Craig, Inf. M. C. Handwerk, CAC
L. A. Hudgings, CAC G. S. Wear, Inf.
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L. W. Maddox, FD J. W. O'Daniel, Inf.
J. G. Watkins, FA G. White, FA
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W. F. Magill, Jr., Inf. C. M. E. Rehmel, OD
Inf. R. J. Waggoner, QMC K. J. Fielder, Inf.
S. A. Anderson, CAC W. C. DeWare, Inf.
C. A. Horger, Cav. H. D. Adair, Inf.
S. Jackson, Inf. J. R. Bibb, FA
W. B. Gates, AC *R. R. Bacon, Inf.
O. J. Neundorfer, Jr., Inf. R. C. Snyder, FA
Inf. W. H. Warren, CAC J. T. Watson, Jr., SC
R. B. Smith, Inf. H. E. Mitchell, Inf.
T. B. Woodburn, AGD N. L. Adams, CAC
AGD C. W. Higgins, CAC *V. N. Cordero, Inf.
H. N. Herrick, CAC *L. J. Farrell, Inf.

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THE U. S. NAVY

THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

United States Naval Academy

Annapolis, Md.—The following Regimental Organization will be effective 13 Sept. 1940 to 7 Feb. 1941:

Mdn. Comdr. L. E. Larson, Jr., Regimental Commander.

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. J. V. Bartlett, Regimental Sub. Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. R. E. Foster, Reg. Operations Officer.

Mdn. Lt. R. M. Wright, Reg. Adjutant.

Mdn. Lt. W. L. Conley, Reg. Signal Officer.

Mdn. Lt. F. Welch, Jr., Reg. Ordnance Officer.

Mdn. Lt. J. B. Hadler, Reg. Commissary Officer.

Mdn. Lt. W. M. McLellan, Reg. Supply Officer.

Mdn. Lt. F. G. Edwards, Reg. Liaison Officer.

Mdn. Lt. (Jg) B. Phillips, II, Color Bearer (National).

Mdn. Ensign W. J. Maddocks, Color Bearer (Regimental).

Mdn. Ch. Petty Officer O. W. Hoof, Reg. Chief Petty Officer.

Mdn. Lt. (Jg) L. S. McDaniel, Jr., Bugle Corps Comdr.

First Battalion

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. V. A. Motto, Battalion Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. R. Willson, Jr., Battalion Sub Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. P. D. Fleming, Batt. Operations Officer.

Second Battalion

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. J. K. Tausig, Jr., Battalion Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. V. Delano, Battalion Sub Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. R. O. Middleton, Batt. Operations Off.

Third Battalion

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. A. G. Capps, Battalion Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. L. V. Young, Battalion Sub Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. B. T. Simonds, Batt. Operations Off.

Fourth Battalion

Mdn. Lt. Comdr. S. H. Kinney, Battalion Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. C. O. Marshall, Battalion Sub Comdr.

Mdn. Lt. J. W. Steidley, Batt. Operations Off.

Mdn. Lt. L. B. Pride, Jr., Commander—1st Co.

Mdn. Lt. C. J. Merdinger, Commander—2nd Co.

Mdn. Lt. E. C. Svendsen, Commander—3rd Co.

Mdn. Lt. W. H. MacConnell, Commander—4th Co.

Mdn. Lt. J. S. McManus, Commander—5th Co.

Mdn. Lt. A. E. Holdt, Commander—6th Co.

Mdn. Lt. C. W. Rush, Jr., Commander—7th Co.

Mdn. Lt. C. H. Carr, Commander—8th Co.

Mdn. Lt. R. L. Baughan, Jr., Commander—9th Co.

Mdn. Lt. H. W. Wager, Commander—10th Co.

Mdn. Lt. R. J. Smith, Jr., Commander—11th Co.

Mdn. Lt. L. C. Klingaman, Commander—12th Co.

Increase USNA Ages

Representative W. Sterling Cole, of N. Y., this week introduced a bill, HR 10401, which would increase the maximum entrance age of candidates to the United States Naval Academy from 20 to 21. Representative Cole, at a hearing before the House Naval Committee last week, announced his intention to sponsor such legislation. The measure provides "That hereafter all candidates for admission to the Naval Academy must be not less than 16 years of age nor more than 21 years of age on 1 April of the calendar year in which they enter the Academy."

USNA Term Begins

The new term at the United States Naval Academy will begin on 13 Sept. 1940, and graduation of the first class will be on 7 Feb. 1941, Secretary Knox announced this week. The Regiment of Midshipmen will be the largest since the record of 2499 in 1923. This year the first class will total 401, the second class 584, the third class 661, and the fourth class 750.

Following the graduation next February, the reserve midshipmen training for ensigns commissions will be admitted to the Academy for a three months' course.

ROTC Grads for Regular Navy

At the request of the Navy Department, Representative Carl Vinson, of Ga., Chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee and Senator David I. Walsh, of Mass., Chairman of the Senate Naval Committee this week introduced legislation to authorize the appointment of graduates of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps into the line of the Regular Navy. The Navy Department, in requesting the legislation, declared,

"In view of the rapid expansion of the Naval Establishment it has become apparent that the Naval Academy cannot supply enough permanent officers to meet personnel requirements of the fleet, and that other sources must be utilized.

"The most satisfactory source from which additional officer material can be obtained for service in the Regular Navy is considered to be graduates of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps. These officers will have completed four years of Naval instruction at various colleges where units are established, will have participated in annual cruises in vessels of the fleet, and it is proposed to make them eligible for commissions as Ensigns in the Regular Navy after one year of continuous active duty afloat.

"The Navy Department recommends the enactment of the proposed legislation.

"The Navy Department has been advised by the Bureau of the Budget that there would be no objection to the submission of this report."

The text of the proposed measure is as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., "That officers of the Naval Reserve commissioned therein upon graduation from the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps shall be eligible for appointment to commissioned rank in the line of the Regular Navy in such numbers as the President may deem necessary. Officers so appointed shall, upon appointment, occupy the same grade, with the same precedence, occupied by them in the Naval Reserve.

"Sec. 2. All appointees authorized by section 1 of this Act shall, on June 30 of the calendar year in which appointed, be less than twenty-six years of age, shall, on the same date, have completed at least one year of continuous active duty on board ships of the Navy, and shall, before appointment, establish their moral, physical, mental, and professional qualifications in accordance with such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe.

"Sec. 3. Each officer appointed pursuant to the foregoing sections to the grade of ensign and each officer so appointed to a grade above that of ensign shall, respectively, become eligible for promotion, or for consideration by a line selection board as of the date the line officer next junior to him becomes so eligible: Provided, That the qualification of sea service prescribed in section 11 (e) of the Act of 23 June, 1938 (52 Stat. 948), shall not apply to such officers while in the grade to which originally appointed."

Aviation Cadets to Pensacola

The following aviation cadets were appointed for flight training at Pensacola in the class which convened 26 Aug. 1940:

Austin V. Donlon Robert W. Jarvis, Jr.
Robert H. Fenley Jesse L. Meredith, Jr.
John A. Goodwin Norman H. Rudd
William A. Quirk Robert E. Sorenson
Carl Bialek R. D. Spalding, Jr.
J. O. Buchanan, Jr. Donald L. R. Irgens
Floyd W. Goodrich William Q. Punnell
James R. Moody, Jr. James McP. Richards
John Guy Piegari E. E. Swanson, Jr.
Gilbert E. Kinder A. C. Hudson
James P. O'N. Lyle Donald J. Poole
Robert J. McCarthy Frederick C. Wright
Allan Rothenberg Robert L. Abbott
Francis W. Adkins Benjamin F. Steele
Pete J. Gibson James E. Brandt
Charles J. Hardy John Rowe Barnes
G. H. Hedrick, Jr. Norman S. Haber
Florencen G. Hodges Thomas R. Huff
Charles H. Holm, Jr. Samuel J. Patelis
Charlton B. Ivey Donald J. Rankin
Harold J. Kicker Douglas Henderson
Jack Lee Potent Everett B. Mitchell
Leo Joseph Shudde Burton F. Jones
Arthur R. Boren George J. Tomaszini
Richard E. Forman Francis T. Keim, Jr.
William P. Kelly John Pincetich
Ned W. Langdon Leslie R. Rein
William E. Bartling George L. Smith

Tell your friends to subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep in touch with the service personnel.

Navy Line Personnel

(Continued from First Page)

pointed under the authority of the Act, credit for longevity will be given for all service, including service as aviation cadets, with which they have heretofore been credited.

"Each officer appointed pursuant to the Act," the Navy Department states, "will become eligible for promotion, or for consideration by a line selection board, as of the date the officer next junior to him at the date of appointment becomes so eligible. The qualification of sea service, as required by the Act of 23 June 1938 (52 Stat. 948), will not apply to these officers while in the grade to which originally appointed.

"The Act repeals the \$500 bonus provision of the Naval Aviation Reserve Act of 1939, and in its place provides that naval reserve officers of Class A-V (N), upon release from active duty that has been continuous for one or more years, shall be paid a lump sum of \$500 for each complete year of active service other than duty as aviation cadets undergoing training; and if released from active duty otherwise than upon their own requests, or as a result of disciplinary action, this lump sum shall be prorated for fractional parts of each year of such service. This bonus provision will apply only to officers of Class A-V (N) released to inactive duty. It will not apply to officers who accept commissions in the Regular Navy and thereby vacate their naval reserve commissions.

"Officers appointed pursuant to the Act shall be appointed to the same grade occupied by them in the Naval Reserve (or Marine Corps Reserve) at the time of such appointment, and shall take precedence in such grade in accordance with Section 8 (e) of the Act. That section provides that in time of peace officers of the Naval Reserve shall take precedence in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe (see Bunav Manual, Article H-1503). It further provides that when mobilized with the Regular Navy for war or national emergency each officer of the Naval Reserve shall take precedence next after that officer of the Regular Navy of the same rank or grade whose length of service in such rank or grade on the date of declaration of the war or national emergency (or on date of reporting for active duty if first appointed after such declaration) is one-half or the nearest one-half of that of the reserve officer. In view of the present existence of a National Emergency declared to exist by the President on 8 September 1939, reserve officers appointed in the Regular Navy during the continuation of the existing National Emergency will take precedence in accordance with the latter provisions of Section 8 of the Act."

USNA Appointments

The House of Representatives on 28 Aug. passed the bill, S. 4271, which authorizes the appointment to the United States Naval Academy of alternates who passed the mental examination for the 1939 and 1940 entering classes. In passing the bill, the House agreed to an amendment eliminating from the provisions of the act young men who passed their twentieth birthday on 1 April 1940. The Senate agreed to the House amendment and the bill is now on the President's desk for his signature.

Representative Hobbs, of Ala., queried Representative Carl Vinson, of Ga., Chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee and sponsor of the Department approved legislation in the House, as to the action of the Navy with regard to the physically fit Naval officers on the retired list. Mr. Vinson replied that of the 2,000 officers in this category, 1,000 have been recalled and, although the Navy disagrees, he believes that funds are available for the recall of all of these officers.

During debate on the measure, the following discussion ensued:

Mr. Plumley. "Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, my inquiry relates to those officers who have been relegated to the dump heap by reason of the selection boards. Will

any of them be called back into service?"

Mr. Vinson of Georgia. "Under the law and by the cooperation of the gentleman from Vermont (Mr. Plumley), the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Ditter), and the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. Hobbs), as well as others, we wrote into an appropriation bill that any officer passed by the selection board and who is capable could not be put upon the retired list during the limited emergency. So every Member of Congress can thoroughly understand that any officer, whether he is promoted by the selection board as best fitted or if he is classified as a fitted officer by mandate of Congress, has got to stay in the service of his country unless he makes application under other provisions of the law for retirement."

Mr. Ditter. "Are we to assume, then, that that change of attitude is an admission of a mistake on the part of the administration for not having taken that course prior to the emergency?"

Mr. Vinson of Georgia. "It is due entirely to the need for officers. It would be folly to be sending boys to the Naval Academy, on the one hand, and turning them out on the other hand, after they have had 14, 21, or 29 years' service when we need the officers."

Mr. Ditter. "That is the procedure they have been following."

Mr. Vinson of Georgia. "We need the officers now. We are keeping the officers. Any one can take all the credit he wants to for that provision of the law. The result is what counts."

Acting Appointments—Gunner, USN

The following enlisted men were issued acting appointments as Gunner in the Navy, to rank from 21 August 1940:

Albert H. Baker, Torpedoman, 1st class, USS S-36.

Earle V. Brown, Gunner's mate, 1st class, USS Chaumont.

San Diego Expansion

The House Naval Affairs Committee has reported favorably the bill, S. 2901, which would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to accept 96.42 acres of land in National City, Calif., for the expansion of the San Diego destroyer base.

Navy Mutual Aid Association

A total of 50 officers have been elected to membership during the month of August.

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Nat. Guard's Active Status

(Continued from First Page)

men's rights in their civilian jobs by requiring private employers to restore them at the expiration of their training period without loss of seniority rights and pay. The enforcement of this provision is entrusted to the United States District Attorneys.

Since the Act was signed, many officers in the War Department have been engaged in interpreting its provisions and making arrangements for the handling of the huge forces which will come under their administration. Many of the problems have not yet been completely worked out, particularly those pertaining to transportation allowances, baggage, etc.

Being inducted into the Federal Service, the personnel will come under the same administration as the Regular Army, being entirely separated from State officials and their control.

Pay

There seems to be no doubt but that officers will be paid as provided in Section 3 of the Pay Readjustment Act. Thus their base pay would be as follows:

Colonel—\$4,000.
Lieutenant Colonel—\$3,500.
Major—\$3,000.
Captain—\$2,400.

First Lieutenant—\$2,000.
Second Lieutenant—\$1,500.

There is no provision for officers called into Federal Service to move from one pay period to another except by promotion to the next higher grade. They are, however, permitted to count certain service for longevity as provided in Section 3 of the Pay Readjustment Act, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 3. That when officers of the National Guard or of the reserve forces of any of the services mentioned in the title of this act are authorized by law to receive Federal pay, those serving in grades corresponding to those of colonel, Lieutenant colonel, major, captain, first Lieutenant, and second Lieutenant of the Army shall receive the pay of the sixth, fifth, fourth, third, second, and first periods."

"Such officers whenever entitled to Federal pay, except armory drill and administrative function pay, shall receive an longevity pay, in addition to base pay provided but not exceeding the maximum pay prescribed by law, an increase thereof at the per centum and time rates up to thirty years provided in the tenth paragraph of section 1."

"In computing the increase of pay for each period of three years' service, such officers shall be credited with full time for all periods during which they have held commissions as officers of any of the services mentioned in the title of this Act, or in the Organized Militia prior to 1 July 1916, or in the National Guard, or in the Naval Militia, or in the National Naval Volunteers, or in the Naval Reserve Force or Marine Corps Reserve Force, when confirmed in grade and qualified for all general service, with full time for all periods during which they have performed active duty under reserve commissions, and with one-half time for all other periods during which they have held reserve commissions. As amended by section 1, act of 31 May 1924 (43 Stat. 250)."

Enlisted men will be entitled to the pay of their grade and rating, plus longevity credits, but they will most likely be permitted to count for longevity purposes only prior Federal Service. The question of commutation of quarters for the families of enlisted men in the upper three pay grades is under study.

There seems to be no doubt but that officers who have dependents (wife, unmarried children, or dependent mother) will be entitled to draw commutation of quarters (rental allowance). While no definite decision has been made, it is quite likely that there will be no provision made for the transportation of dependents to first duty station. This has been a general rule in the past. However, it is also quite likely that if there are subsequent changes of stations provision will be made for dependents. In view of the fact that the majority of the training will be in tent camps and cantonments where there are no quarters for dependents there is no certainty concerning these matters.

All of these questions concerning pay are now the subject of study in the various bureaus and branches of the General Staff and it is quite probable that a complete memorandum of the results will be issued to the service shortly. There is also a possibility that some of

the questions may have to be submitted to the Attorney General or the Comptroller General for rulings.

Promotion

Upon induction into the Federal service the State officials lose all control of the personnel. Thus all promotions will be made by the War Department, which, it is understood, will take advantage of the right it already possesses to make temporary promotions the same as it would in War time, so that at the expiration of the training period the men would return to their State service in the same grade in which they left it.

All promotions would be purely by selection, both for officers and enlisted men, with temporary commissions and temporary warrants being issued.

There is every likelihood that there will be a large number of such temporary promotions, for a number of factors will combine to create vacancies. In the first place the units are now at peace maintenance strength and they will be increased to war strength under tables of organizations which provide for more officers and more enlisted men in the higher grades.

Maj. Gen. John F. Williams, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, stated for an example that "a regiment of field artillery we will say at maintenance strength will have 52 officers. At war strength they would get nine additional officers, over the base strength."

Other factors which enter into the creation of vacancies, include losses due to dependency, resignations and discharges and losses due to failure to pass Federal physical examinations.

It is probable that a large number of the vacancies will be filled by the promotion of officers from the inactive National Guard and also from among enlisted men who hold commissions in the National Guard reserve.

It is understood that every effort is being exerted to give equal rank to officers of Cavalry Units being converted to other arms under the conversion program. Representatives of the National Guard Bureau have been visiting the various states ironing out the details of the conversions.

Pensions and Retirements

Under the provisions of the act passed by the last Congress, National Guard and Reserve personnel disabled or killed due to disease or injury incurred in the service are entitled to the same pension rights, disability compensation and retirement privileges as are personnel of the Regular Army. Apparently to help avoid too many complications in the subsequent administration of these provisions the new Act provides that persons entering the Federal service will be given a medical statement at the beginning of their service and another at the completion of their tour of duty, on which any physical defects, injuries, diseases, etc., will be noted.

Administration

The administration of this huge force, larger than the Regular Army, will be a huge task. At present the National Guard Bureau maintains records of the officers while the States keep the only records on the enlisted men. When the men are inducted into the Federal Service the National Guard Bureau severs connection with them, so it is probable that these records will be transferred to the Adjutant General's Department. As to the enlisted men, it is likely that their records will be set up in the AGO from the original muster rolls taken when they are brought into Federal Service.

Army and Navy Journal Birthday

(Continued from First Page)

service personnel. It has seen the United States emerge from the Civil War, the Spanish American War and the World War and has related on each occasion the struggle of patriotic citizens to impress upon the nation the need for keeping its agencies of defense steeled against the difficulties met in the previous conflicts so that unnecessary loss of lives and property might be avoided.

Throughout all these years the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL has worked consistently for the best interests of the National Defense and for the welfare of the personnel of the Armed Forces.

Army Promotions

(Continued from Page 1301)

18 Aug. down to number 1350. Up to late yesterday these nominations had not been acted upon but it is expected they will be confirmed shortly. Next week the War Department plans to send up additional names, bringing nominations up to date.

To be Lieutenant Colonels from 18 Aug. 1940

W. S. Wood, Inf. W. W. Millard, Inf.

W. H. Quarterman, A. G. Hutchinson,

Inf. N. M. Nelsen, Inf.

I. C. Eaker, AC R. N. Hagerly, Inf.

S. L. Berchtold, FA R. L. Ring, Inf.

C. L. Bertholf, AGD A. T. Wright, QMC

E. Young, CAC J. A. Andrews, Inf.

E. R. Roberts, FA G. A. Lockhart, QMC

W. E. Lauer, Inf. J. J. Pirtle, Inf.

F. H. Pritchard, AC A. E. Dedelie, Inf.

A. H. Dumas, Inf. W. E. Boshore, Inf.

*P. S. Jones, JAGD Harold Head, Inf.

P. T. Baker, Inf. W. W. Boon, Cav.

R. P. Bell, Inf. *H. McC. Evans, Inf.

E. W. Piburn, Inf. M. J. Mulcahy, Inf.

K. S. Whittemore, Inf. H. S. Wright, QMC

J. V. Matejka, SC L. C. Dill, QMC

F. H. Partridge, AGD E. J. Maloney, Inf.

*D. deS. Trenholm, FA R. A. Jones, Inf.

FA *N. M. Walker, Inf.

M. E. Halloran, Inf. M. B. Goodyear, Inf.

I. H. Edwards, AC W. E. G. Graham, Inf.

P. J. Vevia, Inf. J. R. Lippincott, Inf.

C. J. Dockler, Cav. F. R. Lyons, CE

Milton Heflin, CAC W. N. Thomas, Jr., CE

O. C. Newell, Cav. L. S. Dillon, CE

Paul Steele, Inf. P. E. Bermel, CE

L. E. Cummings, Inf. C. R. Shaw, CE

L. S. Stickney, SC T. DeW. Weaver, CE

W. Hesketh, CAC F. F. Frech, CE

M. G. Stubbs, Inf. J. E. Wood, CE

A. A. Fall, Inf. E. N. Chisholm, CE

F. R. Schucker, Inf. James Sproule, QMC

G. S. Warren, AC J. J. Schmidt, Inf.

Mario Cordero, CAC A. B. Proctor, QMC

H. O. Swindler, Inf. *G. A. Frazer, JAGD

Haskell Allison, SC R. Williamson, Cav.

Russell Skinner, Inf. C. Q. Quigley, AGD

G. W. Dunn, Jr., CAC R. J. Imperator, CAC

J. A. Klein, AGD R. G. Sherman, Inf.

A. H. Luse, OD W. C. Mahoney, QMC

W. A. Swift, Inf. Alpha Brunage, FA

J. E. Grose, Inf. S. I. Strong, QMC

L. A. Kurtz, FA L. W. Card, QMC

D. W. Hickey, Jr., CAC L. E. Worthley, Inf.

FA G. S. Woolworth, Inf.

H. Reichelderfer, SC JAGD H. M. Denning, FD

A. R. Boiling, Inf. J. A. Shaw, Inf.

D. T. Bousman, FA W. W. Price, QMC

J. L. Garza, Inf. J. P. Lloyd, Inf.

J. D. Chambliss, Inf. T. A. Harris, Inf.

E. L. Barr, CAC C. C. Loughlin, Inf.

D. E. Morrison, CAC L. P. Worrall, FD

T. E. Jeffords, CAC M. H. Patton, Cav.

F. H. Hastings, CAC B. R. Whithorne, QMC

J. H. Gilbreth, CAC Gilbert Riemann, Cav.

H. G. Archibald, CAC W. E. Durst, QMC

D. H. Hoge, CAC E. T. Conway, CAC

R. W. Argo, CAC H. E. Tuttle, QMC

F. A. Ward, P. S. Ralph Hirsch, FA

W. J. Egan, FA W. J. Campbell, Inf.

T. D. Joiner, AGD *S. A. Greenwell, Cav.

R. V. Marais, FA *J. W. Thompson, QMC

L. Patterson, Cav. G. C. Hollingsworth, Inf.

L. H. Barnhill, Inf. C. O. Ashton, Inf.

S. S. P. Meek, Inf. J. F. Watson, JAGD

M. L. Craig, FA J. C. Hutcheson, QMC

E. A. Nostrand, Inf. W. D. Wheeler, AC

H. A. Tribble, Inf. D. R. Wolverton, QMC

R. B. Ennis, Inf. W. E. Harris, CE

L. W. Foy, Inf. G. S. Lavin, OD

J. C. Blizard, Jr., Inf. A. F. Bowen, Inf.

W. H. McNaught, FA H. H. Lewis, Inf.

R. E. Craig, Cav. G. R. Ford, QMC

R. I. Stack, Inf. N. H. Strickland, OD

John Huling, Jr., OD J. V. Rowan, QMC

E. E. W. Duncan, AC W. H. Beers, Inf.

E. M. Daniels, QMC W. D. Cronkhite, Inf.

H. K. Heath, Inf. J. A. Russell, QMC

B. R. DeGraff, Inf. T. T. Barnett, QMC

H. N. Gilbert, AGD W. A. Ray, FA

W. A. Collier, Inf. L. S. Snooner, Inf.

*L. H. Frasier, FA L. E. Savage, FA

*A. M. Mixson, Inf. H. M. Shoemaker, Cav.

C. B. Cole, FA G. W. Wing, Inf.

W. F. Rehm, Inf.

E. N. Fay, QMC

D. T. Nelson, FD

R. L. Greene, FA

G. C. Nielsen, Inf.

E. C. Horan, Inf.

War Dept. Consultants

Brig. Gen. Benedict Crowell, Ord-Res., President of the Central National Bank, Cleveland, Ohio, and President of the Army Ordnance Association, and Mr. Sparks I. Francis, attorney of Houston, Tex., have accepted appointments from Secretary of War Stimson to serve as Special Consultants on the Defense Program of the War Department for an indefinite period during the present emergency.

General Crowell was formerly Assistant Secretary of War and Director of Munitions during the World War under the Honorable Newton D. Baker.

Immediately after the appointment of Mr. Stimson as Secretary of War, General Crowell, at Mr. Stimson's request, came to Washington to conduct a preliminary survey of the War Department's Defense Program and to consult with Mr. Stimson concerning it. Under his present appointment General Crowell will continue the survey which was then initiated along lines outlined in his earlier consultations with the Secretary of War.

Mr. Francis, a member of the law firm of Vinson, Elkins, Weems & Francis of Houston, Tex., was a Special Assistant Attorney General under former Attorney General Cummings in 1933-1934 and was an Attorney on the Petroleum Administrative Board in the Department of the Interior during the administration of N. R. A.

He served in the Field Artillery during the World War, enlisting as private and being commissioned a second lieutenant from Camp Zachary Taylor Field Artillery Officers' Training School, Louisville, Ky.

His family will remain in Houston during the time that he is engaged in his present work.

Praise Army Officers

General George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the Army, this week sent commendatory letters to Lt. Col. Oliver P. Echols, AC, of Wright Field, and Maj. Edward M. George, QMC, at Fairbanks, Alaska. The letters follow:

To Colonel Echols

"During the past several weeks I have been brought in contact with civilian technicians and inventors who had previously visited at Wright Field.

"It was extremely gratifying to hear the many complimentary statements made by these visitors relative to the highly organized and considerate manner in which they were received in the Materiel Division. Your efficient arrangements and the attitude of your personnel are very helpful in developing understanding and cooperation between the Army and the public generally.

"My thanks to you and your people for this simplification of our common task."

To Major George

"From reports of General DeWitt, General Arnold and others it is apparent that you have shown remarkable efficiency in the speed and effectiveness with which you have proceeded with the construction at Fairbanks. Your particular mission is of immediate importance to the national defense and I am therefore all the more appreciative of the splendid work you are doing."

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227 Lexington Ave., New York

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
President and Publisher

LEROY WHITMAN,
Editor

Advertising Rates on Request

"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1968.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1940

"While we are doing our best to eliminate all resort to war . . . we cannot but remember that the peace we now enjoy had to be won by the sword."

— CALVIN COOLIDGE.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant, and enlisted personnel, active and retired.
2. Revision of the promotion system for the Staff Corps of the Navy in accordance with the sentiment expressed by the officers concerned; perfection of the Navy Line Personnel Act; authorization for the retirement of colonels of the Army with the rank of brigadier general; clarification of the coast guard promotion system.
3. Expansion of the Regular Army and the National Guard to a strength of at least 550,000 men with provision for complete personnel and materiel and training for 100 per cent efficiency; personnel for the Navy and Marine Corps capable of fully manning all vessels of the Fleet and the Fleet Marine Force.
4. Additional increases in grades and ratings, with compensation for technical knowledge and skill required by modernization.
5. Active duty training and service school attendance for available officers of the Reserve Corps; appropriations for the expansion program of the Naval Reserves.
6. Revision of pension laws to assure widows of the Regular Services a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel whose privately owned automobiles are employed on Government business.

THE MANEUVERS JUST CONCLUDED throughout the country were valuable not only to the officers and men participating in them, but in furnishing an object lesson to the people as a whole and to their representatives in Washington. The forthright critiques of Lt. Gens. Drum and Embick, and Maj. Gens. Brees and Krueger, which we published in our last week's issue, and that of Lt. Gen. DeWitt in this issue, are notable for their emphasis upon the same needs and the same defects. Lack of training, unsatisfactory physical condition of the men for field service, inefficient and inadequate team work, importance of leadership, and, to quote Gen. Drum, replacement of the volunteer system by a national obligation system, were common to the observations of these several officers. Likewise common to them were the shortages of weapons, of transportation and of equipment. To sum up bluntly what they said, the United States has neither the trained man power nor the machines on the ground and in the air to conduct a modern war. This fact has been well known to the Army, it is feared by the people, yet, although the country is at the point of war, and every moment of time is essential for the preparedness our situation requires, politics are delaying and hampering action. There is dispute about conscription. The Senate limited the number of men undergoing training at any one time to 900,000 men; the House increased the number to 1,000,000 men. Modern war will require at least the 4,000,000 men of the World War. There is dispute as to the number of contracts actually placed and the number of planes available and on order. There is delay in the enactment of legislation which will enable industry to go ahead. There is fear among the New Dealers that their social and economic program will be modified, and there is industrial demand for modification; and there is an attempt to eradicate profit and to draft capital when the tax power of the Government can do both. Finally, the stage has been reached where the President is blaming Congress, and Congress the President. These facts are recited to show that the Army High Commands, as in the past, have pointed out our weaknesses and urged the remedies, and that the failure to move rapidly rests not upon them, but upon the men who form our Government. When the buck is passed by the politicians as it will be passed, let the country not forget where the responsibility lies.

REAR ADMIRAL NIMITZ, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has been successfully pressing the legislation authorizing increases of the Commissioned Personnel of the Navy. This contemplates direct commissioning of Naval ROTC graduates and Naval Reserve aviators, the admission to the Naval Academy of alternates of the 1940 and 1939 classes, who failed of appointment because of the entrance of their principals, and the admission also of enlisted men of the Regular Navy, members of the Naval Reserve and Honor Schools and Presidential appointees, who likewise failed of appointment because in excess of the quotas fixed. In utilizing these sources of qualified candidates, there will be avoided loss of time, since the men will be able to enter upon the Academic year, which starts on 16 Sept. By this forehand method, which Congress is expected promptly to approve, the Navy will be provided with the commissioned personnel its greatly expanded materiel will require. How long the wars in Europe and Asia will last no man can tell, but the disturbed condition of the world for years to come is apparent, and protection of American interests in that condition will require the United States to maintain a superior and powerful Fleet. It is the part of wisdom, therefore, to get the personnel to direct and man it, and Admiral Nimitz has displayed it in urging Congress to grant the increase to meet the present and future needs.

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S. Y.

August 31, 1940

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Service Humor

R. S. V. P.

An invitation to dinner had been sent to the newly-settled physician. In reply the hostess received an absolutely illegible letter.

"I must know if he accepts or refuses," she declared.

"If I were you," suggested her husband, "I should take it to the druggist. Drugists can always read doctors' letters, however badly they are written."

The druggist looked at the slip of note paper, went into his dispensary and returned a few minutes later with a bottle, which he handed over the counter.

"There you are, madam," he said. "That will be 75 cents."

—Contributed.

—o—

Vast?

At a formal dance a sailor discovered that he was standing on his lady friend's train. He had the presence of mind to remark: "Though I may not have the power to draw an angel from the skies, I have pinned one to the earth."

She excused him. —Contributed.

—o—

Popular Color

A wealthy Northern girl was attending a social at a country plantation in the South.

"You Northern girls haven't such healthy complexions as we Southern girls," said the Southern belle to the Northern girl. "I always wonder why our men folks take such a fancy to your white faces."

"It isn't our white faces that attract them," responded the Northern girl; "It's our greenbacks."

—Contributed.

—o—

British Joke

"Yes," said the Dear Old Lady, "wasn't it clever of those Russians to save all our brave British sailors from the German ship Altmark?"

"But," remonstrated her nephew, "it wasn't the Russians, but—"

"Oh, yes," said the Dear Old Lady. "B.B.C. announced distinctly said they had been rescued by the Cossacks!"

—The Tank.

—o—

Honorable mention goes this week to "R.W.", a consistent contributor, who again furnished the most acceptable last line for one of the JOURNAL's unfinished limericks. As completed by "R.W.", the limerick reads:

This is about a soldier-lad named Bert,
Who at love-making was very expert,
But his wives, all three,
Each other chance to see,
And that was the end of the flirt.

Herewith is presented the limerick for the week of 14 Sept. 1940. The Humor Editor hopes that all limerickers, past, present and future, will endeavor to furnish a last line for the abbreviated opus below.

There was a C.O. at Foochow.
Who gambling just would not allow,
He invoked the regulations,
And men's family obligations,

Any similarity in names or personalities to persons living or dead is purely coincidental.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY
AND NAVY JOURNAL QUES
TION EDITOR and an answer will
be given in this column as soon as
possible after receipt.

A. M. S.—If the bill providing for the mobilization of the National Guard and other Reserve components is passed, the Medical Department will order to active duty a percentage of officers of the Medical Administrative Corps Reserve. A few of the officers of this corps already have been called to active duty.

—o—

L. C. K.—Paragraph 8 of Army Regulation 600-15 provides that where noncommissioned officers hold warrants from the same day, length of service in the Army shall determine precedence. If length of service is the same, length of prior service in the Navy or Marine Corps shall decide. If that, too, is the same for two noncommissioned officers, precedence shall be determined by lot.

—o—

E. M. C.—The Adjutant General's Office states that a warrant officer eligible who voluntarily accepts a reduction below first three enlisted grades in order to transfer to another Arm or Service will not lose position on the warrant officers' eligible list.

—o—

F. J. S.—Prior service in the Navy cannot be counted as part of the time an enlisted man must serve in the Army before he is eligible to purchase his discharge.

In the Journal

10 Years Ago

Four new general officers were announced yesterday by the Secretary of War. Brig. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley, executive in the office of the Assistant Secretary of War, was selected to be a major general, Col. Herbert J. Brees, Cav., Col. James K. Parsons, Inf., and Col. Manus McCloskey, FA, were selected to be brigadier generals.

—o—

20 Years Ago

The War Department has announced that the formal opening of the General Service Schools at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, will take place on Monday, 6 Sept., with Brig. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, USA, as commandant.

—o—

30 Years Ago

First Lieutenant Edward A. Stockton, Jr., CAC, in addition to his other duties will assume charge of construction work at Ft. DuPont, Del., and Ft. Mott, N. J., permanently relieving First Lieutenant Richard J. McKenney, CAC, of that duty.

—o—

50 Years Ago

"A distinguished officer of the Army in a letter to the JOURNAL says: 'I congratulate you on your 27th birthday. For an Army and Navy paper in this country to live so long and maintain the independent course you have pursued shows great vitality, or, not to flatter you, say ability.'

—o—

75 Years Ago

General Lee has accepted the presidency of Washington College, at Lexington, Va.

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Department
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Assistant Secretary of War
Robert P. Patterson
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

GENERAL OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. John N. Greely, from Madrid, Spain, 15 Sept., to hq., 2d CA, Governors Isl., N. Y.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.
MAJ. GEN. ALLEN W. GULLION, JAG
Maj. Hubert D. Hoover, from Wash., D. C., 1 Oct., to hq., 1st CA, Boston, Mass.
Maj. James L. Harbaugh, Jr., det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. EDMUND B. GREGORY, QMG
Maj. George C. Wynne, from Atlanta, Ga., 11 Sept., to qm. procurement planning offr., Maj. Louis Procurement Planning Dist., St. Louis, Mo.

Maj. Clarence J. Blake, from St. Louis Procurement Planning Dist., to qm., 2d and Arsenal Stns., St. Louis, Mo.

Maj. Richard B. Thornton, from asst. procurement planning offr., to asst. CO, Phila. QM Dep., Phila., Pa.

Maj. Leander Larson, from Atlanta, Ga., to Camp Blanding, Fla.

Maj. John H. Judd, from Ft. Washington, Md., 5 Sept., to 244th Air Base Co., MacDill Field, Fla.

1st Lt. Daniel S. Richards, from Southeast Air Dep., Aln., to asst. constr. qm., Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. JAMES C. MAGEE, SG
Medical Corps

Following officers, det. as members of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.: Col. William H. Allen, Col. Clemens W. McMillan, and Lt. Col. William C. Pollock.

Col. Norman T. Kirk, from Pres. of San Fran., Calif., to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C., 21 Sept., 30 Nov. 1940.

Lt. Col. Leon A. Fox, prior orders amended; to off., SG, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. George W. Rice, from Balto., Md., 25 Sept., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Lt. Col. Neely C. Mashburn, from Randolph Field, Texas, 20 Sept., to Maxwell Field, Ala.

Lt. Col. Robert K. Simpson, from Mitchell Field, N. Y., 10 Sept., to Randolph Field, Texas.

Lt. Col. Charles L. Maxwell, from Scott Field, Ill., 1 Sept., to Mitchell Field, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Horace S. Villars, from Ft. Hayes, 25 Sept., William Beaumont Gen'l Hosp., El Paso, Texas.

Lt. Col. Forrest R. Ostrander, det. as med. examiner, Army Retiring Bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

Lt. Col. Oral B. Bolibaugh, and Lt. Col. Luther R. Moore, det. as med. examiners, Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

Capt. Robert P. Ren, from Panama Canal Dept., to Letterman Gen'l Hosp., Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

Capt. Conn L. Milburn, from Carlisle Bks., Pa., to Panama Canal Dept. 21 Sept. 1940.

Capt. Robert D. Smith, from Pres. of San Fran., Calif., 1 Dec., to Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.

Following Capts., from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept. 21 Sept. 1940: Eugene R. Inwood, Ft. Banks, Mass., T. Donald McCarthy, Ft. Riley, Kan., and William A. D. Woolgar, Ft. Hayes, O.

Following officers, from station indicated, 5 Sept., to I Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.: Capt. William E. Wilkinson, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., and 1st Lt. William N. Piper, Jefferson Bks., Mo.

1st Lt. Robert F. Loughmiller, from Ft. Hill, Okla., to West Coast AC Training Center, Stockton, Calif.

1st Lt. Wilfred A. Emond, det. as recorder, Army retiring bd., hq., 2d CA, Governors Isl., N. Y.

Dental Corps

Lt. Col. Earl L. Hering, det. as member of dental promotion bd., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. Dale B. Ridgely, from Wash. Gen'l Disp., 3 Sept., to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Joseph L. Bernier, from Panama Canal Dept., to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C.

Veterinary Corps

Col. Christian W. Greenlee, from Ft. Jay, N. Y., 20 Sept., to hq., 5th CA, Ft. Hayes, O.

Col. William H. Houston, from Ft. Hayes, 20 Sept., to hq., 4th CA, Atlanta, Ga.

Col. Burton A. Seeley, from Atlanta, Ga., 20 Sept., to Ft. Jay, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Lloyd C. Ewen, from Front Royal QM Dep., Remount, 1 Sept., to asst. Offr. in

Charge, Eastern Remount Area Hq., Front Royal, Va.

Lt. Col. Burlin C. Bridges, from Ft. Bliss, Texas, to Front Royal QM Dep., Remount, Front Royal, Va.; sail S. F., 17 Sept. 1940.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
MAJ. GEN. HOWARD K. LOUGHRY, C. of F.

Col. Emmet R. Harris, det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. JULIAN L. SCHLEY, C. of E. Col. Lincoln B. Chambers, prior orders revoked; from Sacramento, Calif., to hq., 3d CA, Balto., Md. Sail S. F., 17 Sept. 1940.

Lt. Col. Charles F. Williams, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to GSC, hq., 1st Army, Governors Isl., N. Y., 15 Sept.

Maj. Royal B. Lord, from 6th Engr. Bn., 1 Sept., to 9th Engr. Sq., Ft. Riley, Kan.

Maj. Edwin P. Lock, Jr., from Ft. Riley, Kan., 1 Sept., to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Maj. Gordon C. Day, from Balto., Md., 20 Oct., to 41st Engr. Regt., Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Maj. Henry Herbert, prior orders amended; sail N. Y., 9 Sept. 1940.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES M. WESSON, C. of O. Lt. Col. Ira A. Crump, from Ann Arbor, Mich., 1 Sept., to off., Ch. of Ord., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. Harold W. Rehm, from York, Pa., 5 Sept., to Detroit Ord. Plant, Mich.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH O. MAUBORGNE, CSO Col. Joseph J. Grace, det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

1st Lt. Carl L. Lindquist, (Cav.), from Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

2nd Lt. William Scandrett, from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., 15 Sept., to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

NATIONAL GUARD BUREAU

MAJ. GEN. JOHN F. WILLIAMS, C. of NGB Maj. Richard J. Werner, (Inf.), cont'd as member of War Dept. Gen. Staff, Wash., D. C., until 10 July 1941.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. JOHN K. HERR, C. of CAV. Col. Robert W. Cheney, det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

Lt. Col. William R. Stickman, from Ft. McDowell, Calif., to I Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky., Sail S. F., 7 Sept. 1940.

Lt. Col. Eustis L. Hubbard, from Ft. Brown, Texas, 10 Sept., to 2d CA, New York, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Norman E. Fiske, det. as member of GSC, War Dept. Gen. Staff, Wash., D. C., 30 Oct.

Lt. Col. William T. Bauskett, Jr., from Ft. Bliss, Texas, 5 Sept., to I Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Maj. Leslie M. Grener, from Ft. Riley, Kan., 5 Sept., to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. Ernest F. Dukes, from Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., to CGSS, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Maj. William S. Conrow, prior orders revoked; from Pres. of Monterey, to GSC, hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran., Calif.

Maj. Louis B. Rapp, from Ft. Meade, S. D., 10 Sept., to Overseas Disc., and Repl. Dep., Ft. McDowell, Calif.

Capt. Edward J. Doyle, from Wash., D. C., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Texas. Sail N. Y., 14 Sept. 1940.

Capt. John O. Murtaugh, prior orders revoked.

Following officers, prior orders amended; from Pres. of Monterey, Calif., 5 Sept., to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.: Capt. Albert E. Harris, and 1st Lt. Thomas W. Chandler.

Following officers, from station indicated, 5 Sept., to 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.: 1st Lt. McPherson LeMoine, Ft. Brown, Texas, 2nd Lt. Joe Ahee, Ft. Bliss, Texas, 2nd Lt. Thomas B. Bartel, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 2nd Lt. Thomas L. McCrary, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 2nd Lt. Edward E. Pope, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., and 2nd Lt. Edward MacD. Serrem, Ft. Bliss, Texas.

1st Lt. Kelso G. Clow, prior orders revoked.

Following 1st Lts., to organization indicated at Ft. Riley, Kan.: John J. Davis, to 9th Cav., and John S. Gowdon, to 2d Cav.

2nd Lt. William H. Hale, from Pres. of Monterey, Calif., to 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky., Sail S. F., 17 Sept. 1940.

2nd Lt. Haskett L. Conner, Jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Edward McC. Dannemiller, from Ft. Bliss, Texas, to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

2nd Lt. Howard V. Cooperider, from Ft. Bliss, Texas, to 2d Armored Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

(Please turn to Page 1311)

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy
Frank Knox

Undersecretary of the Navy
James V. Forrestal

Assistant Secretary of the Navy
Lewis Compton

Chief of Naval Operations
Admiral Harold R. Stark, USN

22 Aug. 1940

Capt. Oliver M. Read, det. Nav. Oper., Navy Dept. in Aug. or Sept.; to Nav. Attaché and Nav. Attaché for Air, Ottawa, Canada.

Lt. Comdr. Hubert W. Chanler, det. CO, USS Simpson abt. 31 Aug.; to CO, USS Overton.

Lt. Comdr. Campbell H. Mineckler, det. USS Wasp abt. 3 Sept.; to cfo USS Griffin and on bd. as exec. off. when comm.

Lt. Theodore S. Lank, ors. 20 June modified; to USS Branch as exec. off. instead duty connection USS S-32.

Lt. William T. Nelson, det. USS Plunger abt. 28 Oct.; to cfo USS R-7 and in command when comm.

Lt. (Jg) Ray Davis, det. USS New York abt. 21 Sept.; to instn. Nav. Alt. Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) Walker Ethridge, det. Bomb. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) Maurice Ferrara, det. USS Chicago in Sept.; to instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (Jg) Donald G. Gumz, det. USS Craven abt. 14 Sept.; to instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) Edward F. Jackson, det. USS Crowninshield abt. 1 Aug.; to USS Noa as exec. off.

Lt. (Jg) Charles L. Moore, Jr., det. Fight. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) Walter H. Newton, Jr., det. Fight. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) Philip H. Torrey, Jr., det. Bomb. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (Jg) William T. Vrooman, det. Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk, Va., abt. 9 Nov.; to cfo USS Stringham and on bd. as exec. off. when comm.

Ens. Paul C. Lovelace, det. USS Dallas in Aug.; to USS Brooks.

Comdr. Edwin D. McMorries (MC), det. USS Idaho; to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Lawrence E. Bach (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 2 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Lt. Clark G. Grazier (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 2 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Lt. Langdon C. Newman (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Pensacola, Fla., abt. 8 Aug.; to USS Vestal.

Lt. James R. Syvers (MC), det. Dest. Div. 64; to Bu. M. & S., Navy Dept.

Lt. (Jg) Delphos O. Coffman (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 2 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Ens. James W. Christie (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to USS Tattan.

Ens. Richard Cobb (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to USS Oklahoma.

Ens. James W. Haggard (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to USS Vestal.

Ens. William R. Kaye (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to Asiatic Fit.

23 Aug. 1940

Comdr. Harold L. Challenger, det. Nav. Academy abt. 26 Aug.; to cfo Subm. Div. 9 and duty that div. when organized; ors. 8 July to cfo Subm. Div. 43 revoked.

Lt. Comdr. Sumner K. MacLean, det. USS Spies abt. 10 Aug.; to cfo USS Curtiss and on bd. when comm.

Lt. Robert L. Evans, det. Navy Yd., Ports, N. H. in Oct.; to Bu. Ships, Navy Dept.

Comdr. James P. Bowles (MC), det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va.; to USS Tennessee.

Comdr. Guy Fish (MC), det. staff, Comdr. Cruisers, Setg. Force; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Lt. Cameron L. Hogan (MC), det. Navy Yd., New York, N. Y. abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (Jg) Otto C. Baumgarten (MC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (Jg) Robert E. Bruner (MC), det. USS Holland; to Nav. Dispensary, Long Beach, Cal.

Lt. (Jg) Edward T. Byrne (MC), det. Navy

(Continued on Next Page)

MARINE CORPS

Major General Commandant
Maj. Gen. Thomas Holcomb

Lt. Col. Victor F. Blensdale, det. MB, Puget Sound N.Y., Wash., to FMF, San Diego.

Lt. Col. Howard N. Stent, on arrival U. S., ordered to duty as Inspector-Instructor, 20 Bu., MCR., Portland, Ore.

Maj. Martin S. Rahiser, on 16 Sept., relieved from present duties at MB, Parris Is., and assigned to 4th Def. Bn., FMF, Parris Is.

Maj. Harry E. Leland, Retd., assigned to active duty at MB, NYd., Wash., D. C.

Maj. John K. Martenstein, det. MB, NYd., Wash., D. C., ordered temp. duty with 1st Mar. Brig., Quantico, from 3 to 10 Sept., then to USS McCawley, for duty as Transport Quartermaster, that ship, and for additional duty as CO, MD, on board.

Maj. Charles W. Henkle, AQM, Retd., abt. 17 Oct., det. MB, NYd., Pearl Harbor, T. H., to MCB, San Diego, Calif., for duty in Office of Base QM.

Maj. Paul C. Marmion, Retd., assigned to active duty at MB, NTS, Newport, R. I.

Capt. Wright C. Taylor and James M. Masters, sr., abt. 10 Sept., det. MB, Quantico, to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

Capt. John Waller, Retd., died 20 Aug. (while attached MD, NAS, San Pedro, Calif.).

Capt. Richard W. Sooy, MCR., orders 28 May, relieving from active duty at MB, Quantico, on 2 Sept., revoked; ordered to continue on active duty.

Capt. Patrick J. Haltigan, Jr., MCR., and Capt. L. Jolly, MCR., promoted to Captain, Marine Corps Reserve.

Capt. James J. Dugan, MCR., on 29 Aug. assigned to active duty at MB, NYd., Boston.

Capt. Wayne H. Adams, Capt. James V. Bradley, Jr., Capt. Ernest W. Fry, Jr., Capt. Robert L. Peterson, Capt. Francis H. Williams, 1st Lt. Charles O. Bierman, 1st Lt. John J. Cosgrave, Jr., 1st Lt. Ralph L. Houser, det. from present duties at MB, Quantico, and assigned to Marine Corps Schools det. for additional duty at Third Reserve Officers' Course.

1st Lt. Alonso D. Gorham, MCR., Porcher P. Hopkins, MCR., Allan Sutler, MCR., William F. Meyerhoff, MCR., Arthur N. B. Robertson, MCR., Kimber H. Boyer, MCR., William J. Ryan, MCR., and Edward A. Clark, MCR., promoted to 1st Lt., Marine Corps Reserve.

1st Lt. Lloyd W. Nickerson, MCR., on 20 Aug. assigned to active duty and ordered to MB, Parris Is., for rifle range duty, there.

1st Lt. Philip G. Pachero, MCR., on 1 Oct., assigned to active duty and ordered to MCB, NOB, San Diego, for rifle range duty, there.

1st Lt. Kenneth A. King, abt. 2 Sept., det. MB, NYd., Portsmouth, N. H., to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

1st Lt. Max C. Chapman, abt. 26 Aug. det. MB, NOB, Norfolk, Va., to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

1st Lt. Richard G. Weede, abt. 10 Sept., det. MB, Quantico, to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

1st Lt. William N. McGill, 2d Lt. Mark S. Adams, 2d Lt. William D. Masters, 2d Lt. Nicholas A. Sisak, 2d Lt. Wyman W. Trott, MCR., on 16 Sept., relieved from duties at

Ansell, Ansell & Marshall

Attorneys at Law

708-715 Tower Building

Washington, D. C.

INSURANCE AT COST

Automobiles

Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)
MB, Parris Is. and assigned to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

2d Lt. Lewis A. Jones, abt. 2 Sept., det. MB, Quantico, to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.
2d Lt. James B. Glennon, Jr., abt. 10 Sept., det. MB, Quantico, to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.
2d Lt. Elmer A. Wrenn, det. MB, Puget Sound NYd., to MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla.
2d Lt. Nathan T. Post, Jr., det. MB, NTS, Newport, R. I., to MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla.
2d Lt. Robert S. Howell, det. MCB, San Diego, to MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla.
2d Lt. James R. Christensen, det. MB, Puget Sound NYd., to MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla.
2d Lt. Norman E. Sparling, abt. 31 Aug., det. MB, NYd., Wash., D. C., to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.
2d Lt. Brooke H. Hatch, abt. 26 Aug., det. MB, Wash., D. C., to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.
2d Lt. George M. Lhamon, abt. 2 Sept., det. MB, NYd., New York, to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.

2d Lt. Alvin S. Sanders, abt. 5 Sept., det. MB, NAS, Lakehurst, N. J., to 4th Def. Bn., Parris Is.
2d Lt. James W. Guest, MCR, on 15 Sept., when directed by the CG, MB, Parris Is., det. that station, ordered home and relieved from active duty.

2d Lt. Alfred N. Bisgard, MCR, on 15 Sept., when directed by the CG, FMF, San Diego, Calif., det. that station, ordered home and relieved from active duty.

2d Lts. Rex G. Williams, Jr., MCR, Joseph E. Barolet, MCR, on 23 Aug., assigned to active duty in Third Reserve Officers Course, Marine Corps Schools, Quantico.

2d Lt. John F. Ryan, Jr., MCR, on 24 Aug., assigned to active duty in Third Reserve Officers' Course, Marine Corps Schools, Quantico, Va.

2d Lt. Douglas P. Devendorf, MCR, on 26 Aug., assigned to active duty in Third Reserve Officers' Course, Marine Corps Schools, Quantico, Va.

2d Lts. Gregory J. Weissenberger, James J. Owens, John W. Burkhardt, William J. O'Neill, abt. 26 Aug., relieved from duty at MB, NAS, Pensacola, and assigned to aviation duty and flight training at NAS, Pensacola, Fla.

2d Lts. Alan R. Miller, Robert H. Armstrong, appointed second lieutenant in the Marine Corps and ordered to Basic School, MB, Phila., Pa.

2d Lt. Dorrance S. Radcliffe, det. NAS, Pensacola, to MB, Parris Is.

QM Clk. Charles W. Byers, appointed a Quartermaster Clerk in Marine Corps and assigned to duty at MB, Parris Is.

QM Clk. James E. Buckle, Clyde H. Long, William L. Williams, appointed a Quartermaster Clerk in Marine Corps and assigned to duty with 1st Mar. Brig., Quantico, Va.

QM Clk. Alton P. Trapnell, appointed a Quartermaster Clerk in Marine Corps and assigned to duty with 1st Mar. Aircraft Group, Quantico, Va.

Pay Clk. Stuart F. B. Wood, appointed a Pay Clerk in Marine Corps and assigned to duty at Hdqrs. Marine Corps.

Mar. Gun. Charles C. Campbell, appointed a Marine Gunner in Marine Corps and assigned to duty with 1st Mar. Aircraft Group, Quantico.

Mar. Gun. William F. Pulver, James D. Gay, appointed a Marine Gunner in Marine Corps and assigned to duty with FMF, San Diego.

Mar. Gun. Edgar C. Hughes, appointed a Marine Gunner in Marine Corps and assigned to duty with 1st Mar. Brig., Quantico.

Mar. Gun. William E. Word, appointed a Marine Gunner in Marine Corps and assigned to duty at American Embassy, Havana, Cuba.

Ch. Pay Clk. Alfred L. Robinson, det. MB, NYd., Mare Is., and ordered home for retirement.

The following officers were promoted to the grades indicated, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, on 19 Aug. 1940, with rank from the dates shown opposite their names:

Col. Lemuel C. Shepherd, Jr.—8 July, 1940—No. 1.

Col. Frank Whitehead—8 July 1940—No. 2.
Col. Robert Blake—8 July 1940—No. 3.

Lt. Col. Joseph H. Fellows—8 July 1940—No. 1.

Lt. Col. Louis G. DeHaven—8 July 1940—No. 2.

Lt. Col. Lester A. Dessez—8 July 1940—No. 3.

Lt. Col. John W. Beckett—8 July 1940—No. 4.

Lt. Col. John Halla—8 July 1940—No. 5.

Lt. Col. Kenneth A. Inman—8 July 1940—No. 6.

Lt. Col. Lester N. Medaris—8 July 1940—No. 7.

Lt. Col. Frank B. Goettge—8 July 1940—No. 8.

Lt. Col. Donald G. Ogleby—8 July 1940—No. 9.

Lt. Col. Byron F. Johnson—8 July 1940—No. 10.

Lt. Col. John T. Selden—8 July 1940—No. 11.
Lt. Col. Elmer E. Hall—8 July 1940—No. 12.

Maj. John D. Blanchard—8 July 1940—No. 1.
Maj. John N. Hart—8 July 1940—No. 2.
Maj. Hawley C. Waterman—8 July 1940—No. 3.

Maj. James O. Brauer—8 July 1940—No. 6.
Maj. Thomas C. Green—8 July 1940—No. 7.
Maj. Andrew J. Mathiesen—8 July 1940—No. 8.

Maj. Joseph C. Burger—8 July 1940—No. 9.
Maj. Verne J. McCaul—8 July 1940—No. 11.
Maj. Leslie F. Narum—8 July 1940—No. 12.

Maj. Jon M. Bethel—8 July 1940—No. 13.
Maj. John F. Hough—8 July 1940—No. 14.
Maj. Robert L. Griffin, Jr.—8 July 1940—No. 15.

Maj. Edward L. Pugh—8 July 1940—No. 16.
Maj. Earl H. Phillips—8 July 1940—No. 18.
Maj. Matthew C. Horner—8 July 1940—No. 20.

Maj. James M. Ranck, Jr.—8 July 1940—No. 21.

Capt. Frederick H. Ramsey—1 July 1939—No. 31.

Capt. Reynolds H. Hayden—1 July 1939—No. 32.

Capt. Victor H. Krulak—14 Aug., 1939—No. 4.

Capt. Harold O. Deakin—14 Aug., 1939—No. 6.

1st Lt. Robert T. Vance—3 June, 1940—No. 3.

1st Lt. Woodrow M. Kessler—3 June 1940—No. 4.

1st Lt. Donald E. Huey—3 June 1940—No. 7.

1st Lt. Clarence A. Barninger, Jr.—3 June, 1940—No. 8.

1st Lt. Merritt Adeiman—3 June 1940—No. 9.

1st Lt. Rivers J. Morrell, Jr.—3 June 1940—No. 10.

1st Lt. Arthur J. Stuart—3 June 1940—No. 12.

1st Lt. Cedric H. Kuhn—3 June 1940—No. 13.

1st Lt. Thomas A. Culhane, Jr.—3 June 1940—No. 17.

1st Lt. Guy G. Narter—3 June 1940—No. 18.

1st Lt. Alben C. Robertson—3 June 1940—No. 20.

1st Lt. Radford C. West—3 June 1940—No. 21.

1st Lt. Thomas R. Stokes—3 June 1940—No. 21.

1st Lt. Ray L. Vroom—3 June 1940—No. 22.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Yd., Puget Snd., Wash., abt. 7 Aug.; to USS Holland.

Lt. (jg) Mark S. Curtis (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Jefferson Davis (MC), det. Navy Yd., Ports., Va., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Frederick L. Eagleston, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Chelsea, Mass., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Marine Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Simon W. Eyer (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Lester M. Fox (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va., abt. 15 Sept.; to Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) William N. New (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Frank T. Norris (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va., abt. 3 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Richard B. Williams, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Richard B. Williams, Jr. (DC), det. US Texas, abt. 15 Aug.; to Nav. Trng. Sta., Lt. Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) William H. Snyder (DC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 28 Sept.; to Mar. Setg. Sqd. 3.

Ens. Paul R. Lally (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to USS Ogallala.

Ens. Charles J. Lightfoot (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to Asiatic Flt.

Ens. Charles S. Osborne, Jr. (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to Asiatic Flt.

Asiatic Orders
Lt. (jg) J. F. Dreith (ChC), det. USS Black Hawk, 12 Aug.; to 12th Nav. Dist.

24 Aug. 1940

Comdr. James Fife, Jr., det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., abt. 21 Aug.; to Nav. Oper. Navy Dept.

Comdr. Joseph W. Fowler, det. Bu. Ships, Navy Dept. in Oct.; to Navy Yd., Mare Is., Cal.

Comdr. John H. Halla—8 July 1940—No. 5.
Comdr. Kenneth A. Inman—8 July 1940—No. 6.

Lt. Col. Lester N. Medaris—8 July 1940—No. 7.

Lt. Col. Frank B. Goettge—8 July 1940—No. 8.

Lt. Col. Donald G. Ogleby—8 July 1940—No. 9.

Lt. Col. Byron F. Johnson—8 July 1940—No. 10.

Lt. Comdr. Thomas Burrowes, det. USS

Moffett abt. 15 Aug.; to cfo USS Robinson and in command when comm.

Lt. Comdr. Robert W. Clark, det. USS Jouett abt. 19 Aug.; to CO, USS Hopkins.

Lt. Comdr. Charles A. Legg, det. USS Pyro abt. 31 Aug.; to Instn. Cal. Inst. of Tech., Pasadena, Cal.

Lt. Comdr. Ernest S. von Kleeck, Jr., upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y. to duty CO USS Blakeley.

Lt. Comdr. Edwin E. Woods, det. CO, USS Hickerson in Aug.; to USS Louisville.

Lt. William H. Brockman, Jr., det. Nav. Academy abt. 3 Sept.; to staff, Comdr. Subm. Sqd. 2.

Lt. Terrence R. Cowie, det. USS Honolulu abt. 1 Oct.; to cfo USS Albemarle and on bd. when comm.

Lt. John F. Davidson, det. CO, USS S-44 abt. 10 Oct.; to cfo USS Mackerel and in command when comm.

Lt. Levi J. Knight, Jr., to exec. off., USS Jouett.

Lt. Robert R. Moore, det. USS Branch abt. 17 Aug.; to cfo USS McKean and in command when comm.

Lt. Charles F. Phillips, det. USS Noa, upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va., to duty USS Helena.

Lt. Martin R. Stone, det. USS Herbert; to CO, USS Dickerson.

Lt. Joseph B. Swain, det. staff, Comdr. Dest. Sqd. 41, 15 Aug.; to staff, Comdr. Dest. Sqd. 39.

Lt. (jg) Bladen D. Claggett, det. USS S-45 abt. 1 Oct.; to cfo USS Mackerel and on bd. when comm.

Lt. (jg) Charles R. Dodds, det. Obs. Sqd. 5 (USS New York) in Aug.; to Obs. Sqd. 5 (USS Texas).

Lt. (jg) Stephen H. Gimber, det. USS Clinch in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Joseph W. Koenig, det. USS Welles abt. 5 Aug.; to cfo USS Eberle and on bd. when comm.

Lt. (jg) Richard Lane, det. USS Hulbert abt. 8 Aug.; to USS Herbert as exec. off.

Lt. (jg) Edwin E. Lord, 3rd, det. USS Rodgers abt. 5 Aug.; to USS Sturtevant as exec. off.

Lt. (jg) John T. Lowe, Jr., det. Setg. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Morton H. Lytle, det. USS Tuscaloosa in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Ralph M. Pray, det. Pat. Sqd. 51 in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Kenneth S. Shook, det. USS Breeze abt. 1 Aug.; to cfo USS Hogan and on bd. as exec. off. when comm.

Lt. (jg) George Wendlberg, det. USS Welles in Aug.; to USS Jouett.

Lt. (jg) Robert E. Wheeler, det. USS Welson C. Wood abt. 30 Aug.; to cfo USS Colhoun and on bd. when comm.

Ens. Eric Allen, Jr., det. USS Trenton in Aug.; to Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ens. William G. Blasdel, det. USS Sims in Aug.; to Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa.

Ens. Freehand H. Carde, Jr., det. USS Bernadou abt. 6 Aug.; to USS Branch.

Ens. Irving D. Dewey, det. USS Idaho in Aug.; to USS Drayton.

Ens. Charles R. Gebhardt, det. USS Hammann in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Leonard E. Harmon, upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal., to Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ens. Ralph H. Lockwood, det. USS Mustin in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Richard W. Phillips, ors. 25 July to cfo USS Livermore revoked; continue USS Quincy.

Ens. John A. Sharpe, Jr., det. USS Ranger abt. 4 Aug.; to USS Stack; ors. 24 July to USS Stack revoked.

Ens. Ralph Weymouth, det. USS Trenton in Aug.; to Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Comdr. Frederick L. McDaniel (MC), det. USS Tennessee; to Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa.

Comdr. Lee B. Sartin (MC), det. Nav. Retg. Sta., New Orleans, La., abt. 11 Sept.; to Asiatic Flt.

Lt. Comdr. Cyrus R. Currier (MC), det. Rec. Sta., Boston, Mass.; to Navy Retg. Sta., Kansas City, Mo.

Lt. Comdr. Edward M. Harris, Jr. (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Lt. Lakes, Ill., abt. 15 Aug.; to USS Louisville.

Lt. William S. Cann (MC), det. Dest. Div. 62 in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., San Juan, P. R.

Lt. Donald O. Wissinger (MC), det. USS Yorktown; to Nav. Academy.

Lt. (jg) Ellwood V. Boger (MC), det. Dest. Div. 60; to Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Eugene P. Harris (MC), det. USS Claxton; to Nav. Academy.

Lt. (jg) Lewis L. Haynes (MC), det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va., abt. 4 Aug.; to Dest. Div. 62.

Lt. (jg) John J. Head (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 5 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Jacob G. Hebble, 3rd (MC), det.

Navy Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va.; to USS Ham-

bal.

Lt. (jg) James G. Kurfees (MC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Leslie W. Lange (MC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Robert E. Woods, det. CO, USS Dick-

erson in Aug.; to USS Louisville.

Lt. William H. Brockman, Jr., det. Nav. Academy abt. 3 Sept.; to staff, Comdr. Subm. Sqd. 2.

Lt. (jg) Haydon Rochester (MC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Vincent C. Maslowski (DC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Howard B. McKinney (DC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) James T. Mudler (DC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) John H. Paul (DC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) John H. Paul (DC), det. Nav. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) James L. Townsend (DC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va. abt. 15 Aug.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Howard C. Turner (DC), det. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Lt. (jg) Gordon M. Callison (DC), to Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Preston R. Clark (SC), det. Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa., in Sept.; to CO, Houston.

Lt. (jg) Arthur E. Desrosiers (SC), to Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Robert C. Disher (SC), to Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa.

Navy Orders*(Continued from Preceding Page)*

Det. in Aug.; to cfo USS Tillman & on bd. no exec. off. when comm.

Lt. (jg) John L. Phillips, Jr., det. Torp. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise) in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Hugh R. Rimmer, det. USS California in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Thomas W. Samuel, det. USS Alulick abt. 16 Aug.; to cfo USS Tillman & on bd. when comm.

Lt. (jg) William A. Stevenson, upon disch. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H. to fur. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. (jg) George L. Street, 3rd, det. USS Arkansas in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) William R. Wallis, det. Setg. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise); continue trt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal.

Ens. Edgar D. Grady, det. USS Dallas; to 5th Nav. Dist.

Ens. Cleon J. Holden, det. USS Drayton; to 11th Nav. Dist.

Ens. Woodrow W. McCrory, det. USS Concord in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. John A. Sharpe, Jr., uncompleted portion ors. 2 Aug. to USS Stack revoked. Det. Det. Atlantic Sqdn. abt. 7 Aug.; to cfo USS Livermore & on bd. when comm.

Lt. Cecil H. Coggins (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal. abt. 15 Aug.; to temp. duty Bu. M. & S., Navy Dept.

Lt. Gerard B. Creagh (MC), det. USS Bowditch; to USS Hannibal.

Lt. Gordon H. Ekkblad (MC), det. staff, Comdr. Subm. Sqd. 3; to Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y.

Lt. Benjamin G. Feen (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Charleston, S. C. in Aug.; to Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. James G. Neff (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Chelsea, Mass. in Aug.; to USS Saipan.

Lt. Morris M. Rubin (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y. in Oct.; to Navy Yd., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. (jg) Ralph B. Berry (MC), det. USS Chaumont; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. (jg) Vayle S. Briden (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal. abt. 19 Aug.; to USS Bridge.

Lt. (jg) Robert L. Findley (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Guam abt. 28 Aug.; to Rec. Ship, San Fran., Cal.

Lt. (jg) Jacob G. Hebble, 3rd (MC), det. USS Hannibal; to USS Bowditch.

Lt. (jg) Charles F. Hudson (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va. abt. 3 Sept.; to USS Wharton.

Lt. (jg) Harry T. Stratford (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y. in Aug.; to Dest. Div. 51.

Lt. (jg) Harold E. Cole (SC), ors. modified. To Nav. Air Sta. Det., Quantico Pt., R.I.

Ens. Daniel E. Waite (SC), det. USS Taffy 30 Sept.; to Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Ens. Otto V. Wallgren, Jr. (SC), to Instn. Nav. F. & S. Sch., Phila., Pa.

Ch. Pharm. George W. Todd, Jr., det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa.; to Flt. Mar. Force, Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va.

Ch. Pay Clk. Gerald C. Anderson, det. Navy Yd., New York, N. Y., in Sept.; to Asiatic Flt.

Ch. Pay Clk. Charles A. Batchelder, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Sept.; to USS Henderson.

Ch. Pay Clk. John G. Connolly, det. Rec. Sta., Puget Snd., Wash. in Sept.; to USS Oklahoma.

Ch. Pay Clk. Horace B. Gould, det. USS Henderson; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ch. Pay Clk. James D. Stephens, det. USS New Mexico in Sept.; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Ch. Pay Clk. Charles A. Young, det. USS Oklahoma in Sept.; to Rec. Sta., Puget Snd., Wash.

Pay Clk. John A. Donehoo, det. USS West Virginia in Sept.; to Nav. Yd., New York, N. Y.

Eleanor E. Hennessy, Nurse, Det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 9 Sept.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Theima Kaye Metcalfe, Nurse, Det. Nav. Sta., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.

Goldie A. O'Haver, Nurse, Det. Nav. Sta., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.

Leone K. Rand, Nurse, Det. Nav. Hosp., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Reserve Officers

Ens. Radford K. Arner, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Bomb. Sqd. 2 (USS Lexington).

Ens. William R. Bailey, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 3L.

Ens. Marvin E. Barnett, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 9 (USS Honolulu).

Ens. Tom B. Bash, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Torp. Sqd. 2 (USS Lexington).

Ens. William A. Beeton, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 32.

Ens. Frederic A. Borsod, A-V(N) USNR Det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 32.

Ens. Guy F. Gugliotta, det. USS Bagley in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. James S. Cooley, det. USS McLanahan; to trt. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y.

Ens. Robert E. Cutts, det. USS Craven in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Thomas A. Chisholm, Jr., A-V(N)

Ens. Lucien B. McDonald, det. USS Litchfield in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Alan R. McFarland, det. USS McCormick in Aug. or Sept.; to Atlantic Sqdn.

Lt. Comdr. Albert J. Desautels (MC), upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C. to duty Navy Rtg. Sta., New Orleans, La.

Lt. Leslie D. Ekwall (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal. abt. 30 Aug.; to staff, Comdr. Subm. Sqd. 3.

Lt. Phillip S. McLennan (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va., in Aug.; to Navy Yd., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Kenneth H. Vinnedge (MC), det. Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.; to Nav. Hosp., Newport, R. I.

Lt. Irving J. Warmolts (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Newport, R. I., abt. Sept. 15; to Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. John M. Wheelis, Jr., (MC), det. USS Somers in Aug.; to M. & S., Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) Charles J. Allen (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal. abt. 30 Aug.; to Dest. Div. 50.

Lt. (jg) Leonard A. Becker (MC), ors. 3 Aug. to Asiatic Flt. revoked; continue Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Cal.

Lt. (jg) Vernon W. H. Campbell (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 22 Aug.; to 15th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) William S. Francis (MC), det. Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. (jg) Norman S. Hunt (MC), det. Navy Yd., Mare Is., Cal.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. Frederick W. Meelting (ChC), det. USS Henderson abt. 28 Aug.; to USS Tuscaloosa.

Bossn. Stanley A. Sokulski, det. USS Rigel in Aug.; to USS Kalmia.

Ch. Gun. Herman Bullinger, det. Nav. Amm. Depot, Balboa, C. Z. abt. 10 Sept.; to Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Gun. Thomas S. McCrory, det. Instn. Ford Instrument Co., Long Is. City, L. I., N. Y. in Oct.; to cfo USS North Carolina & on bd. when comm.

Mach. David L. Fincher, det. USS Algoma abt. 24 Aug.; to cfo USS Curtiss & on bd. when comm.

Mach. Clyde G. Lubbock, ors. 29 July modified. To USS Algoma instead 12th Nav. Dist.

Mach. Clinton W. St. Laurent, det. Navy Yd., Ports., N. H. abt. 9 Sept. to USS Griffin.

Ch. Elec. Louis G. LaFerte, det. Nav. Res. Lab., Anacostia Sta., Wash., D. C., abt. 31 Aug.; to USS Enterprise.

Ch. Elec. Robert G. Nichols, det. Office of Supvrs. of Shipldg., Bath Iron Works Corp., Bath, Me. in Sept.; to USS Hannibal.

Ch. Carp. Lars J. Larson, det. Navy Yd., Boston, Mass., abt. 30 Sept.; to Navy Yd., New York, N. Y.

Ch. Pay Clk. Gerald C. Anderson, det. Navy Yd., New York, N. Y., in Sept.; to Asiatic Flt.

Ch. Pay Clk. Charles A. Batchelder, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Sept.; to USS Henderson.

Ch. Pay Clk. John G. Connolly, det. Rec. Sta., Puget Snd., Wash. in Sept.; to USS Oklahoma.

Ch. Pay Clk. Horace B. Gould, det. USS Henderson; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ch. Pay Clk. James D. Stephens, det. USS New Mexico in Sept.; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Ch. Pay Clk. Charles A. Young, det. USS Oklahoma in Sept.; to Rec. Sta., Puget Snd., Wash.

Pay Clk. John A. Donehoo, det. USS West Virginia in Sept.; to Nav. Yd., New York, N. Y.

Eleanor E. Hennessy, Nurse, Det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Pa., abt. 9 Sept.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Theima Kaye Metcalfe, Nurse, Det. Nav. Sta., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.

Goldie A. O'Haver, Nurse, Det. Nav. Sta., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.

Leone K. Rand, Nurse, Det. Nav. Hosp., Guam, M. I.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal.

Ens. James S. Andrews, det. USS Litchfield in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Charles S. Arthur, Jr., det. USS St. Louis in Aug.; to Atlantic Sqdn.

Ens. John F. Bauer, det. Atlantic Sqdn., in Sept.; to USS St. Louis.

Ens. Philip A. Beshany, det. USS Philadelphia in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. James S. Cooley, det. USS McLanahan; to trt. Nav. Hosp., Bkln., N. Y.

Ens. Robert E. Cutts, det. USS Craven in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Guy F. Gugliotta, det. USS Bagley in Sept.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. Thomas A. Chisholm, Jr., A-V(N)

Ens. Howard E. Gibbs, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 7 (USS Quincy).

28 August 1940

Lt. Comdr. William S. Campbell, det. Nav. Academy abt. 5 Sept.; to Nav. Oper., Nav. Dept.

Lt. John W. Davidson, det. Cruiser Setg. Sqd. 7 (USS Quincy) in Sept.; to temp. duty Nav. Air Sta., Cape May, N. J. & duty Setg. Sqd. 5-D4 when comm.

Lt. (jg) Otto R. Cole, Jr., det. 12th Nav. Dist. abt. 27 Aug.; to Instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Gordon A. Griffin, ors. 19 July modified. To Bomb. Sqd. 7 instead Sqd. 3 (USS Saratoga).

Lt. (jg) Geoffrey P. Norman, ors. 19 July modified. To Sqd. 72 instead Sqd. 41.

Comdr. John E. Porter (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Long Beach, Cal. in Sept.; to Nav. Disp. Long Beach, Cal.

Comdr. Norman Roberts (MC), det. Hosp., San Diego, Cal. in Sept.; to Nav. Disp. Long Beach, Cal.

Comdr. William D. Small (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Newport, R. I., abt. 20 Sept.; to Nav. Hosp., Ports., Va.

Lt. Comdr. Raymond W. Hege (MC), det. Patrol Wing 3; to Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. Joseph V. Land (MC), det. Navy Rtg. Sta. St. Louis, Mo. in Oct.; to Dest. Div. 10.

Lt. (jg) Daniel W. Boone (MC), det. Mar. Rtg. Sta. Portland, Ore. in Aug. or Sept.; to USS Chaumont.

Lt. (jg) Rodney D. Chamberlain (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal., abt. 16 Sept.; to Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, HI.

Lt. (jg) Robert L. Findley (MC), det. Rec. Ship, San Fran. Cal. in Aug.; to Navy Yd., Mare Is., Cal.

Lt. (jg) George M. Hutto (MC), det. Mar. Brks., Quantico, Va. abt. 15 Aug.; to Navy Yd., Pearl Harbor, HI.

Lt. Comdr. Ernest M. Cronin (SC), upon disch. trt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Cal. to duty Nav. Air Sta., Cape May, N. J.

Lt. (jg) Max Schillewe (SC), det. USS Oklahoma in Oct.; to Nav. Air Sta., Seattle, Wash.

Ens. Lawrence V. Hallberg (SC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Ens. James T. Mathews (SC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Aug.; to Nav. Air Sta., Miami, Fla.

Mach. Clyde G. Lubbock, det. Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa abt. 31 July; to 12th Nav. Dist.

Pay Clk. James A. Gardiner, ors. 4 Apr. modified. To USS Phoenix instead Rec. Ship, San Fran., Cal.

Ens. John F. Adams, ors. 10 June modified. To NRAB Boston (Squantum), Mass., instead duty Pensacola, Fla.

Ens. Fred L. Bates, USNR, det. Utility Sqd. 2 (USS Rigel) in Sept.; to NRAB, Long Beach, Cal.

Ens. Marion L. Boiling, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Utility Sqd. 1.

Ens. Robert B. Clark, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 4.

Ens. Emil E. Coolman, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 31.

Ens. Ralph Cox, Jr., USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 54.

Ens. John E. Deinshmit, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Fight. Sqd. 5 (USS Yorktown).

Ens. Thurlow G. Doyle, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 14.

Ens. Otto A. Finley, USNR, det. Patrol Sqd. 4 abt. 29 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Robert J. Fleming, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 54.

Ens. Robert L. Fling, USNR, det. NRAB Kansas City, Kans. abt. 28 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. James S. Forkner, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 11.

Ens. Gilbert J. Frauenheim, USNR, det. Patrol Sqd. 26 abt. 27 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Warren D. Gaboury, USNR, det. Patrol Sqd. 25 abt. 29 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Henry M. Geselbracht, Jr., USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Bomb. Sqd. 3 (USS Saratoga).

Ens. Howard E. Gibbs, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 53.

Ens. Frank M. Graham, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Utility Sqd. 1.

Ens. James W. Hardy, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Utility Sqd. 2.

Ens. William W. Hargrave, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 22.

Ens. Edward Heck, Jr., USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Torp. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise).

Ens. James J. Hogan, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 43.

Ens. Keith H. Holcomb, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Bomb. Sqd. 6 (USS Enterprise).

Ens. Lloyd R. Humphreys, USNR, det. Patrol Sqd. 54 abt. 27 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Kenneth V. Jackman, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 51.

Ens. Willard H. James, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Avia. Unit, US St. Louis.

Ens. Stuart D. Johnston, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 31.

Ens. John M. Kirkpatrick, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Obs. Sqd. 3 (USS Mississippi).

Ens. Crawford L. Lansing, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Obs. Sqd. 2 (USS California).

Ens. Michael T. Leonard, USNR, det. Obs. Sqd. 5 (USS New York) abt. 23 Aug.; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ens. Juriah J. Lyons, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 42.

Ens. Donald E. McCoy, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 33.

Ens. Howard E. Gibbs, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 53.

Ens. Frank M. Graham, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Utility Sqd. 1.

Ens. James W. Hardy, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Utility Sqd. 2.

Ens. William W. Hargrave, USNR, det. Instn. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to Patrol Sqd. 22.

Ens. Edward Heck, Jr., USNR, det.

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—The World is on the eve of the first anniversary of the European War, and has passed another anniversary of the invasion of China by Japan. In the space of one year, Germany has completed the occupation of Czecho-Slovakia, divided Poland with Russia, agreed to Soviet absorption of the Baltic States and acquisition of parts of Finland and Rumania, peacefully occupied Denmark, invaded Norway and driven a British expeditionary force from that country, conquered Holland, Belgium and France, induced Italy to implement the Axis agreement, and isolated Great Britain. These are tremendous achievements. Taking advantage of them, Japan has enlarged the scope of her designs. No longer is she satisfied with the New Order in Asia. She now is openly proclaiming her purpose to establish a vast Far Eastern Empire, which will extend even to the South Seas, and include the rich Dutch East Indies, this while she is still unsuccessfully endeavoring to destroy the government of Chiang-Kai-Shek, and suffering economic depletion at home.

In this terrible picture, where German bombs are raining upon the United Kingdom and British bombs on Germany and Italy, and where battles are being fought in Africa, with Italian seizure of British Somaliland, the Western Hemisphere appears, for the moment, free from military operations, but preparing to participate in them. The United States has organized Pan-America into a bloc, committed in principle to keeping the war from its waters through the maintenance of a "Safety Zone," to the suppression of Fifth Column activities, to the prevention of the transfer of European colonies, and to the creation of a financial and economic association, which will enable the purchase of exportable surpluses and the regimentation of production so that revolution may not be precipitated by disturbance of internal economies. The effect of the several steps taken and agreed upon, is to supplement the British blockade. A defensive alliance has been negotiated with Canada, which is being put into practical operation, a delegation of Army, Navy and Air officers is in London, discussing plans for unified action, Britain has offered the United States bases in her American possessions, and the President is seeking ways and means to turn over some sixty destroyers to the British Navy. At the least, the consequence is that Britain is freed from concern as to her territories in the Western Hemisphere, and can concentrate her strength at home and in the Mediterranean. In the Pacific and Far East, the United States, with its Fleet poised at Hawaii, is protecting British and French interests against Japan, and insisting upon the latter's observance of the pre-war principles of the Open Door in and integrity of China and the status quo in the western ocean. To assure adequate defense, and to carry out the missions the President has in mind, the potential power of the United States is being slowly activated. It will take time for us to be ready, and realization of the fact is responsible for the Hitler policy to destroy Britain while preserving peace with us, no matter how extensive the "short of war" aid we are giving to his enemy.

The diplomacy of the warring nations, as well as that of the United States, is battling with the same, if not greater, vigor, as their Armies, Navies and Air Forces. In Moscow, Britain is seeking to detach Russia from her understanding with Germany, and Hitler is working zealously to maintain it. To keep the Soviet Government satisfied, Germany acquiesced in Russian seizure of the Rumanian provinces of Bessarabia and Bukovina, and in the transfer of part of the Dobrudja to Bulgaria. She also applied pressure to the Bucharest Government to transfer a slice of Transylvania to Hungary, but at this point that Government rebelled, and Budapest moved to use force. At this moment occurred a border conflict between Russian and Rumanian troops and air squadrons. The uneasy Balkans, where peace is essential to Germany for the production and transportation of their oil and foodstuffs, are thus in danger of flaming, which is to Britain's interest, and to the injury of the Axis Powers. German victories and Russian pressure caused Turkey to fail to carry out her pledge to join Great Britain and France when Italy entered the war, but she will be vitally concerned should her small rivals gain in strength at the expense of Rumania. Too, there is danger for her in the Italian threat upon Greece, through which and Jugoslavia runs the old Roman road to the Aegean Sea and the Near East.

Mussolini's design is control of the Mediterranean. This means conquest of Gibraltar and the Suez Canal. For a time it looked as though Spain would move with Germany and Italy to conquer the Rock. To avert such action, Britain sent Honore-Bellisha to Madrid, and as a result of promises to ease the blockade, and, it is reported, to cede Gibraltar after the war, General Franco has decided to maintain non-belligerency. Italy believed that Egypt would remain neutral, but in Cairo British diplomacy appears to have triumphed, and the Government there is organizing to defend the country against invasion.

In the extreme Orient, Japan is faced by the fact that Russia is aiding Chiang-Kai-Shek, and is poised on the Siberian and Outer Mongolian frontiers ready to take advantage of any weakness she may show. Boundary disputes again have been settled, but permanency of the agreement is doubtful. German and Italian diplomacy is striving to bring Japan into the war on the side of the Totalitarian Powers. Unable to act in the Far East, Great Britain has been compelled to abandon protection of her interests there, to withdraw her guards from China, to close the Burma road of supply to Chung-King, to concentrate her forces at Hongkong and Singapore, and to rely upon the United States to safeguard the policies and principles which are important for her Empire. In consequence, this country, which, through embargoes and threat, has sought to curb Japan, is becoming more and more the object of Japanese hostility, much to the satisfaction of Berlin and Rome. However, the level headed among the rulers in Tokyo are anxious to avoid war with the United States, and would prefer an understanding of their aims by Washington. It is the adamantine requirement of the President that Japan shall withdraw from China, and until this occur, a composition of the differences between the two countries is not likely.

Necessarily this description of the world situation merely touches the high spots. It will be changed radically by a single event—the outcome of the battle of Britain. If Hitler succeed in occupying England, the ties of Stalin with him will be strengthened, Japan will act strongly in the Far East, and the United States, should it not be drawn into the war in the meantime, probably will confine its activities to the protection of its own vital interests, including the Monroe Doctrine, which will cover the Dominion and European possessions in this Hemisphere. If winter come, and England be unconquered, the world will regard time as on her side, and there will be an inclination on the part of Russia and Japan to be more considerate of British diplomatic proposals, and all the Powers will realize that ample opportunity for preparation will be accorded the United States.

Naval Aeronautics—Secretary of the Navy Knox stated at his press conference on 28 Aug. that the Navy has under contract but not delivered, as of 15 Aug., a total of 2541 airplanes. Of this total 1686 were contracted for during the period 1 June to 15 Aug., 31 to be paid for out of 1940 appropriations and 1655 out of 1941 appropriations. The total cost of the 1686 airplanes is \$20,614,782.

Of the Navy planes contracted for between 1 June and 15 Aug., 84 have been delivered to date, of which 14 are combat planes, 68 training planes, and 2 miscellaneous types. Of the 2541 now on order but not delivered 1031 are combat planes, 148 trainers, and 21 miscellaneous types.

Secretary Knox stressed the importance of securing a large number of training planes at an early date, pointing out that trainers would be necessary to produce pilots before large numbers of combat planes could be employed.

Corps of Engineers—A number of engineer officers are being assigned as "Air Base Engineers." Maj. John O. Collonna goes to March Field, Calif., as Air Base Engineer; Maj. Harry E. Fisher to Mitchel Field, N. Y., Maj. John B. Hughes to GHQ Air Force, Langley Field, Va., Maj. Frank L. Beadle to McCord Field, Wash.; Capt. Chester A. Rowland to Selfridge Field, Mich.; and Capt. Garrison H. Davidson to Hamilton Field, Calif.

Navy Line Selections—It was stated at the Navy Department this week that preparations are virtually completed for the calling of boards to select officers of the Navy for promotion under the Line Selection Act. It is likely that the membership of the senior board will be announced within a week or ten days.

Ordnance Department—Orders were issued this week placing Brig. Gen. William L. Westervelt, USA-Ref., on active duty with the rank of lieutenant colonel, the rank he held upon his retirement. General Westervelt has been assigned to duty in the office of the Chief of Ordnance. General Westervelt was chairman of the "Westervelt Board" which studied gun calibres following the world war.

Army Chaplains Corps—The Chief of Chaplains, Wm. R. Arnold, has reported to the War Department that the attendance of soldiers at religious services during the fiscal year ending 30 June 1940, totaled more than two million. Church services were held throughout the year at all Army posts and stations in continental United States and overseas territories. In most cases services were held in chapels so designed that Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish soldiers could worship under one roof. In cases where chapels were not available, services were held in clubs, theaters, warehouses, hangars and tents. In some cases, particularly during maneuvers, open-air services were held. Public address systems and field organs were used in connection with outdoor services. Religious services were also held on Army transports at sea, enroute to and from overseas possessions.

In addition to conducting religious services the 137 Chaplains of the United States Army were also active in connection with recreational activities, such as trail and mountain hikes, promotion of glee clubs and community singing, and organization of camera and stamp clubs.

Statistics pertaining to religious services and related activities have been made public by the Office of the Chief of Chaplains showing a total of 14,727 Sunday services at which the attendance totaled 1,462,296 persons.

Other religious services totaled 10,673, with 290,724 attending. Together with civilian conducted services this made a grand total of 29,523 services with 2,036,579 attending. Marriages totaled 756; baptisms, 1,529; and funerals, 2,013.

Criticism of Maneuvers—Following the recent 1st Army maneuvers, in New York State, a Washington newspaper published a letter from a National Guard enlisted man criticizing the morale, discipline and training of the Guard. The letter charged that insubordination and inefficiency were rampant and that food served was poorly prepared. Guard officials, denying the accuracy of the letter which purported to be from a young man to his mother, cited official records to prove their contention. Subsequently, Representative Hamilton Fish (R.), of N. Y., who attended the maneuvers in his capacity as a Reserve officer, declared that the letter was "deliberately false." He went on to say "It may be a planned attempt to undermine the confidence of the members of Congress in the National Guard."

National Guard—Recent reports that special strict medical examinations for National Guard officers inducted into the Federal Service are contemplated by the War Department are incorrect, according to information received from War Department official sources. The War Department states that following the enactment of Public No. 18, 76th Congress, 3 April 1939, which provided retirement pay for Reserve and National Guard officers incurring disability while on extended active duty, it amended the existing physical standards for appointment, reappointment, promotion, and all active duty, so as to require the same standards, grade for grade, for all officers of the Regular Army, National Guard, and Reserve Corps, except that for initial appointments in the National Guard and in the Officers' Reserve Corps the standards for eyes should be that prescribed for the Medical Department and Chaplains for appointment in the Regular Army. These regulations have been in effect for the past year and would govern in the case of National Guard and Reserve officers ordered on active duty.

Some months ago the National Guard Bureau invited the attention of all state adjutants general to the desirability of the state officials taking action to replace officers not physically or professionally qualified for full field service, in order to minimize changes in officer personnel should the National Guard be inducted into the Federal Service. It is understood that this is now being done in many states. How many officers will be affected is unknown at the War Department, but induction tests held in several corps areas during the past year seem to indicate that the average percentage of disqualifications for physical reasons will be small.

The National Defense Act provides that, as far as practicable, vacancies in commissioned grades which may exist in units inducted into the Federal Service will be filled by National Guard personnel. Vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant will be filled by the appointment of qualified warrant officers and enlisted men who meet the requirements prescribed. Original appointments will be made only in the grade of second lieutenant. Vacancies in grades above that of second lieutenant will be filled by the promotion of officers of the next lower grade in the regiment or separate unit in which the vacancy exists. Promotions will be by selection upon the recommendation of the division or other commander concerned. In the discretion of the division

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separate brigade commanders, however, recommendations may be made to fill any such vacancy by the promotion of an officer of the next lower grade from some other source within the division or separate brigade.

If sufficient qualified individuals inducted from the National Guard are not available, the remaining vacancies may be filled by the assignments, irrespective of the component from which originally drawn. Such assignments would terminate when the unit concerned is relieved from active service.

Role of Vessels—In connection with the current discussion concerning the proposed sale of 50 of our destroyers to England, it is interesting to recall Great Britain's action in permitting the United States to purchase two cruisers building in her yards just prior to our entry into the Spanish American War. The cruisers, the Albany and the New Orleans, were being built by Armstrong, Mitchell and Co., at Newcastle-Tyne, for the Brazilian government. The United States paid Brazil \$1,205,000 and \$1,292,15, respectively, for the two vessels and took them over from the British yards. The sale was consummated on 16 March 1898.

Quartermaster Corps—The Quartermaster General has been authorized to issue one cotton comforter per enlisted man for use in barracks; in permanent and in semi-permanent camps for the Regular Army and for the National Guard when in federal service. Stock will be available for issue about 1 November, 1940, and requisitions should be submitted accordingly. One comforter will be issued to an enlisted man in lieu of one blanket, but in no case will the number of blankets be reduced below two per enlisted man. It is not intended that the comforter be carried by enlisted men for actual duty in the field or for duty under temporary camp shelter. Appropriate changes in Tables of Basic Allowances will be published at an early date.

Infantry—Previous plans concerning the transfer and activation of elements of the 28th Infantry have been changed. One battalion of the 28th Infantry, to be designated by the Commanding General, Second Corps Area, will be transferred from present station or stations to Camp Jackson, S. C., immediately upon completion of the First Army Maneuvers. The 1st Battalion, 28th Infantry, will be activated concurrently with the transfer of one battalion of the regiment to Camp Jackson, at station or stations vacated by the latter. Cadres for the 1st Battalion, 28th Infantry, will be furnished by active elements of the 28th Infantry, as directed by the Commanding General, Second Corps Area.

The 28th Infantry, less the battalion to be transferred to Camp Jackson, will remain in the Second Corps Area until housing facilities for it are completed at Camp Jackson about 1 Dec. 1940, when it will be transferred to Camp Jackson for permanent station.

Navy Vessels—The USS Constellation was placed in full commission at Newport, R. I., on 24 Aug. by the Commandant of the Naval Training Station, Newport, under command of Lt. J. Davis, USN-Ret. The USS Constitution is being commissioned at the Boston Navy Yard today.

Lieutenant Davis, commanding officer of the Constellation, was born in Kiel, Germany, 28 Oct. 1877, and enlisted in the United States Navy in October 1892. During his service as an apprentice seaman he made training cruises in the frigate Constellation. He had continuous service until 1910 when he was given a warrant as Chief Boatswain. He was commissioned an Ensign in 1917. He was appointed a temporary Lieutenant (Junior grade) later in the same year and a senior Lieutenant after passing the examinations in 1920 and was retired in 1927 after thirty years' service. During his long career in the Navy Lieutenant Davis was awarded the Spanish Campaign and Philippine Campaign Medals.

Cavalry—The First Cavalry Division, Maj. Gen. K. A. Joyce, commanding, is en route to its Border stations from the second maneuvers of the Third Army, just completed in western Louisiana. The maneuvers opened with the First Cavalry Division moving forward to a line and screening the advance of the 36th and 45th National Guard Divisions. When these two Guard divisions took over the front line, the First Cavalry Division was held in Corps reserve and later thrown in on the west flank, assisting in the final assault on the BLUE positions. The weather was hot and sultry, but men and animals of the Division were in excellent condition and took the maneuvers in their usual vigorous stride. Once again the mobility and effectiveness of horse cavalry was demonstrated in the field. Although the exercises were necessarily closely restricted by the Army control, the cavalry organizations maneuvered cross-country and outflanked BLUE positions numerous times.

Air Corps—Orders will be issued to transfer the 5th Air Base Group, consisting of approximately 3 officers and 379 enlisted men, from Hamilton Field, Calif., to Ft. Douglas, Utah, for permanent station. Movement will be initiated about 1 Sept. 1940.

Ordnance Dept. Promotions

Under the new allotments in grades and ratings the following promotions to the grade of technical sergeant in the Ordnance Department have been made. They will date from 6 Aug. 1940.

Oakley B. Dyer	Lee I. Dance
John A. Dolan	Roger R. Fitzwater
John P. Rigg	Edward P. Murphy
John F. Scarbrough	Harry J. Hare
Frank Nichols	John C. Robertson
Raymond L. Johnson	Guy A. Orsino
Theodore H. Freeman	Lawrence L. Gentry
Lloyd F. Burton	William H. Scott
George A. Davie	Charles H. Long
Elbert E. Wells	Jesse T. Laceyfield
Cecil K. Harper	Jack D. Owen
Dudley B. Clark	John R. Kelley
George W. Allyn	Wenel Szepinski
Daniel J. Strauss	Charles H. Fisher
Joseph B. Bondi	John H. Bogle
Lester E. Cummings	James A. McCarthy
Wallace F. Hubbard	Joseph H. Ericson
Raymond A. Wesley	Herbert C. Loose

Ratings in Medical Dept.

Pending the printing of changes in AR 615-20, 30 Nov. 1923, paragraph 4 of those regulations is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"a. Ratings, how and by whom made in the United States.—Within the continental limits of the United States, and in conformity with the allowances mentioned in paragraph 2, ratings as specialists will be made as follows: "a. All ratings for enlisted personnel, Medical Department, in other than tactical units, will be made by the commanding officer of a general hospital, the surgeon of a post or station, or the senior veterinary officer of a post or station, in the case of enlisted men of the veterinary service, to the authorized allowance in each class of rating.

"b. All ratings for enlisted personnel, Medical Department, in tactical units will be made by the commanding officer of the medical regiment, medical battalion, medical squadron, medical or veterinary troop, separate companies, medical or veterinary, and in the case of the unit medical detachment, by the unit surgeon. In the absence of a unit surgeon, specialists in unit medical detachment, will be rated by the division surgeon to which the unit pertains."

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.

Fourth Army Critique

The maneuvers of the mobile troops in the Ninth Corps Area, held in the Chehalis-Ft. Lewis, Wash., area from 4 to 24 Aug. 1940, included a two-sided maneuver from 13 to 17 Aug. in which some 41,000 Regular Army and National Guard troops participated. The two-sided maneuver began when instructions were issued at Camp Murray, Wash., to the Commanding General of the Red (Northern) forces at 6 p.m. on 13 Aug. and ended with the sounding of recall at noon on 17 Aug.

On the morning of 20 Aug. more than 1,000 officers who had participated in the maneuvers assembled at Umpire Headquarters in the High School Gymnasium at Yelm, Wash., to hear the critique presided over by Lt. Col. James L. Bradley, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, Ninth Corps Area.

Lieutenant General John L. DeWitt, Commanding General of the Fourth Army and Ninth Corps Area, concluded the critique, commenting, in part as follows:

"What I have to say, gentlemen, applies equally to all troops both Regular Army and National Guard.

"Before I enter into any discussion of the maneuvers and the lessons to be drawn therefrom, I want to express my appreciation to the press for the fair and fine reporting that they have done. The articles that have appeared in the various papers here and in San Francisco during the maneuvers, have been of a high quality and generally accurate.

"We have a different problem from that confronting the nations of Europe. We must organize, train, and plan to meet situations with which we may be faced in the Western Hemisphere, but in doing so in no way disregard the lessons we can learn from analysis of what is now occurring in Europe, but not necessarily copy them.

"The maneuvers closing today have definitely and conclusively shown; first, the need for basic training of individuals and smaller units both of the Regular Army and National Guard; second, that concurrent training cannot be successfully conducted in connection with maneuvers of large forces; third, that the basic training of individuals and the smaller units, that is, platoon, company, troop, battery, battalion and squadron, must be brought to a higher standard of efficiency. Regimental, division, and larger unit training is then a matter of staff coordination of the team composed of these units.

"These maneuvers showed that many faults exist and I am sure these faults have been recognized by both officers and men. They can be corrected only by careful training and close supervision. Seasoning of both officers and men is essential. The unnecessary movements that took place must be avoided as tired men become careless and tired officers do not correct. Staffs must be so organized that there can be an equalization of work and rest.

"I am sorry to hear that the 24th Cavalry Division must be broken up to provide more important units and that the news should come at the time when they have first been able to operate in the field as a unit. The decision of the War Department to reorganize this Division is necessary for the creation of a balanced force, but I want to say that I believe the day is far in the future when horse cavalry will not be needed in our Army. Horse cavalry gives the commander fire power of a type that is invaluable. Modern horse cavalry carries a tremendous punch if properly used in mass. So used it is a very valuable asset in the situations that occurred in this maneuver of a river crossing, or defense of a river line. The orthodox theory of using cavalry on the flanks and front is questionable now if motorized units can meet requirements. The mass movement, the mass action, and the mass fire of this mobile unit are what make this arm so effective. It is mobile fire power at excellence.

"As to aviation, I think we must view it as if it were artillery, and with that conception in view, conduct its employment. An analysis of the recent use of aviation in war shows that it worked closely with ground troops, assisting the advance by attacking objectives in the immediate front; troop concentrations,

reserves, destruction of bridges and roads, supply columns, motor columns, tanks, etc. The attack by aviation on distant objectives can be viewed as similar to long range artillery bombardment.

"As to command, commanding officers must not depend entirely on information based on the visit of staff officers to units. Personal contact is essential so that they may gain their own impression, not only as to the employment of the units visited, but of the situation on their front.

"Commanding officers of subordinate units must be kept as fully informed as possible of the situation as it affects them at all times, so that they may know and be able to take advantage of opportunities that come to them by application of their own initiative. Teamwork is the ultimate objective of our training and information from and contact with higher headquarters and units on the flanks is essential to this.

"As to communication, it makes no difference how much wire we may have, or how much radio we may have, in the final analysis runners must be ready for use.

"The motor vehicle has made us road-bound. As practically all the wire reels are mounted on motor vehicles, the wire was laid along the roads. Very little wire except that laid by and within the smaller units was run across country.

"Reconnaissance was not good. It must be constant. Contact was lost.

"Shutting was carried to extreme. I think in future maneuvers truck casualties must be assessed and the trucks removed from use if we are going to impress upon commanders the necessity for keeping their infantry marching. The use of trucks, the dumping of essential combat loads for short hauls of troops must be stopped. We have heard several officers state this morning that they were short of transportation. That we know, but even if fully equipped, soon after operations begin, trucks will disappear. There will be losses. So it is important that we learn to use effectively fewer trucks than we are allowed under our tables of organization.

"Road discipline was not good. The marching troops did not keep to the sides of the road and the columns were elongated unnecessarily. Troops did not take advantage of cover by marching off the road. The roads seemed to attract marching troops. There was too much halting at crossroads, with the consequent emphasis of crossroads and road junctions by officers and men and motor vehicles.

"There was too much crowding on trucks when moving troops, with many men standing. When halted the men were permitted to stand on the roadside of the trucks instead of on the offside.

"The use of cover was generally poor.

"In some cases command posts were congested, there not being enough dispersion in sections and within sections. The use of maps was too prevalent, and dispositions made from maps instead of on the terrain itself.

"Troops disclosed their positions by too much movement and when men took off their coats and exposed their white undershirts exposure was complete.

"Full advantage was not taken of opportunities to rest. At every opportunity men should lie down if possible to do so.

"Traffic control was not what it should have been. Traffic control is just as much a function of command as anything else and requires constant attention of commanders.

"Contact once gained should not have been lost. It was lost both day and night.

"Patrolling should be constant. Liaison to flanks and with the artillery must always be in effect. In fast moving situations such liaison becomes more important than ever.

"Staff coordination must be assured by conferences between the General and Special Staff and the commander whenever it is feasible to do so.

"In the use of artillery we much not forget the flexibility of its fire—that artillery maneuvers by fire. Many opportunities for effective fire were lost because it was not recognized that at times artillery can be more effective in supporting units from the flank than from the rear; and that widely separated batteries

(Please turn to Page 1315)

FOREIGN MILITARY NEWS-DIGEST

1. Introduction: Tactical Reflections:

The avalanche of dilettant military experts, which the European catastrophe has loosed on a bewildered American public, seem to be in agreement on certain points; these points are quite elementary and have long been appraised by professionals; they are: tactical *surprise* and the *massing* of all destructive means at the point of decision. This is old stuff but it will always be new to the victims! Lee effected surprise in Jackson's turning movement, at Chancellorsville, 1863 and procured *mass*, in Jackson's attack area while holding his own line thinly; there are any number of similar examples, manipulated by great masters of warfare. The modern version differs only in speed and the expert use of the latest technical means. It would be silly not to credit the German war machine with remarkable efficiency, not the least in staff and supply services; every Army in the world is watching them, for information.

The massing of means, at the decisive point, was a characteristic of the great breakthrough battles of the first World War 1914-1918; artillery crowded virtually hub-to-hub, raking every inch of ground, to pave the way for the infantry.

Napoleon (I) understood this perfectly; at Friedland, 120 field pieces were collected, then galloped to a distance of 800 yards from the enemy for fire by salvo, then an advance by echelon to 300 yards, firing case-shot; one-half of the gun crews and two-thirds of the limbers were put out of action, but the mission was fulfilled; preparation for the breakthrough-assault of the infantry!

The procedure at Wagram was similar: covered by a cavalry charge, 100 guns were brought close to the enemy for a murderous preparation fire; then the breakthrough mass was launched in the assault.

The breakthrough column was echeloned in great depth; eight battalions in column-of-battalion, followed by 16 additional battalions, echeloned to the right and left; behind this mass, the cavalry divisions of Nansouty and Walther and a reserve furnished by 20 battalions of the divisions Serras and Wrede; it was expected that the assault echelon would be "consumed," but the rear echelons were to roll up the flanks of the gap, while the cavalry "exploited" the breakthrough.

This is all quite "modern" or the modern version is quite "Napoleonic," whichever you prefer.

This initial artillery preparation is now furnished by aerial bombing, apparently the principle task of the "Stukas," or dive-bombers, i.e. air-porté artillery or "artillery impact areas," delivered by air; the breakthrough, the exploitation is accomplished by tanks. Once in the open, they go on their mission of destruction and confusion and it is in that operation that the element of surprise is most effective. The "general picture" is fairly definite, at this time, but the actions of smaller units that do the dirty work remain obscure; certain German military publications afford an occasional glimpse of tactical details—fast motor-movements, flexible dispositions, quick thinking and reckless courage are discernible: these are the qualities of all good soldiers but, once upon a time, were exemplified by one branch, the cavalry and what has become accepted as cavalry-tactics and esprit; it would seem that the modern motor mechanized unit has taken the place or assumed many missions, once traditionally accomplished by cavalry.

The following article, from the "Militär Wochenschrift," contains a simple description of the pursuit action of a mechanized column.

The Bridgehead near Radymno. "On the evening of the 8th of September 1939, Rzeszow had been taken by a mechanized division. The enemy retreated further to the East.

"On the morning of September 9th, the division formed two pursuit-columns, one column received the order to advance from Rzeszow by way of Tyczyn, Blazowa, Jawornik, Polski, crowns-roads south of Kanczuga, Pruchnik Mlasto, Rokietnica, covering the exposed flank of

the division towards Radymno, take that locality and form a bridgehead at the San bridge. The plan for attack was the same which had proven so successful in the preceding days. The Brigade commander designated phaselines and objectives, the attainment of which was always reported to the division. At noon, Rzeszow was reached and after crossing the Wisłoka bridge, temporarily repaired, a southerly turn was taken towards Tyczyn. Taking heed of the lessons taught by the experiences of the previous days, close attention was paid to possible road-mines and tank obstacles, right behind Rzeszow, we encountered several. A halt in time saved us from losses. An advance detachment of engineers rendered harmless a mine belt of 11 mines laid across the road; this incident took up two hours of valuable time. In spite of the menace of encountering other mine fields, the advance progressed rapidly. Before Pruchnik, we caught up with the last sections of the retreating Poles and soon dispersed them by heavy gun-fire from armoured vehicles and put them to flight; now a relentless pursuit of the enemy began.

"At about 4:20 p. m., Lopuszka was reached, where our fire forced the enemy to abandon a field piece, drawn by 6 horses, an ammunition wagon as well as regimental train vehicles and to take refuge in the woods at both sides of the road.

"A squadron of enemy cavalry barely managed to leave Dlugi and reach the woods under fire from our guns, which unlimbered promptly. The fire they directed at us with their carbines was unanswered and the pursuit along the road was continued in spite of our exposed flanks.

"Poles taken prisoners stated unanimously that in the woods to the South of our route of advance, there were Polish troops of a strength of at least one infantry battalion with artillery attached and trains in retreat towards Radymno or Przemysl, but quite able to attack us.

"To what a degree the Poles were surprised by our relentless pursuit is illustrated by two incidents: Out of the woods to the south of the road, a short distance from Rokietnica, there suddenly appeared two civilian motor cars which headed unsuspectingly towards the leading elements of our column. The Polish officers in these cars realized too late the fact that the clouds of dust on the road were not caused by retreating Polish troops but by German troops in pursuit! They had been motorizing ahead of the Polish troops, retreating abreast of us, with the intent of reconnoitering the way; another characteristic of this hot pursuit was the fact that horses of captured cavalrymen fell dead from exhaustion.

"The rapidly increasing darkness, the terrible plague of dust and the fact that we had already kept up the pursuit for more than 70 kilometers, induced the Brigade commander to order bivouac for the night, at the exit of Rokietnica. In constant readiness for an attack by Polish troops, hidden in the dense wooded areas on our flank, the night was spent in "hedge-hog" formation for an all-around defense, alongside the road, in the open field. Exhausted and covered with dust, without food—for the field kitchens had been unable to keep pace with the chase—we rested for the night.

"At 5:00 a. m., September 10th, ranks were formed again and the western entrance to Radymno was reached without encountering serious resistance. However, when the first vehicles entered the town, lively machine-gun and rifle fire started from houses and from behind fences. In spite of this, a squadron advanced to the main square of Radymno. There Lieutenant xv. directed his section towards the road leading to Jaroslaw, crowded with Polish field-and-combat-trains in flight, but which returned fire. The remainder of the squadron was rallied immediately by the squadron commander for a further advance through the town. By continuous light machine-gun fire, we succeeded in creating utter

confusion among the Poles. The soldiers hiding in large numbers in every house and the field trains, standing in the streets, started in wild flight towards the San. The enemy of a strength of about a thousand men, did not realize that only a squadron had invaded the town; we had broken into the town so suddenly and unexpectedly that the Poles could hardly grasp it; this was indicated by the expression of surprise on their faces.

"On reaching the Eastern exit of Radymno, a sudden, tremendous detonation was heard which undoubtedly was caused by something being blown-up.

"We hastened to reach our objective, the San bridge and ignored the Polish firing from gardens and side-streets. Maintaining a steady fire on the Poles wading across the San on both sides of the bridge, we reached the bridge itself, which to our regret, had already been blown-up; under the debris, there were dead and seriously injured Poles, horses and vehicles dragged down by the collapsing bridge.

The squadron commander ordered the light machine guns to cross the San in fishing boats anchored at the bank and to form a bridgehead. We used our army spades because of the lack of oars. The Poles fleeing across the meadows offered plenty of easy targets to the section of machine gunners lined up along the shore of the San.

The Brigade commander, who had caught up with his troops upon their reaching the bridge, cried out: "There is a troop-train at the railroad station ready to leave; send horse artillery and armored cars to the station at once!" These units led by the Brigade commander rushed off, followed by the squadron commander with the hastily assembled 3rd platoon. The three armored patrol cars and the train of horse-artillery used a road running parallel with the railroad tracks and opened a most effective fire on the engine already in motion. Soon it was brought to a stop, shot full of holes like a sieve, hidden in a cloud of steam. Machine-gun fire was opened from the freight cars; but the crew of the train gave up arms soon when confronted by artillery. The railroad station was occupied and the train emptied and disarmed. There were approximately 500 drafted reservists ordered to join at Przemysl on September 10th. They had an escort of regular soldiers.

"While all this happened at the railroad station, Lieutenant xv's forces passing through town in the direction of Jaroslaw were strongly counter-attacked by the Poles. The Brigade commander dispatched the troop of Lieutenant K at once to this locality. Guns of the accompanying battery were brought into action in open terrain and the counter-attack soon collapsed under this. However, not satisfied with this, both sections under Lieutenant (K.) pursued the enemy in the direction of Jaroslaw but were halted in their relentless pursuit in Ostrow, by order.

"Since further counter-attacks upon Radymno were to be expected, the Brigade commander ordered defensive measures taken in all directions by the entire division, which had arrived by now.

"The Division, Commander who had arrived at the bridgehead at 10:00 a. m. by airplane, shook hands with the Brigade commander, saying: 'The passage of the San and the formation of the bridgehead at Radymno are of as much value as the fall of Warsaw.'

"In the meanwhile, another military train, filled with soldiers and reservists, had entered Radymno. This train suffered the same fate as the first. Two additional trains which followed were taken possession of by our regimental service troops and by other units.

"Beyond the San, the enemy attempted another counter-attack at noon, apparently with the intent of regaining the bridge. However, this was discovered early and was stopped by light machine-gun units who had crossed the river. The opponent fled in direction of Jaworow, pressed by units of a regiment of mounted

infantry which had arrived meanwhile and had extended the bridgehead.

"The mopping-up process of the town and of the San-meadows, where many Poles still were hiding, continued throughout the entire day and the number of prisoners collected in the main square rose to 2,000 together with a tremendous booty of machine-guns, rifles and loaded regimental field trains.

"An expected counter-attack from Przemysl, only 15 kilometers away and still in possession of the enemy, never took place. During the course of the afternoon the division was moved from Radymno and transferred to Sosnica as a precautionary measure against Przemysl. There the division was allowed a day of rest.

"On September 11th the Corps order of the day was read, as follows:

"I express my fullest appreciation to the provisional Division which was the first to reach the San on September 10th with pluck and daring."

"On October 2nd the Commander of the Army expressed his gratitude and appreciation to the Brigadier and to the Squadron commander, First Lieutenant (R.) (Militär Wochenschrift).

"Flight Strips"

In a compact, well ordered book, "Aviation Gets Down to Earth," Lt. Col. Stedman S. Hanks, Air-Res., USA, advances the theory of the employment of "flight strips" to meet the lessons of the European war with regard to the vulnerability of grounded aircraft in the face of well planned and executed raids.

The constantly reiterated statements of both the Allied and German news agencies and information bureaus as to the incessant bombings to which enemy bases are subjected bring clearly to the front the theme of Colonel Hanks' work, the decentralization of grounded aircraft strength and the necessity for numerous economical and easily constructed "flight strips," located on public land adjacent to and constructed in conjunction with modern military highways. These flight strips, defined as "an area not less than 200 feet in width and not less than 1,500 feet in length, located in a highway right of way or adjacent to a public highway on public land, developed with State or county funds (including federal aid) appropriated to the State Highway Department," would greatly reduce the enemy's opportunity to cripple an entire air unit in a surprise concentrated bombing attack. While Colonel Hanks makes no claim that the adoption of the "flight strip" technique will completely protect grounded aircraft and provide 100 percent operating strength, he does point out that the alternatives, underground hangars and protected bases are infinitely more expensive and less flexible, while at the same time they force concentration of plane strength and provide greater attack incentive. Anyone familiar with the Nazi technique in the Low Countries, Poland, etc., cannot fail to be impressed by the remarkable success that the Germans had in neutralizing opposing air strength by destroying its bases in lighting surprise raids. Colonel Hanks' discussion of the problem and the solution offered in his book merit serious consideration. In addition, the work is not an abstract one, but is featured by an analysis of existing laws which would be applicable in carrying out such projects.

Colonel Hanks, recently on active duty in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of War, is widely known both in and out of the service for his contribution to civil and military aviation. He is a graduate of Harvard University, has served in various confidential capacities in the State Department, qualified as a pilot in 1916 and subsequently served as an American aviation liaison officer during the World War. The book is distributed by the Baker and Taylor Co., 55 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Tell your friends to subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep in touch with the service personnel.

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Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1305)

Oglethorpe, Ga., 5 Sept., to 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT M. DANFORD, C. of FA Col. Horace H. Fuller, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Henry E. Sanderson, from 2d FA, Ft. Clayton, to GSC, Panama Canal Dept., C. Z. Maj. Ivan L. Foster, from Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, to off. of Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C.

Following officers, from Ft. Hoyle, Md., to Ft. Bragg, N. C.: Maj. John Hinton, and Capt. Harry Van Wyk.

Maj. Robert T. Strode, from 7th FA, Ft. Eliot, Allen, Va., to FD, 1st CA, Boston, Mass.

Following 1st Lts., det. in Ord. Dept., 28 Aug.: Asher B. Robbins, Jr., and Eldred G. Robbins, Jr.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH A. GREEN, C. of CAC Col. Frederick A. Mountford, from Ft. Mason, Calif., to Panama Canal Dept. Sail S. F., 17 Jan. 1941.

Col. Francis H. Lincoln, det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran, Calif.

Lt. Col. Cyril A. W. Dawson, from Bklyn., N. Y., 14 Sept., to 9th CA Dist., Pres. of San Fran, Calif.

Lt. Col. Jesse L. Sinclair, from Ft. Hancock, N. J., to Panama Canal Dept. Sail N. Y., 19 Nov. 1940.

Maj. William R. Carlson, from University, Ala., to 68th CA, Ft. Preble, Me.

Maj. Clarence M. Mendenhall, Jr., prior orders revoked; from The Citadel, S. C., to 7th CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. LYNCH, C. of INF. Col. Cassius M. Dowell, prior orders revoked; from Ft. Niagara, N. Y., to Ft. Dix, N. J.

Col. Harry L. Jordan, from Camden, N. J., 31 Aug., to home and await retirement.

Lt. Col. Francis M. Brannan, from Ft. Snelling, Minn., 5 Sept., to U. of Mich., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Lt. Col. Claudius L. Lloyd, from Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., to CO of Troops, USAT Republic, Bklyn., N. Y. Sail S. F., 19 Sept. 1940.

Lt. Col. Benjamin F. Caffey, from 26th Inf., Plattburg Bks., to 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Everett E. Brown, from Manhattan, Kan., to GSC, hq., 7th CA, Omaha, Neb.

Maj. Howard Clark, 2d, retired with rank of Lt. Col., 31 Aug., disability incident to service.

Maj. Robert W. Burke, prior orders amended; from Puerto Rican Dept., to hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran, Calif. Sail San Juan, 14 Sept. 1940.

Maj. James K. Campbell, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Stanley Powloski, from Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., to 2nd CA, New York, N. Y.

Maj. Edward S. Gibson, from Hawaiian Dept., to 8th Div., Ft. Jackson, S. C.

Maj. Gustav J. Braun, from Los Angeles, to GSC, hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran, Calif.

Maj. Sidney R. Hinds, prior orders amended; from Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., 25 Sept.

Following officers, det. in Ord. Dept., 28 Aug.: Capt. Frederick G. Crab, Jr., Capt. James S. Luckett, 1st Lt. Peter P. Bernd, 1st Lt. James S. Brierley, 1st Lt. Stanley W. Connelly, 1st Lt. John R. V. Dickson, 1st Lt. Oscar G. Kreiser, 1st Lt. Robert H. Stumpf, and 1st Lt. Charles H. Wood.

Capt. Paul DeW. Adams, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., to 6th Div., Ft. Jackson, S. C.

1st Lt. Langdon A. Jackson, Jr., from Ft. Benning, Ga., to 9th Div., Ft. Bragg, N. C. Sail S. F., 7 Sept. 1940.

1st Lt. James Y. Adams, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to 7th Div., Ft. Ord, Calif. Sail Charleston, 17 Oct. 1940.

1st Lt. Robert J. Trout, from Hawaiian Dept., to FD, Ft. Sill, Okla., 3 Oct.

1st Lt. Oscar R. Bowyer, from 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., to FD, Ft. Bragg, N. C., 27 Aug.

1st Lt. Joseph C. Stancok, from 6th Div., Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., to FD, prop. auditor, Governor's Isl., N. Y., 5 Dec.

1st Lt. James N. Peale, Jr., from Ft. Thomas, Ky., to 5th Div., Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HENRY H. ARNOLD, C. of AC Col. Arthur G. Fisher, det. as member of Army retiring bd., hq., 9th CA, Pres. of San Fran, Calif.

Lt. Col. Thomas S. Voss, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., to Orlando Air Base, Fla.

Maj. David G. Lingle, from Aeronautical Bd., to off. Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Daniel W. Jenkins, to Southeast AC Training Center, Maxwell Fld., Ala.

Capt. Hoyt L. Prindle, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., to Langley Fld., Va.

Capt. William B. Offutt, from Los Angeles,

Calif., to dist. super., western dist., Civilian Mech. Sch., Curtiss-Wright Tech. Inst. of Aero., Grand Central Air Term., Glendale, Calif.

Capt. Joseph W. Baylor, from Boston, Mass., to dist. super., central dist., Civilian Mech. Sch., Scott Fld., Ill.

1st Lt. John R. Sutherland, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., 15 Sept., to Langley Fld., Va.

1st Lt. Charles W. Stark, Jr., from Selfridge Fld., Mich., to Langley Fld., Va.

1st Lt. John G. Armstrong, from Roosevelt Fld., Inc., Aviation Sch. Div., to dist. super., eastern dist., Civilian Mech. Sch., Roosevelt Fld., No. 1, N. Y.

1st Lt. Joseph C. Moore, from Newark, N. J., to dist. super., southern dist., Civilian Mech. Sch., Dallas Aviation Sch., and Air Coll., Love Fld., Texas.

Following 2nd Lts., from Randolph Fld., Texas, to AC Adv. Flying Sch., Maxwell Fld., Ala.: Donald R. Boss, Robert E. Greer, and Marcus A. Mullen.

Following 2nd Lts., from Langley Fld., Va., to Ladd Fld., Fairbanks, Alaska. Sail S. F., 6 Sept. 1940: Milton H. Ashkins, and Robert R. Stewart.

PROMOTIONS

1st Lt. William T. Lane, MC, to Capt., 26 Aug.

1st Lt. Alvie L. McKnight, Ch.C., to Capt., 26 Aug.

Maj. Ralph W. Rogers, Ch.C., to Lt. Col., 29 Aug.

1st Lt. Homer C. McCullough, MAC, to Capt., 29 Aug.

TRANSFERS

Capt. William E. Pheris, Inf., to QMC, 7 Aug.

2nd Lt. Byron B. Webb, FA, to AC, 30 Aug.; from student, to report to CO, AC Adv. Flying Sch., Kelly Fld., Tex.

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS

Maj. Eugene P. H. Gempel, to CW Sch., Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Brig. Gen. William I. Westervelt, with rank of Lt. Col., to off. Ch. of Ord., Wash., D. C.

Col. Carl F. von dem Bussche, to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C., with rank of Maj.

Col. Owen G. Collins, to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C., with rank of Lt. Col.

Maj. George F. MacDonald, to Overseas Disch. and Repl. Dep., Ft. Moultrie, S. C. Sail S. F. 7 Sept. 1940.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Earl T. Halstead, from Baito, Md., 17 Sept., to 1st Armored Div.; Ft. Knox, Ky.

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

Following enlisted men, to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Va., 16 Oct.: Sgt. Leon M. Harris, Cpl. George D. Melton, Cpl. Paul C. Allred, Pvt. Icl Walter F. Quillin.

Pvt. Icl Melvin M. Meyers, prior orders revoked.

Pvt. Benjamin L. Kaplan, prior orders revoked.

Following enlisted men, to Med. Fld. Serv. Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa., 9 Sept.:

St. Sgt. Lowell L. Blackwell, St. Sgt. Roy A. Bryan, St. Sgt. Laurence A. Miles, St. Sgt. Frank L. Mulvey, St. Sgt. Thomas L. Parker, St. Sgt. Rufus S. Thurman, St. Sgt. James P. Wilkins, Sgt. Arlo E. Abbott, Sgt. Carlton W. Barham, Sgt. Albert Barstis, Sgt. William A. Bennett, Jr., Sgt. Charles A. Caudill, Sgt. Francis O. Chapelle, Sgt. Thomas L. Crosby, Sgt. James W. Finiff, Sgt. George J. Flanagan, Sgt. Mason M. Garrett, Sgt. Roy Griffin, Sgt. Augustus J. D. Guenther, Sgt. George B. Guthridge, Sgt. Truman W. Harrell, Sgt. Fred L. Hart, Sgt. William

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H. Herman, Sgt. Darwin M. Hill, Sgt. George S. Hill, Sgt. Lester Hill, Sgt. Vincent Kuhn, Sgt. George Latvis, Sgt. Patrick F. Laughlin, Sgt. Edward J. Lisoski, Sgt. Oscar E. Marshall, Sgt. Chester L. Mitchell, Sgt. John S. Niedzielski, Sgt. Frank B. Parker, Sgt. Abraham B. Parkin, Sgt. Erik S. C. Rasmussen, Sgt. Rufus R. Russell, Sgt. Quinton Slay, Sgt. William R. Smith, Sgt. Price C. Stewart, Sgt. Alexander W. Synowski, Sgt. Ralph H. Thafted, Sgt. Phillip R. Young, Cpl. Frank Bilderback, Cpl. Franklin A. Denm, Cpl. Joseph E. Grizzard, Cpl. Leslie U. Nickel, Cpl. John F. Nungesser, Cpl. Wade C. Ramsey, Cpl. Jay Romeiser, Cpl. Amos D. Smith, Cpl. Josiah O. Smith, Cpl. Frank William Walter.

Following enlisted men, prior orders revoked: Pvt. Icl Marion S. Ricketson, Cpl. Homer H. Spivey, Sgt. Carl G. Weeks, Pvt. Lee M. Bachett, Sgt. Hugo Brinkhart, Pvt. Icl Lawrence W. Hedgepeth, Sgt. Cameron G. Matheson, and Pvt. Icl Salvatore J. LotGatto.

Cpl. David E. Ling, Btry. D, 2nd CA, prior orders revoked.

Cpl. Woodrow Krows, Ft. Snelling, Minn., prior orders revoked.

Following enlisted men, to Med. Fld. Serv. Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa., 9 Sept.:

Pvt. Icl Ernest F. Earp, Pvt. Icl Johnie R. Ethridge, Pvt. Icl Homer L. Chambers, Pvt. Icl Michael Kowalchick, Pvt. Icl Quenten E. Looney, Pvt. Icl Robert Y. Pike, Pvt. Icl Chester M. Reeves, Pvt. Icl Edward W. Sporrer, Pvt. Icl Robert M. Stanley, Pvt. Icl Paul E. Tallon, Pvt. Icl Charles S. Vecchio, Pvt. Peter C. Fadale, and Pvt. Herman E. Joyner.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

M. Sgt. Benjamin G. Norwood, Hq. and Hq. Btry., 76th FA, at Pres. of Monterey, Calif., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. George Gallagher, OD, at Ft. Omaha, Neb., 31 Aug.

Sgt. Christ J. Rothman, Serv. Co., 21st Inf., at Schofield Bks., Hawaii, 31 Aug.

Sgt. Juan Sugue, Co. I, 57th Inf., (PS), at Ft. William McKinley, P. I., 31 Aug.

1st Sgt. Samuel Weinstein, Hq. Btry., 51st CA, at Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. Thomas P. Reardon, Hq. Btry., 15th CA, at Ft. Kamehameha, Hawaii, 31 Aug.

Sgt. Isaac T. Davis, Co. G, 57th Inf., at Ft. Lewis, Wash., 31 Aug.

Sgt. Herman L. Bowell, DEML, at Houston, Tex., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. Harvey G. Caudill, DEML, at Utica, N. Y., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. Harry F. Crist, Hq. and Hq. Sq., 36th Pursuit Gr., GHQ Air Force, at Langley Fld., Va., 31 Aug., with rank of 2nd Lt.

1st Sgt. Luis Soler, Hq. Co., 63rd Inf., at Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 Aug.

1st Sgt. Cleveland P. Glenn, Btry. L, 73rd CA, at Ft. Amador, C. Z., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. Clyde W. McClure, Det. 7th Sign. Serv. Co., at Ft. Sill, Okla., 31 Aug.

M. Sgt. Clyde Whitlatch, 40th Ord. Co., at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., 31 Aug.

Sgt. Melvin Huggins, Btry. A, 15th CA, at Ft. Kamehameha, Hawaii, 31 Aug.

Sgt. Proceso Villarin, Co. M, 57th Inf., (PS), at Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I., 31 Aug.

Extended Active Duty With AGD

Capt. Arthur Field, prior orders revoked.

Extended Active Duty JAGD

Capt. Harold H. Schaf, 5 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 4 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Nowlin Randolph, 12 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty QM

Capt. Charles B. Bull, 5 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 4 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harold G. Lockwood, 28 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 27 Aug. 1941.

2nd Lt. Lawrence D. Ely, prior orders revoked.

(Please turn to Page 1314)

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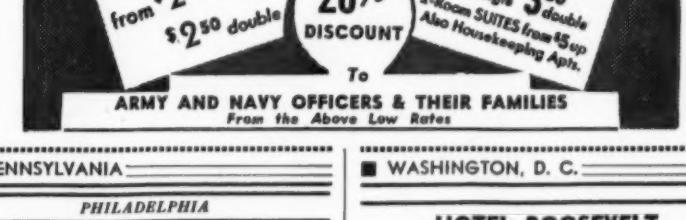
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R. H. FATT, Mgr.

COL. and Mrs. Harold Wellington were Army Service folk entertaining guests Sunday last. At their cocktail and supper party were Col. and Mrs. James S. Bayliss, guests of honor, who are soon to leave Washington for Atlanta, Ga.; Maj. Gen. and Mrs. James C. Magee, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Merritte W. Ireland, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Raymond F. Metcalfe, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Shelley N. Marietta, Col. and Mrs. Henry F. Pipes, Col. and Mrs. Albert G. Love, Col. and Mrs. Addison D. Davis, Col. Claire R. Bennett, Col. and Mrs. Wm. B. Meister, Col. and Mrs. George R. Callender, Col. and Mrs. Wm. D. Sheep, Dr. and Mrs. Roscoe Spencer, Col. and Mrs. Larey C. Hillman, Col. and Mrs. George Lull, Col. and Mrs. John R. Hall, Col. and Mrs. Charles G. Sinclair, Col. and Mrs. Charles K. Berle, Col. and Mrs. Samuel D. Avery and Captain and Mrs. Thomas G. Hester.

Maj. and Mrs. Frank Allen also entertained on Sunday last, having among their guests at their home in Arlington, Va., Deputy Chief of Staff, Maj. Gen. Wm. Bryden, and Mrs. Bryden; Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John Herr and Col. and Mrs. L. W. L. Oliver.

Down on the Patuxent, in Maryland, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Condon gathered guests around them at their retreat there for a picnic luncheon. Mrs. Condon has been appointed one of the delegates to notify Secretary Wallace of his nomination for the Vice Presidency on the Democratic ticket. On her return to Washington she and Lt. Comdr. Condon will spend a month at their country place.

Mrs. Harold Belsemeier, wife of Comdr. Belsemeier, USN, is entertaining as her guest, Mrs. Edward Hampson, of Chicago and Miss Esther Adelle Hampson and Miss Mary Carol Belsemeier, daughter of the hostess, gave a tea Thursday for Miss Hampson.

Col. and Mrs. William Fay of Mulberry Fields, Leonardtown, Md., have had as their guest, Mrs. Emory S. Land, wife of Rear Admiral Land, who has been making a series of summer trips.

Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Romeyn entertained Thursday last at dinner in compliment to Col. and Mrs. Charles Harvey.

Capt. William H. Heard, USN, and Mrs. Heard have as their guest Mrs. C. K. D. Walsh of New York. A dinner party which they gave for Mrs. Walsh was Saturday last at the Chevy Chase Club and included Rear Admiral and Mrs. Walter Anderson, Admiral and Mrs. Potts, Capt. and Mrs. Clark, Capt. and Mrs. Elliot B. Nixon, Capt. and Mrs. Howard Bode, Capt. and Mrs. Robert Hoyt, Comdr. and Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Andrew Wiley.

Maj. and Mrs. George S. Eyster have come to Washington from his last station in Hawaii and will move in Dan Apartment at Tilden Gardens, this coming week.

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Mrs. George S. Simonds, widow of Maj. Gen. Simonds has reopened her apartment at the Kennedy-Warren in Washington, D. C., after spending the summer with her daughters at West Point.

Maj. and Mrs. T. A. Lesser were hosts at dinner Saturday last at the Army and Navy Country Club. Among the guests were Col. and Mrs. Frank Whitehead, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ted S. Robillard, Lt. Col. and Mrs. L. S. Swindler, Maj. and Mrs. R. A. Boone, Maj. and Mrs. J. H. Slett, Maj. and Mrs. Raymond Coffman, of Quantico, and Maj. and Mrs. Howard S. Peter.

Miss Marion Ross, daughter of Major and Mrs. Robert Tenney Ross went to West Point this past week for the furlough dance at the Military Academy. In Sept., she will enter the College of William and Mary at Williamsburg, Va. Miss Ross is the granddaughter of Brig. Gen. Charles W. Kutz, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Kutz of Washington.

Col. Thurston Hughes having been transferred from the Canal Zone to Washington, where he will have duty at the War Department, he and Mrs. Hughes have returned to the Capital and are putting in order their house at 2708 Thirty-sixth street. He has gone to their place in Canada for a brief vacation before assuming his new duty, and Mrs. Hughes, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Walter Page, is at the Mayflower. Mrs. Hughes is the former Katherine O. Leach of Washington.

After a tour of duty in the Far East, Capt. S. Francis Zeller, USMC, has come back to Washington for a visit with his family.

Col. Morris E. Locke, USA-Ret. and Mrs. Locke are spending the summer at York Harbor, Me., and have with them her daughter, Mrs. Gale McLean and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. James Gibson.

Mrs. George H. Carter has left Annapolis to join Ensign Carter, USNR, in Kansas City, where he will serve as an instructor at the Naval Reserve Air Base.

Mrs. Samuel M. Harrington, wife of Brig. Gen. Harrington, has gone to Atlanta, Ga., to visit her family, taking with her her children, Sammy and Chidder.

Brig. Gen. Dion Williams, USMC, and Mrs. Williams, will spend the remainder of the summer in the New England states.

Miss Betsy Barnett, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James Barnett, of Washington, is visiting Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frank L. Whittaker, at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

Lt. and Mrs. A. Brownfield, of Ft. Sam Houston, have as their guest Miss Barbara Milton, daughter of Mrs. Teresa Milton, of Washington.

Brig. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, USA, and Mrs. McNair have arrived in Washington and are established in the commandant's quarters at the Army War College.

Lt. Comdr. Alvord J. Greenacre has been detailed as Naval Attaché to the U. S. Legation in Ecuador, with headquarters at Quito, and he and Mrs. Greenacre and children have left Annapolis and are en route to their new post.

Lt. and Mrs. William Kasper have gone to Ft. Monroe, Va., before leaving for his permanent station at Ft. Barrancas, Fla. They have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Prichard, at Graymont, Staunton, Va.

Comdr. Frank Dunham, USN, who has been on duty at the Navy Department in Washington, has left for a new station at Miami, and in the autumn Mrs. Dunham will join him there. Their son, Frank, Jr., will go to Harvard University.



MRS. JOHN SHANNON
who before her marriage in July to Lt. John Shannon, USN, was Miss Katherine Loane Broughton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Broughton.

Weddings and Engagements

MISS Laura Romeyn Gray, daughter of Mrs. Arthur Gray of New York, and Garrison, N. Y., and the late Rev. Dr. Gray, was recently married to 2nd Lt. Robert C. Richardson, 3rd Air Corps, USA, stationed at Randolph Field, Texas.

He is the son of Brig. Gen. Robert C. Richardson, Jr., Commanding officer at Ft. Riley, and a nephew of Lt. Col. Elbert S. Farman, Jr., USA, at West Point, where his father was formerly Commandant of Cadets, at the Academy.

The wedding took place at the Church of St. Mary's on the Highlands, the Rev. Wm. Marmon officiating.

Mr. Arthur Z. Gray of New York gave his sister in marriage and she was gowned in ivory satin—modish fashion with veil held in place by orange blossoms and her bouquet was of valley lilies and gardenias.

Miss Margaret Anderson of Birmingham, a cousin, was maid of honor for the bride—wearing ice-blue mousseline de soie—and carried white and yellow posies. The bridesmaids were the Misses Virginia Ferguson, Joan and Barbara Curtis, Ruth Alexander, daughter of Col. Roger G. Alexander of West Point; Clara Dulles and Charlotte Jones—all clad in white chiffon with picture hats trimmed with ice-blue ribbon. Cadet Simmons Timothy of the U. S. Military Academy was best man.

The Mountain Brook Club was the scene of the reception that followed. The bride is a graduate of Miss Chapin's School in New York and the bridegroom is of the class of '39 of the Military Academy.

The engagement of Ensign Raymond W. Alexander, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Alexander, of Washington, to Miss Elizabeth Mullane has been announced by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Mullane, of East Hampton, L. I., the nuptials to be in the autumn. Ensign Alexander, a graduate of the Naval Academy, class of '38 is attached to the USS Decatur, based at Norfolk.

Announced at a tea Saturday, 24 Aug., was the engagement of Miss Leslie McLean Crawford, daughter of Mrs. Leslie Crawford of Arlington, Va., and Lt. Col. David McLean Crawford of Governor's Island, N. Y., to Mrs. John Jamie Frost of Washington, D. C. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Julian B. Frost of Buffalo. He is a graduate of Benjamin Franklin University of Washington and she attended Beaver College, Philadelphia.

Lt. Colonel and Mrs. Loany McHale announce the marriage of their daughter Mary Lorraine to Mr. Allan Craig Turner on 31 August, 1940.

Mr. Turner is the son of Mr. and Mrs.

Ralph E. Turner of Chicago, Illinois. Mr. Turner is a graduate of the University of Nebraska, where he was a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity. After the wedding the couple left for Chicago, where they plan to make their home.

The marriage of Miss Eleanor Adella Bodel, daughter of Chaplain (Lt. Col.) John K. Bodel and Mrs. Bodel of Fort Monroe, Va., to Mr. Robert French Mason, Jr., of Washington, son of Dr. Robert F. Mason, and grandson of the late Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, took place August twenty-first in St. Thomas' Church, Washington, D. C. The quiet ceremony was performed by Chaplain Bodel in the presence of the immediate families. The bride's mother gave her in marriage. The bride wore a dotted Swiss gown with Irish crochet trimming, made with full skirt and fitted bodice and her veil of tulle fell in folds from the coronet head piece. Her only ornament was a necklace of white topazes, a family heirloom for five generations. Her bouquet was of wide spread gladioli. Mrs. Lee B. Waller, sister of the bride, was her only attendant. Her gown was of pale, pink silk organdie with picture hat of pale blue horse hair. She carried an old-fashioned bouquet of rosebuds and for-get-me-nots. Mr. Melville F. Mason served his brother as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Mason will make their home in Washington.

Miss Sarah Bailey Whipple, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Sherburne Whipple, AGD, USA, and 1st Lt. Cornelius DeWitt Wilcox Lang, FA, USA, son of Col. and Mrs. John W. Lang, Inf., USA, will exchange marriage vows at the Falls Episcopal Church, Falls Church, Va., 31 Aug., with the Rev. W. Leigh Ribble, rector, officiating.

The matron of honor will be Mrs. William J. Morton, and the maid of honor, Miss Mary J. Hobson.

Lt. Sherburne Whipple, Jr., brother of the bride, will be Lt. Lang's best man.

Following the wedding a reception will be held at the bride's home, in Falls Church, Va.,

The wedding of Miss Margaret Frances Cochrane, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Cochrane, and Ens. Alton Benjamin Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Darrell Clark of Badin, N. C., took place Saturday at 4:00 P. M., in the Naval Academy Chapel. Chaplain William N. Thomas performed the ceremony.

Lt. Comdr. Cochrane gave his daughter in marriage. Miss Suzanne Barnes was maid of honor and Miss Nancy Timmerman was flower girl. Bridesmaids were Miss Ann Wyman of Annapolis, Mrs. Dorothy Inbush of Balto., Miss Kathleen Blasingham of Norfolk, Mrs. John Bauer of Phila., Miss Nancy Young of Merion and Miss Eunice Clay of Sherdertown, West Va. Ensign John Bauer was best man and the ushers were Lt. E. H. Fredericks and Ensigns F. W. Taylor, J. Alpert, D. E. Newbold, David Inbush and B. Jones.

A reception followed at the Officers' Club.

At home to friends in Coronado are Lt. George Allen Graves, USMC, and his bride, the former Mary Louise Fehling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Fehling of Cynwyd, Pa.

The young couple were married 13 Aug. at the romantic Wee Kirk O' the Heather, Los Angeles, Calif., at a quiet ceremony to which only a few intimate friends of the couple were invited.

The bride attended Central school at Overbrook, Pa., and Harcum school at Bryn Mawr.

Lt. Graves, son of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Graves of Kansas City, Mo., was graduated from the University of Michigan in 1936 and is now stationed at North Island with a Marine squadron.

The wedding of Miss Laura Romeyn Gray, daughter of Mrs. Arthur R. Gray, of New York, and Garrison, N. Y., and the late Dr. Arthur R. Gray, to Lt. Robert C. Richardson, III, AC, USA, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Robert C. Richardson, Jr., took place 10 Aug. at St. Mary's-on-the-Highlands, Fort Riley, Kan. Rev. William Marmon, pastor of the church, officiated.

(Continued on Next Page)

Posts and Stations

WEST POINT, N. Y.

27 Aug. 1940

Last week several of the assistant football coaches, accompanied by their families, reached the garrison, to remain on temporary duty at the Military Academy, until the close of the football season. Coming from their permanent stations were: Capt. Maurice F. Daly, of Maxwell Field, Ala.; Lt. William R. Grohs, with Mrs. Grohs, also of Maxwell Field; Lt. John M. Price, Randolph Field, Texas, and Mrs. Price; Lt. Woodrow Wilson, Ft. Lewis, Washington, and Mrs. Wilson; Lt. Robert M. Stillman, and Mrs. Stillman, of Hickam Field, Hawaii; and Lt. Henry R. Sullivan, Dallas, Tex.; Lt. Frank Kobes, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; and Lt. Joseph C. Stancek, and Mrs. Stancek.

Mrs. William K. Bartlett, wife of Col. Bartlett, USA-ret., of San Francisco, arrived at the garrison last week, and plans to remain here visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. Harold E. Brooks.

Dr. and Mrs. Albert L. Parks, of Omaha, also arrived last week, and are visiting their son-in-law, Capt. Otto L. Nelson, and Mrs. Nelson.

Capt. and Mrs. James Cathroe had as their guests Capt. Cathroe's sister, Miss Helen Cathroe of Omaha, also Mr. Hugh Hickox, of Omaha. Mrs. Cathroe's father, Mr. B. F. Myers, of Washington, D. C. is visiting West Point for an extended visit.

Lt. and Mrs. Gunnard W. Carlson had as their guests, Lt. and Mrs. Richard R. Arnold of Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Mrs. Mary Lou Schick, daughter of Maj. Lawrence E. Schick, and Mrs. Schick, of Ft. McPherson, Ga., is spending a visit here with Maj. and Mrs. John M. Pesek. The Pesek's daughter, Miss Shieka Pesek, has returned to the post from camp in Maine, as has Miss Ernestine Hutchins, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Robert B. Hutchins.

Mrs. Sherburne Whipple, Jr. is in Washington with her parents, Col. and Mrs. William M. Grimes. She will attend the wedding on Saturday, 31 Aug., of her sister-in-law, Miss Sally Whipple, and Lt. Cornelius DeW. W. Lang, of the Field Artillery, who is to be stationed at Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt. Lt. Whipple will join Mrs. Whipple in Washington this week end.

Midshipman Joseph M. Tully, Jr., of the second class, Naval Academy, visited his parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph M. Tully, at the post last week. This week he is visiting a classmate, Midshipman William Crawford, at Branford, Conn., and next week will again be at West Point before returning to Annapolis to start his studies early in September.

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ANNAPOLIS, MD.

27 Aug. 1940

Capt. and Mrs. Howard Benson gave a dinner Tuesday night in their quarters on the Reina Mercedes, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Calvin Cobb, who have recently come to the Naval Academy. Captain Cobb is the new head of the Department of Modern Languages.

Capt. and Mrs. Mark C. Bowman and their daughter, Miss Margaret Bowman, have returned from a vacation spent in the mountains of North Carolina.

Capt. and Mrs. James A. Logan and their son James A. Logan, Jr., and Captain Logan's sisters, the Misses Logan of Charleston, S. C., are spending a short vacation at Bethany Beach, Md.

Mrs. Smith, wife of Rear Adm. Arthur St. Clair Smith, has returned to her home on Southgate Ave., after visiting her son, Mr. Bruce Smith, in Norfolk, Va.

Mrs. McQuiston, wife of Lt. Comdr. Edward McQuiston, and her daughter, Marjorie Ann, left last Friday for Honolulu where they will join Lt. Comdr. McQuiston. Mrs. McQuiston and her daughter spent the summer with Comdr. and Mrs. Houston Maples.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. J. O'Donnell who have returned from the West Coast and are living at Bellevue, where Lt. Commander O'Donnell is stationed, were guests for the week end of Comdr. and Mrs. O. R. Bennehoff.

Lt. and Mrs. Maximilian Schmidt, who have been living in Annapolis, have gone to New London, Conn., where Lieutenant Schmidt will be on duty. Mrs. Schmidt's mother, Mrs. Hilliard, widow of Comdr. Robert Hilliard, and her daughter, Miss Grace Hilliard, will soon return from the West Coast where they spent the summer.

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ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD.

27 Aug. 1940

Capt. and Mrs. W. Gerken had as their guest last week Mrs. Gerken's sister, Mrs. T. B. Ireland of Long Island, N. Y.

Lt. and Mrs. Milton Summerfelt had visiting them for a couple of weeks, Lt. Summerfelt's sister, Miss Louise Summerfelt of Benton Harbor, Mich.

The Ladies' Afternoon Club met for bridge and tea, on Tues., 27 Aug., at the Officers' Club. The hostesses were Mrs. A. L. Campbell, Mrs. C. F. Colson, and Mrs. J. M. Colby.

Miss Lucille Christmas had as her guests over the week end the Misses Betty Jane Becker, Nancy Lewis, and Jean Slaughter of

Washington, D. C.

The regular Officers' Club dance was held in the ball room of the Club on Saturday evening, 24 Aug.

Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Weber have returned from a week end visit to Washington where they were the guests of Mrs. Weber's parents, Col. and Mrs. Clark Lynn. Visiting Lt. and Mrs. Weber this week is Lieutenant Weber's mother, Mrs. H. S. Weber of Germantown, Pa.

On Friday evening, 30 Aug., Maj. and Mrs. G. W. Outland entertained with a supper at the Officers' Club in honor of their daughter Elva Dawn, and her fiance, Mr. Robert Braid of Westfield, N. J. who are to be married on Saturday, 31 Aug. Among those present will be the maid of honor, Miss Virginia Outland, the bridesmaids, Mrs. J. D. Armitage and Miss Louise Stengel; the best man, Lt. Robert Brooks; the ushers, Lt. J. D. Armitage, Messrs. Malcolm Schweiner, Irvine Johnston, and Charles Piez; the organist, Miss Florence Payne; Mr. and Mrs. Albert P. Braid, and the host and hostess.

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LONG BEACH, CALIF.

25 Aug. 1940

Mrs. Forde Todd, wife of Rear Admiral Todd, who passes much of her time in Long Beach, although her home is in Coronado, was here the past week and had luncheon Thursday in Pacific Coast Club with friends.

Comdr. Irwin F. Landis, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Landis motored over from Santa Ana and were hosts Thursday night in Pacific Coast Club to ten guests.

Summer series of Hollywood Bowl outdoor concerts has been an attraction the past several weeks for music lovers in the service set. Tuesday evening, when the opera "Carmen" was produced with a huge cast and Metropolitan Opera stars, in one party attending were Mesdames Benjamin Wright, A. A. Antine, Gordon Parks and John Murphy. There are three concerts a week, only this one opera having produced this season. Audiences sometimes number as high as 22,000.

Mrs. A. A. Antine was hostess Monday evening at a supper party for a congenial group numbering Misses George C. Logan, Benjamin Wright, R. B. Coffman, L. B. Cresswell, Lester Lawson, Ken Parker, J. E. Gingrich, H. C. Fitz, John Murphy and E. R. DeLong.

Mrs. Benjamin Wright and her two sons returned to Long Beach recently and are again with her mother, Mrs. George C. Logan, after spending two weeks in San Francisco and Santa Cruz. In the Bay city she talked over school days in Switzerland with Mrs. Frederick Muhner and she was the guest of Mrs. Hugh Bradley while in Santa Cruz.

Comdr. and Mrs. Buell F. Brandt left Wednesday by motor, giving up their charming home in Palos Verdes where Mrs. Brandt has resided for the past two years. Accompanied by their children, the couple went to San Diego for ten days, after which they will go to St. Louis, where Commander Brandt will have charge of the Naval Recruiting Office. He rejoined his family recently after duty in the Orient.

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PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT

24 July 1940

Complimenting Miss Ann Smealie and her fiance, Lt. Jesse B. Burks, who were to be married on 1 Aug., High Commissioner and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre gave a dinner at their residence on Dewey Boulevard. The guests included the members of the wedding party and a few close friends. About 20 persons were invited.

The Lakambini Woman's Club, a newly organized society formed by ladies of the 45th Infantry and engineer barrios of Ft. McKinley, elected officers recently, with Miss Mercedes Evangelista, field supervisor of the National Federation of Women's Clubs, presiding.

The officers are: Mrs. Justiniana Delumpa, president; Miss Soledad Tabanag, vice president; Mrs. Jesusa Villafior, secretary; Mrs. Rafaela Culanag, sub-secretary; Mrs. Felicidad Diokno, treasurer; Mrs. Sofern Villarita, sub-treasurer; Mesdames Maria M. Deldo, Mercedes Dacillo, Flaviana Arellano, Francisco Reil, Pacita Ortega, Salvador Maillan, Laureana Tabanag, Paula Singson, Maria Ongay, and Miss Susana Robles.

Among the activities planned are the organization of nursery, homecraft and diet kitchen classes. The group will soon ask the army authorities for a permit to put its projects into effect.

With sewing machines at a premium in Manila at the moment when all hands have joined in sewing layettes, shirts and in rolling bandages for stricken countries of Europe and for China, Air Corps Red Cross Unit No. 2 is the proud possessor of four sewing machines.

While the ladies meet at 8 o'clock and sew until 10:30 a. m., and a social hour has no place in their business arrangements, they were surprised at their meeting by complimentary punch bowls of iced drinks and sandwiches, and with ice cream and cake sent by the Third Pursuit mess.

Mrs. G. B. Gilbert, wife of Master Sergeant

Gilbert of the 2nd Observation, was elected chairman at the initial meeting, with Mrs. F. M. Passwaters, wife of Master Sergeant Passwaters, of the 3rd Pursuit, assistant chairman, and Mrs. L. B. Albin, wife of Master Sergeant Albin of the 20th Air Base, named secretary.

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SAN DIEGO-CORONADO, CALIF.

26 Aug. 1940

Last week, a round of entertaining took place, honoring the eleventh Naval District's distinguished visitors, Maj. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, commandant of the United States Marine Corps, and Mrs. Holcomb who were houseguests of Gen. and Mrs. William P. Upshur in their marine base quarters. Maj. Gen. Holcomb, who is on duty in Washington, D. C., came west on an inspection tour of west coast defense.

Col. and Mrs. Samuel L. Howard honored the visitors at a small luncheon at the Howard's quarters on the base.

A large cocktail party was given by Col. and Mrs. Miles Thacher, also at their quarters.

Gen. and Mrs. Upshur entertained for their houseguests at dinner. Covers were marked for 14.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. W. Ashurst presided at a large dinner party for the Holcombs. Cocktails were served in the Sky Room at the El Cortez hotel and dinner in the Don room.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Charles H. Lyman were hosts of dinner in their home and Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John Henry Russell honored the visitors at dinner in their Coronado home.

Mrs. J. N. Ferguson, wife of Capt. Ferguson, USN-Ret., gave a beautifully appointed luncheon recently honoring Mrs. James Marion and Mrs. Ogden D. King. Mrs. Marion is visiting her mother-in-law, Dr. Catherine Marion of Coronado and Mrs. King, wife of Capt. King, USN (MC), has just come to Coronado.

Mrs. Ferguson's guests at the North Island Commissioned Officers' mess included Mrs. Samuel Zeigler, Dr. Marion, Mrs. Charles Robertson, Mrs. Guy Clark, Mrs. Andrew Burleigh, Mrs. Hartly Hutchins, Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Von Rhein.

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NORFOLK, VA.

29 Aug. 1940

Lt. Col. Dale D. Hinman, who assumed command of Ft. Story, 29 Aug., and Mrs. Hinman, were guests of honor that evening at a buffet supper given by the officers now on duty at the Fort, and their wives, at the officers' quarters in the Fort. The guests included a group of officers of the Seventy-first Artillery of Ft. Monroe and their wives. Later in the evening the party attended the dance at the Terrace Beach Club, Virginia Beach.

Mrs. George D. Cooper, wife of Commander Cooper was hostess on Monday at a lovely luncheon given at the Officers' Club in the Naval Operating Base, in compliment to Miss Katherine Hill of Annapolis, who is visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Donald H. Johnston.

Additional guests included Mrs. Allan S. Farquhar, Mrs. Donald H. Johnson, Mrs. Ernest S. von Kleeck and Mrs. C. H. Caro.

Mrs. Charles Phillip was hostess Wednesday at luncheon given in the Officers' Club, Naval Base. Her guests were Mrs. Walker Settle, Mrs. Malcolm Waddell and Mrs. John Goodwin.

Miss Jane Alden, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. G. A. Alden entertained Thursday at a luncheon given at the Officers' Club in the Naval Base. Miss Alden's guests included Mrs. Howell E. Wiggins, Mrs. Bertram Cotton and Misses Douglas Wood, Angela Kerton, Virginia Laning, Carolyn Cook, Lucy McClure, Louis Kennedy, Betty Kennedy, Dorothy Branch and Cordele Alden.

Mrs. Donald H. Johnson, wife of Lt. Comdr. Johnson of the USS Helena was hostess Tuesday at a luncheon given in the Officers' Club, Naval Operating Base, in honor of her sister, Miss Katherine Hill of Annapolis who is her guest. Covers were laid for ten and the guests in addition to the guest of honor, were Mrs. Allan Farquhar, Mrs. Thomas S. McCloy, Mrs. Payl P. Maher, Mrs. George D. Cooper, Mrs. Merle Hueh, Mrs. Francis M. Hook, Mrs. Kinloch N. Gardner and Mrs. James R. Topper.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from preceding page)

The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Arthur Z. Gray. She wore a wedding gown of ivory satin fashioned with a sweetheart neckline complemented by long sleeves forming points over the hand. The full skirt fell in train and was covered with folds of the wedding veil of tulle, caught to her hair with clusters of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of valley lilies and gardenias.

Miss Margaret Anderson, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor. Cadet Simmons Timothy attended Lt. Richardson as best man.

A reception followed the ceremony at the Mountain Brook Club. After a wedding trip Lt. and Mrs. Richardson will be at home at Randolph Fld., Texas.

One Year Of War

There are widely divergent views as to the lessons of the wars in Europe and Asia. The facts as to the preparations for and the conduct of those wars are relatively few and scattered. However, the present war in Europe has shown definitely:

First, the necessity for an organization which will insure the full utilization of the speed inherent in modern communications and mechanized armaments.

Second, that the changes in the high commands in Great Britain and France and the collapse of France are indicative of the careful and intelligent consideration which should be given the selection of leaders who have vision, energy, initiative and courage and who are honest, loyal, aggressive and resourceful.

Third, that intensive research as to materials, methods and utilization of personnel are essential in developing armed forces to cope with present conditions.

The blitzkrieg in Poland was the result of a trained organization capable of utilizing to the utmost the speed of aircraft and mechanized units according to well established principles of conducting warfare. The low morale of the Poles enabled the Germans to exploit "Fifth Column" activities which undoubtedly simplified some of the German operations. However, the relative superiority of the German war machine was so marked that Polish resistance was broken in fewer days than was required to consolidate the gains, which, as a matter of fact, were halted by the advance of the Russians into Poland.

Although aircraft and mechanized units had been used extensively during the World War and in minor campaigns, since that time, their possibilities as demonstrated in the Polish campaign were not appreciated fully by students of warfare.

The experience gained by the Germans in their Polish blitzkrieg was turned to full advantage in Scandinavia and Western Europe. In the Polish campaign only land and air forces were involved but in the Norwegian campaign the third element, the sea, came into the picture. Superior leadership and organization again asserted themselves. Superiority in the air over Norway and along her coast was obtained at once and was never lost. It is fairly well established that aircraft were used to supplement the transportation of troops by ships, especially after the British Navy had destroyed a number of men-of-war, transports and other craft which had participated in the initial operations. This use of aircraft for transportation of troops and the bombing of enemy ships amply demonstrated that the German war machine was capable of making a successful coordinated attack in which the three elements of the land, sea and air were involved.

The effectiveness of aircraft bombing against land and sea objectives during the Norwegian campaign, while not a new lesson, did give further confidence to the German High Command in their war machine, which was the result of research and careful training.

Before this campaign was finally concluded by the withdrawal of British and French troops from Norway, Hitler launched his attack on Holland and Belgium with a devastating drive on the aircraft facilities of those countries with bombers, supported by ground troops which moved up as rapidly as possible. In this campaign against the Low Countries, especially in Holland, parachute troops were used to cross water barriers and to establish themselves behind the front lines of the enemy and near his air fields. This use of parachute troops was known to be contemplated but an adequate defense against such troops had not been developed.

With the experience gained in Poland, Norway and Holland, the German War Machine crushed Belgium and France and drove the British out of Europe in a few weeks. The German mastery of the air and her great superiority in mechanized units under a trained and experienced leadership of high morale were able

(Please turn to Page 1316)

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1311)

Capt. William P. Luetzel, 2 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Fred E. Brake, 2 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Abraham Meisel, 30 Aug., to Holabird QM Dep., Balto., Md., until 29 Aug. 1941.

Capt. Roy W. Leggett, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty MC

1st Lt. Phillip B. Smith, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to home and inactive status, 1 Sept. 1940.

1st Lt. William H. Duncan, 28 Aug., to Denver, Colo., until 27 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Stephen W. Ondash, 1 Sept., to Ft. Hayes, O., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. David S. Ascher, 1 Sept., to Ft. Devens, Mass., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert F. Lamar, 1 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Walter H. Ketchum, III, cont'd at Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert W. Lowrey, 1 Sept., to Brooks Fld., Tex., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Milton J. Levinsohn, 9 Sept., to Chicago, Ill., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty DC

1st Lt. Glen R. Pierson, 28 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 27 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. William F. Davis, 29 Aug., to Ft. Knox, Ky., until 28 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. George F. Maurer, 8 Sept., to Ft. Bragg, N. C., until 7 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Donald D. Myers, 7 Sept., to Scott Fld., Ill., until 6 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Harry Lorange, 8 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 7 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty Fin.

1st Lt. Daniel J. McCarthy, 2 Sept., to Ft. Mason, Calif., until 1 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Robert C. Hunter, 1 Sept., to Ft. Lewis, Wash., until 31 Aug. 1941.

Capt. Edward O. Cooper, 3 Sept., to Ft. Snelling, Minn., until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Stephen W. Beda, 3 Sept., to Ft. MacArthur, Calif., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Hellmuth Ritter, 2 Sept., to Ft. McCellan, Ala., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty Engr.

Maj. Robert A. Radford, prior orders amended; to home and inactive status, 31 Aug.

Capt. Donald F. Horton, 28 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 27 Aug. 1941.

Maj. Clyde B. Pyle, 30 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 29 Aug. 1941.

Following officers, 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941; 1st Lt. Martin W. Hiller, and 2nd Lt. Ray D. Dallmeyer.

Capt. William H. Critser, 2 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. William A. Toyler, Jr., 4 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 3 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Donald F. Horton, prior orders revoked; 3 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty With Ord.

1st Lt. Edward L. Broghamer, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Raymond Lascoe, 3 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Paul J. Daigle, 9 Sept., to Springfield Armory, Mass., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Oliver C. Twigg, 3 Sept., to Ogden Ord. Dep., Utah, until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Donald McH. Ferguson, 3 Sept., to Springfield Armory, Mass., until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. George J. Toth, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Robert G. Van Ness, 3 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Lt. Col. Joseph D. Murray, from Wash., D. C., to home and inactive status, 27 Aug. 1940.

Maj. Chester Mueller, 3 Sept., to New York, N. Y., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Parker S. Day, prior orders revoked; 28 Aug., to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., until 27 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Rager J. McCarthy, 3 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. John 17. Jewell, 24 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 23 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. John W. Boehr, Jr., 3 Sept., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. William J. Derner, 3 Sept., to Ft. Benning, Ga., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Charles W. Stendam, 3 Sept., to Cleveland Ord. Dist., Ohio, until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Lionel J. Brunton, 3 Sept., to Chicago Ord. Dist., Ill., until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Myron K. Henderson, 3 Sept., to Cleveland Ord. Dist., Ohio, until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Peter J. Diffley, 3 Sept., to Springfield Armory, Mass., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Lt. Col. Walter W. Golden, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Ronald C. Hands, 3 Sept., to Rochester Ord. Dist., N. Y., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Maj. August J. Zimmerman, 3 Sept., to Rochester Ord. Dist., N. Y., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. John S. Lynn, from Wash., D. C., 1 Sept., to Indiana Ord. Works, Charlestown, Ind.

1st Lt. James R. Brown, 3 Sept., to Springfield Armory, Mass., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Frank L. Fenner, Jr., 3 Sept., to Ft. Knox, Ky., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Malcolm W. Blackwood, 3 Sept., to Detroit Ord. Dist., Mich., until 2 Sept. 1941. 2nd Lt. Robert B. Braid, 3 Sept., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., until 2 Sept. 1941. 2nd Lt. George Roland Killam, Jr., 3 Sept., to Birmingham Ord. Dist., Ala., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Joseph W. Campbell, 29 Aug., to Los Angeles Ord. Region, Calif., until 28 Aug. 1941. 2nd Lt. William B. Newkirk, 3 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Richard Ammon Fink, 3 Sept., to Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Willis T. Moran, 9 Sept., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Edwin N. Clark, 2 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Summer E. Smith, 9 Sept., to Raritan Arsenal, N. J., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Extended Active Duty Sign.

Capt. George Lesikar, 2 Sept., to Ft. McPherson, Ga., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Francis J. Andrews, 3 Sept., to Chicago, Ill., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Carl J. Yohe, Jr., 2 Sept., to Ft. Dix, N. J., until 1 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. William E. Heron, Jr., prior orders revoked.

Capt. Joseph L. Hurff, 3 Sept., to Wright Fld., Ohio, until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Herman W. Zermuchien, 3 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Francis B. Valentine, 3 Sept., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Waldemar A. Witzmus, 3 Sept., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 2 Sept. 1941.

Maj. Robert A. Kohloss, Jr., 5 Sept., to Eastern AC Procurement Dist., New York, N. Y., until 4 Sept. 1941.

Capt. George B. Kaiser, 3 Sept., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until 2 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. James S. Carpenter, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Joseph H. Pummill, 9 Sept., to Bolling Fld., D. C., until 8 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Harry E. Roderick, 9 Sept., to Mitchel Fld., L. I., N. Y., until 8 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Leland M. Frederick, 9 Sept., to Ft. Sheridan, Ill., until 8 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Alexander S. Hall, 30 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 29 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert W. Sanders, 2 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 1 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Robert A. Gaw, prior orders revoked; 1 Sept., to Ft. Dix, N. J., until 31 Aug. 1941.

1st Lt. Edson A. Edson, prior orders revoked; 28 Aug., to Wash., D. C., until 25 Aug. 1941.

2nd Lt. Charles E. Juckes, prior orders revoked.

Following officers, 4 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex., until 3 Sept. 1941; 1st Lt. James D. Howder, 1st Lt. John L. Warren, and 2nd Lt. Jack G. Sherrard.

1st Lt. Carl G. Koellner, prior orders revoked.

Following 2nd Lts., 4 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex., until 3 Sept. 1941; John T. LeSueur, and Kirby N. Tracy.

Following officers, 2 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 1 Sept. 1941; Capt. Frank W. Dvorak, Capt. Harley S. Jones, 1st Lt. Dale M. Garvey, 2nd Lt. Louis E. Hinsey, 2nd Lt. Ronald A. Shumway, and 2nd Lt. Clarence E. Summers, Jr.

2nd Lt. George W. Alexander, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Harry C. Wood, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Lillard P. Miller, det. in AGD, 2 Sept.

1st Lt. Eugene C. Warden, Jr., prior orders revoked.

Following officers, 6 Sept., to Lawson Fld., Ga., until 5 Sept. 1941; 1st Lt. William W. Choppin, 1st Lt. Davis P. Falcon, 1st Lt. Orlie Price, 2nd Lt. Thomas S. Gill, Jr., 2nd Lt. Edgar A. Poe, and 2nd Lt. James A. Price.

1st Lt. Fred I. Schooler, Jr., 6 Sept., to Lawson Fld., Ga., until 5 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941; Capt. Oscar B. York, 1st Lt. Carl E. Rankin, and 2nd Lt. Benjamin A. Benton, Jr.

Capt. Frank A. Rogers, Jr., 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941.

2nd Lt. Charles P. Hood, 4 Sept., to Kelly Fld., Tex., until 3 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Lawrence R. Schumacher, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Henry Peck, 2 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941; 1st Lt. Raymond J. Higgins, 1st Lt. Dane F. Justice, 1st Lt. John H. Kelly, 1st Lt. John M. Niswander, 1st Lt. George G. Norman, 1st Lt. Richard L. Odenweller, 2nd Lt. Donald F. Langenderfer, 2nd Lt. Winford A. S. Nessel.

1st Lt. Carl E. Rankin, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941; 1st Lt. Alpheus D. Buckmaster, 1st Lt. George A. Kurtz, 1st Lt. Elmer G. Prohaska, 2nd Lt. Glenn J. McEniry.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941; Capt. William J. Thompson, Jr., Capt. Benjamin W. Yowell, 1st Lt. Lhatt A. McConnell, and 1st Lt. Charles L. Musgrave.

Following officers, 2 Sept., to Selfridge Fld., Mich., until 1 Sept. 1941; Capt. Egil H. Sylvander, 1st Lt. Albert M. Bourn, 1st Lt. Sanford W. Dee, 1st Lt. LeRoy Everett, 1st Lt. Donald K. Long, and 2nd Lt. Lewis W. Claus.

Capt. Walter W. Garth, from Wash., D. C., 30 Aug., to Baito, Md.

2nd Lt. Winston C. Sandvold, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Henry G. Ivey, Jr., prior orders revoked; from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Puerto Rican Dept., S. I. until 27 Aug. 1941.

Capt. Cornelius L. Bucknum, 2 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 1 Sept. 1941.

Capt. William L. Sapper, 5 Sept., to Wash., D. C., until 4 Sept. 1941.

Capt. Meredith M. Watson, 5 Sept., to Maxwell Fld., Ala., until 4 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. Joseph A. Carey, 14 Sept., to Chanute Fld., Ill., until 13 Sept. 1941.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941; Capt. Donald E. Cluxton, and 1st Lt. Joe Ice.

Following officers, 12 Sept., to Lowry Fld., Colo., until 11 Sept. 1941; Capt. Donald E. Cluxton, and 1st Lt. Joe Ice.

Capt. Charles E. Snyder, Jr., 2 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 1 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. John C. Geist, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Calvin B. Leek, 1 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 31 Aug. 1941.

2nd Lt. Harold H. Barnes, from Ft. Crockett, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., S. F. 19 Sept. 1940.

Capt. Charles E. Snyder, Jr., 2 Sept., to Ft. Monroe, Va., until 1 Sept. 1941.

1st Lt. John C. Geist, prior orders revoked.

Fourth Army Critique

(Continued from Page 1309)

are able to concentrate their fire most effectively.

"Supply and evacuation were generally good, but in supply and evacuation it is the knowledge of the method and system that is essential. I do not care how perfect your system is, it is going to fail unless, knowing the system and the principles upon which it is based, you can devise expedients. Troops should never take the field without a day's ration with every man, because in action it is impossible to supply every man every day. It has never been done and it was not done in the World War.

"Now to come to the main purposes of this critique. It is stated in the memorandum for the critique that its purpose is to answer, as far as possible, the following questions:

"1. To what extent and in what specific ways have the concentration and maneuver increased the efficiency of the participating units and individuals for field service?

"2. What obstacles to more effective training or operations were encountered? By what means may these be minimized or eliminated in similar future situations?

"In attempting to answer these questions we must consider two factors. The first is our admiration for the enlisted man. The second is the necessity for a frank, honest, candid estimate of our own deficiencies. I mean by 'our' the commissioned officer's deficiencies.

"The American soldier, the type of man that took part in these maneuvers, is an intelligent individual, a man who uses his head and who has self-confidence, self-reliance, and initiative. He needs only to be trained, to be told what to do and how to do it, and to be furnished with the tools to do it with. Properly armed, properly equipped, and properly trained and seasoned in the field, he is the peer of any soldier in the world.

"The task of seeing that he is properly trained is ours. The country is looking to its armed forces today and expects much of them. The responsibility of the commissioned officer is, therefore, a very heavy one.

"To prepare yourself properly to train and lead such men you must not only recognize this responsibility in its full import, but you must, by an honest, frank and intimate personal appraisal of yourself, your character, your ability, your physical fitness and your personal qualities, determine for yourself whether you are capable of meeting it successfully.

"You cannot afford to fail. The country looks to you for this leadership. There is intensive, hard work ahead for all of us. There must be no let-up or let-down. There is no place in the organization for the conceited man; no place for the physical defective; no place for a man who cannot control his desire for drink. There is work and study and more work and more study for every commissioned officer.

"The question of time must enter into all of our calculations. The ability to train, the ability to discipline, the ability to make efficiently trained, reliable units out of the material at hand within the time available rests entirely with you, and if you have any qualms about being able to do it, make way for others who have such confidence in themselves.

"We know there are difficulties ahead and we should be glad to look those difficulties in the face and answer the challenge to solve them. It is an opportunity that few men have.

"Keen interest, keen intelligent effort, enthusiasm, loyalty and willing response to whatever demand may be placed upon us will be expected of all of you.

"The National Guard and the Regular Army are now assured for the first time in many years of being properly and fully equipped and trained. All we need is an adequate opportunity and the facilities for field experience, field training with adequate organizations.

"It is an impossible task to develop fighting troops, whether Regular Army or National Guard, without adequate means. These means have not been fully available heretofore. Much of our work necessarily had to be academic. We can now

look forward to effective training of proper scope with the necessary facilities with which, with hard work, perseverance, initiative and wholehearted application, we can forge an Army.

"But let me repeat, we must devote ourselves continuously, seriously and conscientiously to the task, and if we do, we can look forward with confidence to the creation of effective, efficient, dependable combat units. It is not an easy task that confronts us and I repeat, it means the prompt weeding out of the inefficient, the physically unfit, the indolent, the unenthusiastic and unadaptable officer.

"Every officer of every grade must carry his full load without complaint and devote himself wholly and completely to his task, if he is to meet the heavy professional responsibility of training, caring for and leading the men that will make up his command.

"These maneuvers have been a great experience for me and I appreciate the opportunity to have been associated with you during this period. I thank you for your loyal support, for your willingness, your hard work, your acceptance of inconveniences and for the uncomplaining and devoted way you have met your responsibilities. You have done well and, I know, profited much.

"In closing I only ask this, that when you leave here to come back, as most of you will, you will do so with a clear understanding and a clear conception that you are coming back to work, to study, to train and to subject yourself to a period of concentrated effort for one purpose, to fit yourself properly for the leadership of your men."

OBITUARIES

Col. Harry F. Dalton, USA-(resigned), died at the Veterans' Hospital, Bay Pines, Fla., in June. He had been a resident of St. Petersburg for seven years.

Colonel Dalton, appointed as second lieutenant 9 July 1899, and assigned to the ninth Infantry, accompanied that regiment to the Philippine Islands where he participated in many battles during the Spanish-American war. For his gallantry in action, he was decorated.

Following his return to the United States in 1907 he served with the Sixth Infantry at Ft. Crook, Neb., and neighboring posts until 1910. He was in command of the expedition against the Ute Indians in South Dakota in the winter of 1907. He also had command of St. Michael in Alaska with the 10th Infantry in 1910, returning to the United States in 1911. Colonel Dalton was assigned as chief quartermaster and established a camp at Gettysburg, Pa., December, 1921, to August 1913, for reunion of Union and Confederate veterans commemorating the Battle of Gettysburg.

In 1914 Colonel Dalton was appointed a member and disbursing officer of the United States commission for relief of American citizens abroad and proceeded to England on the USS Tennessee. After his return from Europe he witnessed duty along the Mexican border and at different training posts. He went to France in 1918, serving with the 76th division.

After serving more than 20 years in the Army, Colonel Dalton resigned his commission 15 July 1929, and accepted an executive position with the American Car and Foundry company of New York.

His wife, Mrs. Florence Ware Dalton, and two sons, Alexander Smith Dalton and Franklin W. Dalton, survive him.

—o—

Mrs. Ruth Mathews Gullion, wife of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, Judge Advocate General of the Army, died 26 Aug. at her home, the Woodley Park Towers, Washington, D. C., after an illness of several months.

Mrs. Gullion was born in New Castle, Ky., and was educated at the Jessamine Institute there. She was president of the Lady Judge Advocates, a dinner club composed of wives of judge advocates.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Gullion leaves three sons, Edmund Gullion, vice consul at Salonika, Greece; Phillip Gullion of Washington and Allen W. Gullion, Jr., a cadet at West Point; two daughters, Mrs. Frederick Simpich, Jr., of Honolulu, and Mrs. Thomas Moorman, wife of Lieutenant Moorman, AC, of Randolph Field, Tex.; three grandchildren, two brothers and two sisters.

Funeral services were held at the Fort Myer Chapel, 29 Aug. Burial will take place today, 31 Aug., in New Castle.

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"But let me repeat, we must devote ourselves continuously, seriously and conscientiously to the task, and if we do, we can look forward with confidence to the creation of effective, efficient, dependable combat units. It is not an easy task that confronts us and I repeat, it means the prompt weeding out of the inefficient, the physically unfit, the indolent, the unenthusiastic and unadaptable officer.

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Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

BENNETT—Born at Newport, R. I., 26 Aug. 1940, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Claude H. Bennett, Jr., USN, a daughter.

BUCKINGHAM—Born at Washington, D. C., 28 July 1940, to Mr. and Mrs. David Randall Buckingham, a son, Thomas Randall; grandson of Dr. and Mrs. David Eastburn Buckingham and Mrs. Bion Barnett Bierer and the late Capt. Bierer, USN.

ELERTON—Born in Honolulu, T. H., 12 Aug. 1940, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. George C. Elerton, Jr., USN, a son.

GRAHAM—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 20 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Walter N. Graham, DC, USA, a daughter, Sandra Sue.

HARNLY—Born at Philadelphia, Pa., 23 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Harold Shepard Harnly, USN, a daughter, Ann; granddaughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Earl Enright, USN, and of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Harnly.

MACGREGOR—Born at Kapiolani Maternity Hospital, Honolulu, T. H., 13 Aug. 1940, to Lt. and Mrs. Edgar J. MacGregor, III, USN, a son, John Andrew.

NEIDLINGER—Born at Hartford General Hospital, Hartford, Conn., 13 Aug. 1940, to Dr. and Mrs. William Jameson Neidlinder, a daughter, Nancy; granddaughter of Lt. Comdr. Nelson W. Pickering (1908 USNA-Res.) and Mrs. Pickering of Ansonia, Conn.

PEPPER—Born at Philadelphia, Pa., 21 Aug. 1940, to Dr. and Mrs. Dickinson Sergeant Pepper, a daughter, Hester Lanning; granddaughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Harris Lanigan, USN-Res., and Dr. William Pepper.

TELFORD—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 23 Aug. 1940, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Sidney T. Telford, Inf., USA, a daughter, Mary Shelby.

Married

ALGER-ZOBEL—Married at Manila, P. I., 20 July 1940, Miss Consuelo Zobel to 1st Lt. James Dyce Alger, Cav., USA.

CLARK-COCHRANE—Married at U. S. Naval Academy Chapel, Annapolis, Md., 17 Aug. 1940, Miss Margaret F. Cochrane, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Cochrane, USN-Res., to Ens. Alto Benjamin Clark, USN.

DEWEY-MC CORMICK—Married in Glendale Presbyterian Church, Glendale, Calif., 22 Aug. 1940, Miss Mary Elizabeth McCormick, to Lt. John Sanford Dewey, USMC-Res.

FONVILLE-LELAND—Married at Manila, P. I., 12 July 1940, Mrs. Constance Leland to Capt. John H. Fonville, CAC, USA.

GRAVES-FEHLING—Married at Wee Kirk O' the Heather, Los Angeles, Calif., 13 Aug. 1940, Miss Mary Louise Fehling to Lt. George Allen Graves, USMC.

LANG-WHIPPLE—To be married at the Falls Episcopal Church, Falls Church, Va., 31 Aug. 1940, Miss Sarah Bailey Whipple, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Sherburne Whipple, AGD, USA, to 1st Lt. Cornelius DeWitt Wilcox Lang, FA, USA, son of Col. and Mrs. John W. Lang, Inf., USA.

MINTON-SNELL—Married at El Paso, Texas, 3 Aug. 1940, Miss Margaret Ruth Snell to Lt. Warren A. Minton, Cav., USA, son of Maj. and Mrs. Henry E. Minton, OD, USA.

SMITH-BIERCE—Married at Second Presbyterian Church, Norfolk, Va., 27 July 1940, Miss Betty Jane Bierce to Ens. John C. H. Smith, USN, son of Lt. and Mrs. John H. Smith, USN-Res.

SOMMERS-MCNALLY—Married in Warrenton, Va., 14 Aug. 1940, Miss Mary Agnes McNally, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. William McNally, USN-Res., to Mr. Thomas Anderson Sommers, Jr.

STRONG-LUMMUS—Married at Manila, P. I., 27 July 1940, Miss Dorothy Lummus, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Richard J. Marshall, OMC, USA, to Lt. W. D. Strong, AC-Res., USA.

TATE-WOOLER—Married at St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, Glenside, Pa., 17 Aug. 1940, Miss Mary Jane Wooley to Lt. (jg) Robert Varnell Tate, USN.

TURNER-MCHALE—Married at Omaha, Neb., 31 Aug. 1940, Miss Mary Lorraine McHale, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Larry McHale, FA, USA, to Mr. Allan Craig Turner, a brother of two sisters.

Died

ADKINS—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug.

1940, Sgt. Roy Adkins, AC, USA.

ANTHONY—Died at Rutland, Vt., 12 Aug. 1940, Mrs. D. J. Anthony, mother of Lt. Col. Robert C. Anthony, USMC.

BRYSON—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Pvt. Weldon Bryson, AC, USA.

BURT—Died in Waynesville, N. C., 24 Aug. 1940, Col. Charles C. Burt, USA-Res., husband of Mrs. Jane Burt.

CHAMPAGNE—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, 2nd Lt. Wilbur A. Champagne, AC, USA.

CLARK—Died 27 August 1940, in New Orleans, La., Lt. Comdr. John Hope Clark, USNR, father of Ensign William A. Clark, USN, and Ensign Robert J. Clark, USCG. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, 30 Aug., with full naval honors.

CLARKE—Died at Adams, N. Y., 22 Aug. 1940, Mrs. Veneta Stevens Clarke, aged 74 years, mother of Capt. Bruce C. Clarke, CE, USA.

DESSEZ—Died at Waterford, Conn., 29 Aug. 1940, Comdr. Paul Tonnel Dessez, USN-Res., father of Paul T. Dessez, Jr., brother of Louise and Charlotte Dessez, Mrs. Francis M. Furlong, and Mrs. Willis Thornton.

FORD—Died at Woodhaven, N. Y., 20 Aug. 1940, Mr. George W. Ford, brother of Mrs. William C. Miller, widow of Lt. Col. Miller, Inf., USA; uncle of Lt. Comdr. Robert R. Buck, USN.

FRASER—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Sgt. Truman Fraser, AC, USA.

GULLION—Died at Woodley Park Towers, Washington, D. C., 26 Aug. 1940, Mrs. Allen W. Gullion, wife of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, JAG, USA.

HADSELL—Died at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 25 Aug. 1940, Mrs. Sara Platt Hadsell, widow of Col. G. Arthur Hadsell, USA, mother of Mrs. Susan H. Fay, wife of Maj. Edward N. Fay, QMC, USA, and Capt. G. Arthur Hadsell, Jr., Inf., USA.

HAYDEN—Died at Pacific Grove, Calif., 20 Aug. 1940, Lt. Col. Ralph N. Hayden, USA-Res.

HOBBS—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Sgt. Clarence L. Hobbs, AC, USA.

HUTCHINSON—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Pvt. Cland Hutchinson, AC, USA.

KELLY—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Pvt. Charles Kelly, AC, USA.

MCDEARMAN—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, Sgt. William McDearman, AC, USA.

McNARNEY—Died at Webster City, Iowa, 2 July 1940, Col. Frank T. McNarney, USA-Res.

POORE—Died at Fitchburg, Mass., 27 Aug. 1940, Maj. Gen. Benjamin A. Poore, USA-Res., husband of Mrs. B. A. Poore, and father of Mrs. Mauborgne, wife of Maj. Gen. Joseph O. Mauborgne, Mrs. D. A. Robinson, wife of Col. Donald A. Robinson (Cav.), GSC, USA, and Mrs. C. L. Bolte, wife of Maj. Charles L. Bolte, Inf., USA.

ROBISON—Died at Frederick, Md., 27 Aug. 1940, Mrs. Mary Louise Clark Robison, wife of Capt. Samuel S. Robison, USN-Res., daughter of the late Rear Adm. Charles E. Clark, USN, sister of Mrs. Charles F. Hughes, widow of the late Rear Adm. Charles F. Hughes, USA.

SCHMIDTCHE—Died as result of airplane crash near Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., 23 Aug. 1940, 2nd Lt. Robert P. Schmidtc, AC, USA.

WEAVER—Died at Ft. Benning, Ga., 23 Aug. 1940, Capt. Wayne R. Weaver, MC, USA.

WETHERILL—Died at Washington, D. C., 26 Aug. 1940, Col. Richard Wetherill, Inf., USA, husband of Mrs. Richard Wetherill, and father of Capt. Richard Wetherill, Jr., Inf., USA, Lt. Roderick Wetherill, USA, Jerry Gordon Wetherill, Mrs. C. B. Dougher, and Mrs. H. H. Twitchell.

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The Defense Program

(Continued from First Page)

end field exercises to develop their efficiency. This Summer the Guard was given three instead of two weeks in the field with Regular Army troops. Now, under plans developed by General Marshall, the National Guard is preparing to enter a year's active duty in the field with the probability that its depleted organizations will be filled out with selective service trainees.

Aside from his vigorous prosecution of the expansion and training program, General Marshall has served the Army and the public well by his close relationship with the President and Secretary of War, whose confidences he has maintained. He has been in frequent consultation with the President on the Army's needs and on the best methods of building up our defenses rapidly. With Secretary Woodring and now with Secretary Stimson he has been on the best of relations, keeping them in closest touch with the military machine and its requirements. Likewise with Assistant Secretary Johnson and now with Assistant Secretary Patterson he has been in close touch in matters concerning the materiel needs of the Army.

Under his leadership as Chief of Staff, the Army Air Corps has embarked upon a program of construction and training greater than ever before anticipated. In light of the military lessons of the War, mechanization has been carried forward as rapidly as the supply of vehicles will permit. First move was the concentration of all Infantry tanks at Ft. Benning as a part of the GHQ reserve. Recently, in order that the entire field of mechanized fighting may be exploited as rapidly as possible, General Marshall turned all its phases, Infantry Tanks, Cavalry mechanized forces, and artillery mechanized units, over to Brig. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, with blanket authority to work out organizations, training methods, materiel development, etc.

In personnel matters General Marshall has steadfastly held to the principle that the Regular Army must not be expanded to a point where a return to normal peace time operations would be difficult. Enlisted strength, always far below requirements, has been increased, but the number of commissioned officers has been maintained in accordance with the program laid down some time ago. The promotion bill, backed by General Marshall was enacted in a modified form and is now in operation. However, to supplement this the Department has requested authority to make temporary advancements to provide the ranks necessary for the expanded training program. Before the extended field service for the National Guard and the training of draftees had been decided upon, General Marshall had made plans for quadrupling the output of the Command and General Staff School with a view to giving this training to every eligible officer in the Army. However, the advent of the new training program necessitated the temporary cancellation of these plans.

General Marshall's frank exposition of the need for increasing the pay of enlisted men contributed greatly toward the Senate's action in voting the pay increase into the Selective Service bill.

A mark of distinction on General Marshall's record as Chief of Staff has been the close contact he has maintained with the Army in the Field. Shortly after he became Chief of Staff, he brought all the Corps Areas and Army commanders to Washington for a "heart to heart" talk with the Secretary and himself. Subsequently, he made a number of flying trips into the Field, witnessing the joint exercises on the Pacific Coast, the exercises in Louisiana, and the recent exercises in the Third and Fourth Armies. He also made an inspection trip to Panama and Puerto Rico in connection with the construction and training programs there. He has thus not only made himself thoroughly familiar with the Army's progress and its needs, but he also has created a feeling throughout the service that their problems are his and that they can expect sympathetic understanding and appreciation from their military chieftain.

Likewise, the General has won and maintained the confidence of Congress,

the members of which have been highly impressed with his testimony and have expressed their belief in his ability to put the program over.

When he first came into office, General Marshall was a bit shy of the press, apparently fearing personal publicity, but he has since taken the newspaper men covering the Department into his confidence, and he has won theirs, with the result that his weekly conferences with the reporters are most instructive and are looked forward to by all the newsmen.

As he enters into his second year as Chief of Staff, General Marshall enjoys the confidence and respect of the American people and their representatives in Congress as well as that of the Army commissioned and enlisted personnel.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1314)

Maj. Charles S. Comeaux, Spec.-Res., 3 Sept., to N. Y. Ord. Dist., N. Y.

Capt. Harrison O. Parker, Ord.-Res., 8 Sept., to Picatinny Arsenal, N. J.

Maj. Cecil E. Watts, Ord.-Res., 9 Sept., to Picatinny Arsenal, N. J.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: Charles B. Thornton, and Alvin H. Zagor.

Capt. Vernon G. Gould, CE-Res., 2 Sept., to Ft. Belvoir, Va.

2nd Lt. Henry W. Beins, QM-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. Fred Moss, Jr., Air-Res., 8 Sept., to New York, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Rodney M. Gage, Ord.-Res., 8 Sept., to Hartford Ord. Dist., Mass.

Following officers, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: 1st Lt. John M. Purcell, Jr., 2nd Lt. Robert F. Ravington, 2nd Lt. George W. Ewell, Jr., 2nd Lt. Paul DeW. Fellows, 2nd Lt. James B. Lightburn, 2nd Lt. Harry L. Lovett, 2nd Lt. John C. McCue, Jr., 2nd Lt. Elmer C. Prichard, and 2nd Lt. Conway W. Welker.

Following officers, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: 1st Lt. Francis J. Grilley, 2nd Lt. Carl D. Becker, 2nd Lt. James McL. Clow, 2nd Lt. Daniel A. Jessup, 2nd Lt. Carstens Y. Haas, 2nd Lt. Samuel C. Re, and 2nd Lt. Frank H. Wishart.

1st Lt. John D. Hill, Jr., Air-Res., 8 Sept., to McClellan Fld., Calif.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: Leonard J. Behenna, Benjamin McT. Gaston, Ralph A. Haffner, Russell G. Hubler, and Earl H. Severs.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: Maurice Abrahams, Alexander Becker, Emmett W. Bowker, Joseph B. Crimmins, John J. Eagen, John B. Gaither, Noah Greenspan, George G. Haw, Saul M. Katz, Herman Mandell, Joseph J. Roberto, Irwin W. Smith, and Marcel M. Solay.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: Warren A. Pratt, John de S. Contine, Walter B. Rust, Frank X. Walsh, John T. McAllister, William P. Reuss, Nathan S. Beckley, Jr., Allen R. Kitelson.

2nd Lt. Sidney W. Fiedler, QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: Frederick K. Arst, Ernest W. Fischer.

Following 2nd Lts., QMC-Res., 8 Sept., to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.: William O. Antonz, and James R. Ryan.

PROMOTIONS OF RESERVES

Following officers, to rank indicated, 23 Aug.: 1st Lt. Hugh B. Disheroon, Med.-Res., to Capt., 2nd Lt. Leonard W. Hattox, CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 2nd Lt. Walter J. Douglas, Cav.-Res., to 1st Lt., Capt. John B. Medaris, Ord.-Res., to Maj., and 2nd Lt. John C. Ohaver, FA-Res., to 1st Lt.

Following officers, to rank indicated, 24 Aug.: Capt. George H. Baker, Spec.-Res., to Maj., 2nd Lt. Henry C. Chappell, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt., Capt. Daniel E. Gould, Spec.-Res., to Maj., Capt. Benjamin R. Howell, Spec.-Res., to Maj., Capt. Charles B. Marvin, Air-Res., to Maj., 2nd Lt. Leland I. Perry, FA-Res., to 1st Lt., Capt. Rufino R. Sedillo, Spec.-Res., to Maj., and Capt. John S. Swauger, Spec.-Res., to Maj.

2nd Lt. Churchill LaS. Scott, Jr., Air-Res., to 1st Lt., 31 Aug.

Following officers, to rank indicated, 26 Aug.: 2nd Lt. Woodrow L. Booth, CW-Res., to 1st Lt., Capt. Loren W. Potter, QM-Res., to Maj., and 1st Lt. Louis W. Schneider, Med.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. Samuel C. Mohler, Jr., CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 27 Aug.

Following reserve officers, to rank indicated, 29 Aug.: 2nd Lt. William E. Barkman, CA-Res., to 1st Lt., 1st Lt. Jack R. Karel, Med.-Res., to Capt., and 1st Lt. Frank A. Spear, Ch.-Res., to Capt.

Coast Guard Orders

Comdr. C. H. Abel, detached New London Base, effective 1 Sept. 1940, and assigned

Baltimore, Md., as Captain of the Port.

Lt. Comdr. J. W. Kellher, detached Taney and assigned San Francisco District as Assistant Captain of the Ports of San Francisco, San Pablo Bay, Carquinez Strait and Suisun Bay, Calif.

Lt. W. C. Capron, detached as Captain of the Port of Baltimore, Md., effective upon relief by Comdr. C. H. Abel, and reassigned Calypso as commanding officer.

Lt. (jg) P. E. Trimble, detached Cayuga, effective about 28 Aug. 1940 and assigned Boston District for attendance on a course in Finance and Business Administration at Harvard University, to register not later than 19 Sept. 1940.

Capt. J. F. Hottel, detached Fort Trumbull Training Station, effective about 1 Oct. 1940, and ordered to his home, St. Margarets, Md., to await retirement.

Lt. P. V. Colmar, detached New York District, effective about 17 Sept. 1940, and assigned Boston District for continuation of course in Communications Engineering at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Lt. E. K. Rhodes, detached Chicago District and assigned Headquarters for course in Cryptography, to report not later than 3 Sept. 1940.

Lt. (jg) D. O. Reed, detached Taney and assigned University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., for course in Law, to report not later than 28 Sept. 1940.

Lt. (jg) L. E. Brunner, detached Unalga and assigned Boston District for a course in Radio Engineering at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, to report not later than 25 Sept. 1940.

Chief Carpenter R. L. Blanchett, detached office of Eastern Inspector and assigned Headquarters, to report 3 Sept. 1940.

Boats. J. P. Hancock, detached Woodbury and assigned Tuckahoe as commanding officer.

Boats. J. J. Desmond, detached Headquarters, effective about 1 Sept. 1940 and assigned Woodbury.

One Year of War

(Continued from Page 1313)

to accomplish in weeks that which had been believed to be impossible, that is, the elimination of the Western Front which was based on the Maginot Line.

The collapse of France ushered in a new phrase of the war which has been termed the Battle of Britain. It now remains to be seen if aircraft unsupported by mechanized units on the land can be the decisive factor in the Battle of Britain. They have three well defined objectives.

First, to lower the morale of the British people to such an extent that a peace-at-any-price government will be substituted for the present Churchill government.

Second, to destroy sufficient armament plants, naval, air and land bases, to permit complete mastery of the air by Germany and eventual invasion by sea and air.

Third, to destroy sufficient British shipping to make it impossible for Great Britain to continue the war.

The major unit in accomplishing the above objectives consists of the bombers operating from the near-by bases in France, Belgium and Holland.

These bombers will be supported by land units for the protection of their bases, by fighters in the air and seacraft such as submarines, high speed motor boats and other light surface craft. These seacraft will engage in operations against all forms of British sea power, primarily, in the vicinity of the British Isles.

This phase of the Battle of Britain will test further the efficiency of the anti-aircraft and anti-torpedo defense of surface craft which constitute the modern fleets, such as the battleships, the battle cruiser, the aircraft carrier, the cruiser, anti-aircraft vessels, and the destroyer. Experience has shown that the designs must be improved. If an invasion by sea is attempted by Hitler, British sea power will move to the scene of operations and a real test of the effectiveness of bombing will result.

The use of machines on the land and in the air has resulted in a rapidity of movement unparalleled in history and remarkably few casualties when compared with the losses of previous wars covering the continent of Europe. The small number of casualties in the present European war recalls the fact that the relatively strong American Fleets at the Battles of Manila Bay and Santiago destroyed the Spanish Fleets and had a casualty list of one killed and one wounded at Santiago and six wounded at Manila Bay.

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Industry and Defense

The War Department announced yesterday the adoption of an agreement between the War and Navy Departments and the Wright Aircraft Company, for the construction of 20,000 Wright engines and 14,000 Curtiss propellers to meet the needs of both services for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942.

Secretary of the Navy, Knox announced this week that an agreement had been reached with United Aircraft Corporation with the full approval of the War Department under which the Bureau of Aeronautics would take over the purchase of approximately 17,000 Pratt and Whitney engines covering the entire joint requirements of both the Army and Navy for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942. The dollar value of this contract will amount to approximately \$100,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement the buildings required for expansion of United Aircraft's program will be provided by United Aircraft Corporation at its expense. The machine tools required to equip the buildings will be provided under separate contract by the Navy with Government funds and title to the tools will vest in the Government.

Large quantities of power to be available from the huge power facilities of the Bonneville and Grand Coulee Dams in the Pacific Northwest have been offered to the National Defense Advisory Commission.

In a conference at Washington with Defense Commissioner Edward J. Stettinius and Mr. Gano Dunn of the Commission, Under Secretary Alvin J. Wirtz of the Department of the Interior and Bonneville Administrator Paul J. Raver informed the Commission that the rapid completion of transmission and generating facilities will make large blocks of power available for defense industries any place in the region.

A plan of cooperation between the Government and private manufacturers for construction of new plants and additions necessary to speed up production of defense materials was announced today by the National Defense Advisory Commission.

This plan, prepared by the Commission and adopted after consultation with the War and Navy Departments and the Comptroller General, offers what might be described as a bankable contract, one which will permit contractors to finance the expanded facilities through use of their own funds or the granting of credit from private sources.

Navy Speed-Up

Calling attention to the effectiveness of the "speed-up" campaign, Secretary of the Navy Knox announced this week that 10 submarines, five building at the Electric Boat Company's plant and five at Navy Yards, are ahead of schedule, completion dates being advanced from 2 to 2½ months for the entire group.

The same is true of destroyers, he said, seven are due for completion from one to three months ahead of scheduled dates. The seaplane tenders Curtiss and Albemarle are three and 4½ months ahead of schedule, respectively.

In shore construction, Mr. Knox pointed out that the temporary buildings for the training stations are going ahead at a rapid pace. At Newport, R. I., which has a normal capacity of taking 200 recruits a week, the capacity will be increased to 200 a week on 1 Sept., and by 1 Dec. it will take 300 a week. At the Great Lakes Training Station, he said, the 240 a week capacity already has been stepped up to 300 and by 1 Nov. it will be able to take 300 a week, or double its former capacity. The Norfolk station which has a normal capacity of 300 a week will be able to accept 324 a week by Sept. and by the following month it will expand to 360 a week. The San Diego station has a present capacity of 1250 a month, which will be stepped up to 1700 a month by 1 Oct.

The construction of the following vessels is ahead of schedule as indicated:

Submarines

USS Thresher—Electric Boat Co., 8½ months.
USS Triton—Portsmouth Navy Yard, 4 months.

USS Trout—Portsmouth Navy Yard, 4 months.
USS Thuat—Mare Island Navy Yard, 2 months.
USS Mackeral—Electric Boat Co., 1½ months.
USS Gar—Electric Boat Co., 3 months.
USS Grampus—Electric Boat Co., 3½ months.
USS Grayback—Electric Boat Co., 4 months.
USS Grayling—Portsmouth Navy Yard 3 months.

USS Grenadier—Portsmouth Navy Yard, 4 months.

Destroyers

USS Madison—Boston Navy Yard, 2 months.
USS Charles F. Hughes—Puget Sound Navy Yard, ½ month.

USS Monsen—Puget Sound Navy Yard, 1 month.

USS Woolsey—Bath Iron Works, 1 month.
USS Ludlow—Bath Iron Works, 1 month.
USS Edison—Federal SB & DD Co., 3 months.

USS Ericsson—Federal SB & DD Co., 3 months.

Seaplane Tender

USS Curtiss—New York SB Corp., 3 months.
USS Albemarle, New York SB Corp., 4½ months.

Navy Eligible List

Provided the men concerned are in all respects qualified, commanding officers have been authorized to advance the first sixty men on the new eligible list to the rating of pharmacist's mate, first class. The remainder of the men on the list will be advanced as vacancies occur, and when authorized by the Bureau of Navigation.

Joseph D. Hilltop A. P. Hutchinson
Charley C. McKnight Robert F. Ward
Frank K. Shaw Garold S. Barnett
Ernest E. Ozburn Dave E. Wallace
George S. Lee Norton J. McCurdy
Louis E. Dorse Russell E. Greene
A. I. Erasmus Verrell M. Cook
Arthur T. McCarley Howard V. Bickford
Herman O. Sutton Wm. E. Joyce, Jr.
Robert Meerman Albert Bauer
Charles J. Angelo James C. Gilliam
Norman W. Pierce Jos. S. Anderson
Roland H. Wehl Charles T. Pearre
Austin T. Parker John W. McMichael
Harry E. Sommerer Ray Bohannan
William J. Kane John J. Sullivan
Guy A. Richard Glen V. Bell
Fred R. Wheeler Glen F. Slipsager
James O. Atkinson Frederick J. Lager
James E. Bryant King C. Braswell
Joseph E. Lyons Harwin M. Hosler
Mack C. Ashburn Otto J. Millsap
John E. Hauss D. V. Albertazzi
Thurman G. Johnson William D. Creech
James M. Small Morris E. Moon
Herbert W. Young Lloyd L. Cotheron
Raymond F. Price Clyde W. Little
Armel R. Sarver Eugene J. Bodogh
David A. McDaniel Charles G. Ernst
Billy R. Parker Lawrence W. Brooks

Activation of QM Units

The following units have been constituted on the active or inactive list, activated, or redesignated, with stations and strength, as indicated:

Initial Unit	Enlisted Strength	Permanent Station
3rd QM Co. (Trk) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Alaska
38th QM Co. (L Maint) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Alaska
257th QM Co. (Air Base) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Alaska
39th QM Co. (L Maint) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Hawaii
258th QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	116	Hawaii
259th QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	154	Hawaii
40th QM Co. (L Maint) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Panama
78th QM Serv. Co. (Re- desd.) .....	.....	Panama
260th QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	154	Panama
261st QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	154	Panama
20th Wing (less QM Sec., Hq. & Hq. Sq. (Inact. list): QM Sec., Hq. & Hq. Sq. (Act. list)	1	Puerto Rico
4th QM Co. (Trk) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Puerto Rico
5th QM Co. (Trk) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Puerto Rico
43rd QM Co. (L Maint) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Puerto Rico
262nd QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	141	Puerto Rico
19th QM Co. (Trk) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Philippines
30th QM Co. (L Maint) (Inact. list) .....	.....	Philippines
263rd QM Co. (Air Base) (Act. list)	51	Philippines

Naval Attaché to Ottawa

The Navy Department announced this week that Capt. Oliver M. Read, USN, has been ordered to duty as the Naval Attaché and the Naval Attaché for Air, at the American Legation, Ottawa, Canada.

Navy Command Shifts

Rear Adm. Charles S. Freeman, USN, relieved Rear Adm. Edward B. Fenner, USN, on 30 Aug. as commandant of the 13th Naval District and Puget Sound Navy Yard. Admiral Fenner will be transferred to the retired list on 1 Sept.

Quartermaster Reserve

There is a shortage of Quartermaster Corps Reserve Officers with Remount and Motor Transportation experience. The War Department desires to obtain qualified officers of company grade to meet this shortage by transfer from other branches.

All requests for transfer should be forwarded to the War Department.

Status of Promotion**ARMY PROMOTION STATUS**

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) Since 23 Aug. 1940

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Lindsay M. Silvester, Inf., No. 43. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—William M. Grimes, Cav., No. 44. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Herbert M. Pool, Inf., No. 45.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Leo J. Farrell, Inf., No. 1176. Senior Major—Walter S. Wood, Inf., No. 1177.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Charles G. Pearcey, AC, No. 1495. Senior Captain—Ernest T. Owen, FA, No. 1496.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Elvin F. Maughan, AC, No. 232.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Joe S. Lawrie, Inf., No. 332.

Non-Promotion list—1st Lt. William T. Lane, Medical Corps, promoted to Captain; 1st Lt. Homer C. McCullough, Medical Administrative Corps, promoted to Captain. Ch. Ralph W. Rogers (Major), United States Army, promoted to Lt. Colonel. Ch. Alvie L. McKnight (1st Lt.), United States Army, promoted to Captain.

Warrant Officers—45 on the eligible list to be Warrant Officers. Appointments have been made through Fay S. Hammers, 4 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders. Appointments have been made through Gregorie A. Diaz.

Warrant Officer Vardra M. Hallman, Jr., USA, will retire 31 Aug. 1940.

Warrant Officer Arthur Metz, USA, will retire 31 Aug. 1940.

Warrant Officer Thomas F. McGrath, USA, will retire 31 Aug. 1940.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Changes in junior officers:

Line

Rear Adm. Aubrey W. Fitch
Capt. John M. Creighton
Comdr. Arthur D. Ayrault
Lt. Comdr. Heywood L. Edwards
Lt. Charles E. Robertson
Lt. (jg) Roger N. Currier

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. Trevor W. Leutze
Capt. Samuel R. White, Jr.
Comdr. Robert F. Batchelder
Lt. Comdr. Bion B. Bierer, Jr.
Lt. Paul L. Weintraub
Lt. (jg) John Vinn
Ens. James S. Spore

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. Ralph Whitman
Capt. Ralph D. Spalding
Comdr. John C. Gebhard
Lt. Comdr. Robert H. Meade
Lt. Norman J. Drusstrup
Lt. (jg) Herbert J. Hartman
Ens. J. J. Cassidy, Jr.

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

Business and Industry are moving briskly in expectation of the go-ahead signal as a result of the prospect of the speedy passage of the bill to take excess profits out of war, and to grant special amortization allowances to defense manufacturers who must build plant extensions solely for armament purposes. The bill likewise suspends the profit limitations on naval and aircraft construction imposed by the Vinson-Trammell Act. As to the latter, however, such heavy taxes will be imposed that the men in the trenches can be assured that there will be no war millionaires at home fattening upon the armaments supplied to them. Relative to amortization, defense contractors will be allowed to pay out of taxable income twenty per cent per year of the cost of extensions. These concessions are limited to plants certified as built for defense. The House Ways and Means Committee estimated that the bill if enacted in the form in which it passed the House will produce \$300,000,000 the first year and \$700,000,000 in each of the subsequent four years. An effort will be made in the Senate to add an amendment to increase the middle brackets of individual income taxes, but Senator Harrison, Chairman of the Finance Committee, is confident the amendment will be rejected.

While the action of the House was greeted with satisfaction by Industry, it is displaying concern over the provision in the conscription bill passed by the Senate, which authorizes the Secretary of War or Navy to commandeer any plants and facilities they deem needed for National Defense. It is probable the House ultimately will accept this proposal, although it is being bitterly fought. It is claimed by Industry that legislation of this kind is a reflection upon its patriotism, and it is fearful the New Dealers in the Administration will employ the authority to place especially big firms under government control. The question now becomes a political one, Republican nominee Willkie having denounced plant-seizure as a move to "sovietize" all industry.

According to the August Survey of Current Business issued by the Department of Commerce, the first six months of 1940 lifted the earnings of industrial corporations sharply as a result of higher

domestic consumption, the continued upward trend of plant and equipment investment, and the stimulus afforded exports by the war. Reports of 400 companies show a rise of 59% above results for the first half of 1939. There was a slight decline of profits for the second quarter from the first quarter, which was accentuated by the increased provision for taxes. The excellent showing of corporations failed, however, to affect stock prices, and extreme dullness continues to characterize the exchanges. Doubtless affecting security values will be the notice served by the Administration that any spiraling of prices, any hidden deterioration of the quality, or any substantial shortages in the supplies of civilian commodities, will result in governmental prosecution. While this notice was addressed to retailers, it is known that the Administration is watching also the heavy goods market, and such producers unnecessarily increasing prices will find, at the least, official statements issued by the President denouncing their conduct.

Merchant Marine

A new class of future officers of the American merchant marine will be selected on the basis of applications submitted to the Maritime Commission before 15 Oct. 1940.

The applications are for the position of cadet in either the engine or deck departments. Young men who satisfy all the mental and physical tests are placed on an eligible list from which they are appointed to American merchant vessels engaged in foreign trade as vacancies occur.

Under Commission regulations all cadets on government subsidized or government owned ships are selected by the Commission. Cooperative arrangements with private shipowners receiving no subsidy have made that field also available for these cadets.

Out of 375 young men who passed the last cadet examination more than 200 have been assigned to positions on merchant vessels, following appointment to cadetship and after a short period of training at a Maritime Commission shore receiving station.

The cadet training program is entirely a civilian program which is administered

by the Maritime Commission's Division of Training.

During training cadets will learn the duties of the engine or deck departments in preparation for their careers. They are also required to complete study courses while on the vessels, such as engineering, navigation, physics, communications, mathematics, first aid and ship hygiene. Minimum pay for cadets is \$50 a month in addition to food and quarters. They will be quartered with the licensed officers and will mess with the junior licensed officers.

After completing three to four years service as cadets, the men may take examinations of the United States Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation to secure a Third Mate or Third Assistant Engineer's license. Upon obtaining this license, they will lose their status as cadets and will become eligible for assignment as cadet officers, unless able to secure employment as Third Mate or Third Assistant Engineer. Cadets and cadet officers will not be used to displace required members of the crew. During the first three months, they may learn how to clean and polish, but thereafter this work will be reduced to a minimum. After six months, they will not be required to perform this type of work.

Applicants for cadetships must be between 18 and 25 on 1 July 1940 and must be unmarried American citizens who can produce evidence of good moral character. A strict physical examination is given to all cadets as well as the scholastic tests.

USNA Age Limits

A subcommittee of the House Naval Affairs Committee has recommended to the full committee that the minimum entrance age to the United States Naval Academy be raised from 16 to 17 and that the maximum age be increased from 20 to 21. The subcommittee, composed of Representatives Sutphin, of N. J., Maas, of Minn., and Cole, of N. Y., came to this decision following a hearing held on Wednesday, 28 Aug.

Rear Adm. Chester W. Nimitz, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation and Rear Admiral Wilson Brown, Commandant of the Academy, opposed the raising of the upper age limit but did not object to the raising of the minimum age.

Defense Training

President Roosevelt this week asked Congress to appropriate \$53,000,000 for the training of youth in special and technical work connected with the defense program. Fifteen million dollars has already been appropriated for this work, but it is estimated that this will be expended by November 1940. The \$33,000,000 would carry the program through the fiscal year 1941.

In transmitting the estimate, the Budget letter stated:

"Thirty-six million dollars is recommended to provide for continuation for the full fiscal year 1941 of the program of vocational training in courses essential to defense industries for which \$15,000,000 was appropriated in the Deficiency Appropriation Act, approved 11 June 1940, and which will be fully expended by about 1 November, 1940.

"Eight million dollars is recommended for equipment to provide for the establishment of vocational training facilities adjacent to defense industries located in areas not serviced by fully established vocational schools.

"Nine million dollars is recommended for cost of courses in engineering colleges to provide expanded training facilities for meeting a shortage of specially trained workers, such as, designers, material inspectors, production supervisors, stress analysts, engineering draftsmen, naval and marine engineers, and others specialized in fields essential to the national defense.

"It is contemplated that regulations under which these appropriations would be administered will provide for full coordination with all aspects of the defense program."

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